## HANDBOOK OF

### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

### FOR AMMUNITION

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10 Mar 59

(Name of Officer)

HERALD H. LAMBERT

Security (Silver Orgn.)

Ballistic Research Laboratories)

VOLUME !

20-1-95 to 75-1-310 mel.

JULY 1950

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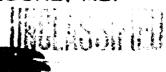
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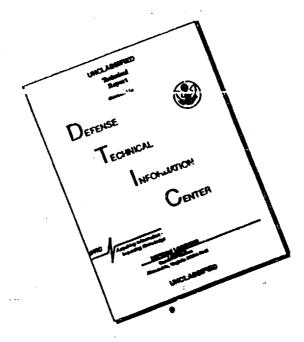
BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORIES

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD.

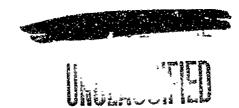
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BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORIES HANDBOOK OF ENGINEERING DATA

### Preface

For a number of years, the Ballistic Research Laboratories of Aberdeen Proving Ground have been making measurements of the characteristics of projectiles, propelling charges, etc. While these data are available in various Ballistic Research Laboratories reports, there is no single document which contains a concise tabulation of all the available information concerning the respective articles which have been subject to measurement. It was pointed out by Colonel H. H. Zornig that the utility of the information would be considerably enhanced if all acquired data were collected in a single document. Following Colonel Zornig's suggestion, the preparation of a handbook of such engineering data as are available at the Ballistic Research Laboratories has been initiated.

The first numbers written by Mr. H. P. Hitchcook deal with projectiles. Later additional series pertaining to propelling charges, gums, etc., will be prepared.

The number of an item in the handbook consists of three parts. The first part indicates the caliber, e.g., 6 in. or 155mm; the second indicates whether the item is a projectile, a propelling charge, or a gun; 1 denoting a projectile, 2, a propelling charge, and 3, a gum. The third part indicates the model (Arabic) or mark number (Roman numerals). Thus 155-1-III refers to the 155mm projectile MK III while 3-1-42 refers to the 3" shell M42.

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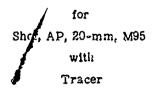
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Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 20-1-95 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Provins Ground, Maryland. 15 February 1949

### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA



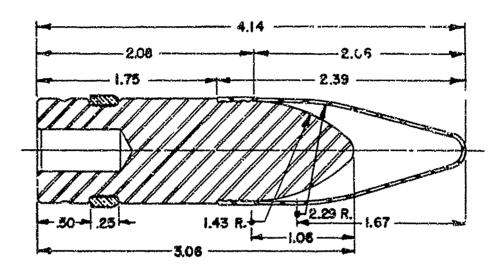
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### SECTION I GENERAL

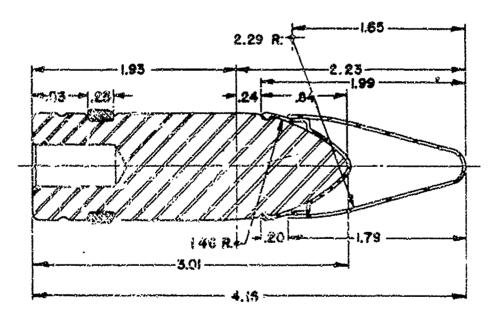
																																Paragraph
Purpose -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	~	•	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 20-war 'arror pleasing Shot 195, which contains a tracer composition. Some data are also given for the expense and A-mer-pleasing Shot 1924 with Tracer, which is slightly different from the M95 (T9E5). This information is conjected from the drawings, reports, and technical manuals pertaining to this ammunition.

### **ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS**



SHOT, AP, 20-MM, M95



SURT, AP, 20-MM, T9E4

### SECTION II DESCRIPTION

·		Paragraph
Drawings	~ - ~ - ~	- 2 - 3 - 4
2. Drawings.		
Shot, AP, M95: Metal parts assembly Metal parts details Shot, AP, T9E4: Assembly and details	75-2-333 75-2-341 TAM 130	
3. Dimensions. All dimensions below are in calibers.		
AP Shot:	<u>M95</u>	T9E4
Band: Distance from base Width	0.50 0.25	0.53 0.25
Body: Length of cytindrical part Length of ogival art Cullide length of ogival part Radius of ogival arc Total length	1.75 1.06 0.00 1.43 3.06	1.93 1,08 0.24 1.46 3,01
Windshield assembly: Length of windshield Outside length of adapter Length of assembly Length of ogival part Radius of acc	2.39 1.67 2.29	1.79 0.20 1.99 1.65 2.29
Shot: Total longth  Bearing length  Effective ogival height	4.14 2.03 2.08	4.18 1.93 2.23

4. Physical characteristics. The standard weight of the AP Shot M95 with tracer is 2000 grains. The measured physical characteristics of the M95 Shot without tracer and the T9E4 Shot with tracer are as follows:

AP Shot		M95	T9E4
and of the contract of the con		w/o tr	with tr
Welgiit	lb	1967	2000
Base to center of gravity	cal	1,488	1.474
Axial moment of inertia	er.in2	148.8	154.5
Transverse moment of inertia	gr.in <sup>2</sup>	ବ୍ୟ ପ୍ର	957

### SECTION III

### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

	Paragraph
Theoretical yaw in bore	5
5. Theoretical yaw in bore. For the	AP Shot M95:
Minimum Maximum	18 min 22 min

### SECTION IV

### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																													Paragraph
Aerodynamic data																													
Firing table data-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	,	_	_	-	7

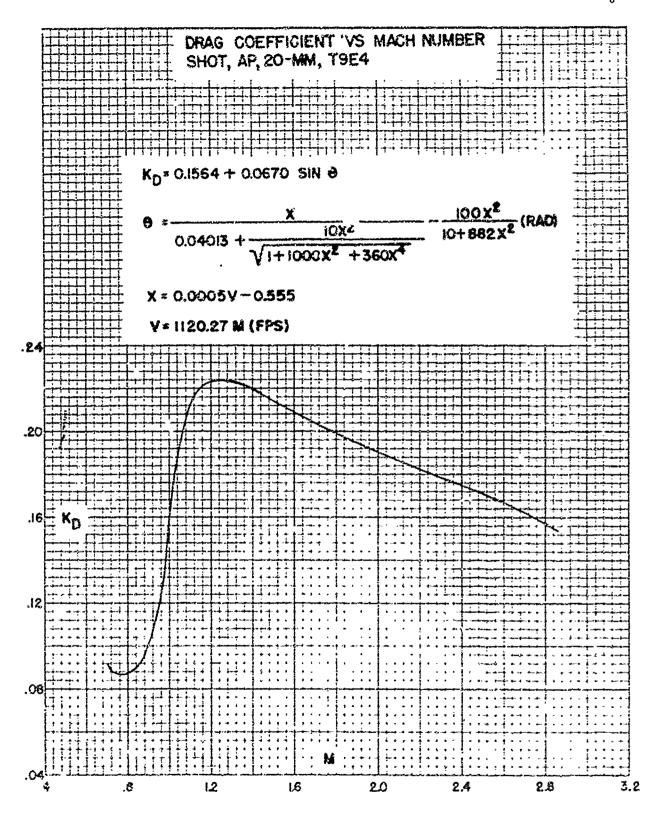
### 5. Aerodynamic data.

a. Drag. The drag coefficient plotted on page 5 was determined from resistance firings of the AP Shot T9E4 with Tracer at Mach numbers from 0.75 to 2.75. The data listed below were determined from time-of-flight firings of the AP Shot M95 with and without Tracer.

AP Shot M95	With tr	w/otr
Velocity (fps) Form factor (Projectile Type 5) is	3000 1.12	3000 1,15
Ballistic coefficient (Projectile Type 5) C <sub>5</sub>	.413	.401
Drag coefficient KD	.149	.153

b. Stability. A letter from the director of the Ballistic Research Laboratories to the Chief of Ordnance (APG 472.5/317-1821) gives data on the stability of the AP Shot M95 without Tracer. BRL Report No. 15, "Aerodynamics of 20-n.m Projectiles", gives data on the stability of the AP Shot T9E4 with Tracer.

AP Shot	M35 w/o tr	T9E4 with tr
Velocity (fps)	2700	2750
Moment coefficient K	1.68	1.47
Twist of rifling 1/n	1/25.586	1/25.586
Stability factor s	2.28	2.78

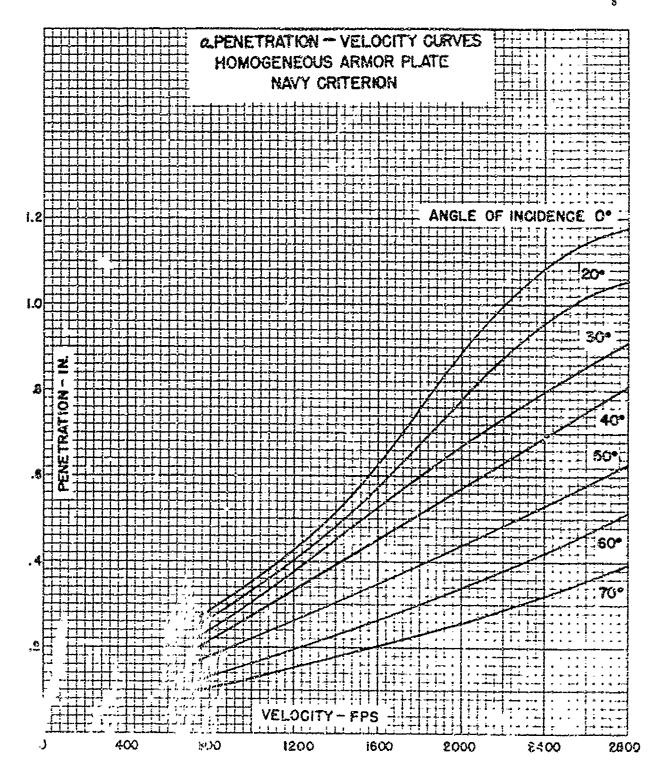


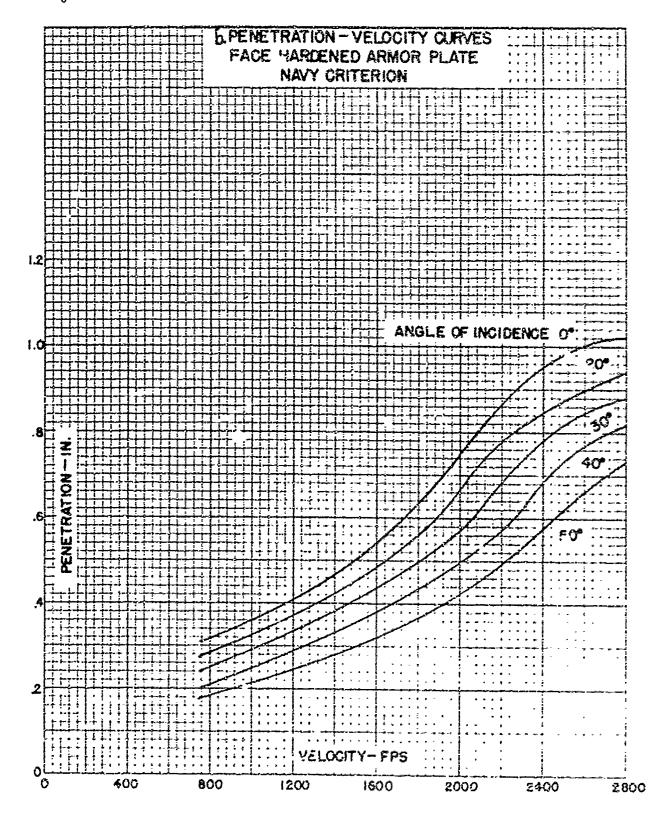
7. Firing table data. No firing tables have been prepared for the AP Shot M95. FT 20AC-J-1, IT 20AC-K-1, FT 20AC-L-1 and FT 20AC-M-1 for 20-mm Automatic Guns M2 and M3 firing HE Shell T23 and HEI Shell M97 give data that are approximately correct for the AP Shot M95 (See C., 20-1-97). OCM items 28550 and 28908 recommended and approved standardization of the AP Shot M95. Its standard instrumental velocity is 2780 fps at 90 feet from the M2 Gun.

### SECTION V EFFECT DATA

																													Paragrap	t
Penetration	-	-	-	~	-	-	~	~	-	-	••	-	-	-	-	-	_	•	-	 -	_	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	8	

**3.** Penetration. The following graphs, showing the penetration of armor plate by the 20-mm AP Shot M95, were taken from Volume III of "Terminal Ballistic Data".





Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 20-1-96 Bailistic Research Lao. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 15 February 1949

### BALLETIC AND EXGENEERING DATA

for

Shell, Incendiary, 20-mm, M98

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### SECTION I GENERAL,

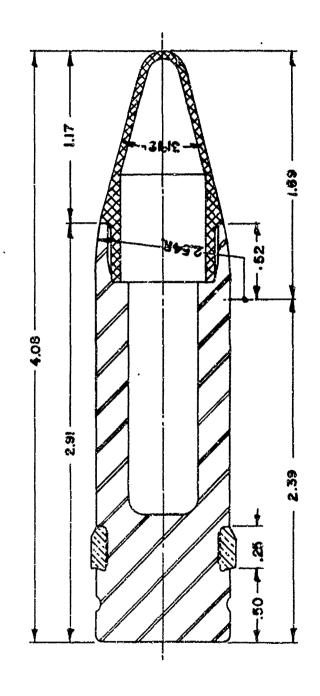
Purpose - - - - - - - - - - 1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics and ballistics of the 20-mm incendiary Shell MPT. This information is collected from the drawings and reports pertaining to this ammunition.

### SECTION II DESCRIPTION

																			Paragraph
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Physical characteristics	-	-	-	 	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2. Drawings.																			
Shell: Motal parts assembly												*	6.	2	-33	34			
Details												7	75.	-2	.3:	2			

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL \* 0.787"



SHELL, INCENDIARY, 20-MM, M96

3. Dir	nensions.		
Band:	Distance from base Width		0.50 cal 0.25 cal
B∞ly:	Length Length of cylindrical Length of ogival part Radius of rival arc		2.91 cal 2.39 cal 0.52 cal 2.54 cal
Nose:	Length Conical angle		1.17 cal 31°12'
Shell:	Total length Head length		4.08 cal 1.69 cal
4. Ph	ysical characteristics.	•	
Weigh	t: Standard Measured		1920 grains 1993 grains
Axial:	to center of gravity moment of inertia verse moment of inert	iia	1.553 cal 155.5 gr.in <sup>2</sup> 1305 gr.in <sup>2</sup>
		SECTION III	
		INTERIOR BALLISTIC DAT	<b>FA</b>
Theoretical y	aw in bore		<u>Paragraph</u> 5
5. The	eoretical yaw in bore.		
	Minimum Maximum	8 min 13 min	
		SECTION IV	
		EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DA	TA .
		•	Paragraph
	data		6 7

### 6. Aerodynamic data.

a. Drag. The following values were determined from time-of-flight firings.

Velocity	2800 fps
Projectile weight	1920 gr
Form factor (Projectile Type 5) i <sub>5</sub>	1.16
Ballistic coefficient (Projectile Type 5) Cg	.383
Drag coefficient K <sub>D</sub>	.156

b. Stability. BRL Report No. 515, "Aerodynamics of 20-mm Projectiles", gives data on the stability of Incendiary Shell M96.

Velocity		2750 fps
Moment coefficient	K <sub>M</sub>	1.09
Twist of rifling	1/n	1/25.586
Stability factor	s	2.80

7. Firing table data. No firing tables have been prepared for the Incendiary Shell M96. FT 20AC-J-1, FT 20AC-K-1, FT 20AC-L-1 and FT 20AC-M-1 for 20-mm Automatic Guns M2 and M3 firing HE Shell T23 and HEI Shell M97 give data that are approximately correct for the Incendiary Shell M96 (see OH 20-1-97). OCM items 26550 and 26906 recommended and approved standardization of the Incendiary Shell M96. Its standard instrumental velocity is 2810 fps at 90 feet from the M2 Gun.

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 20-1-97

Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 15 February 1949

### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HEI, 20-mm, M97

with

Fuze, PD, M75

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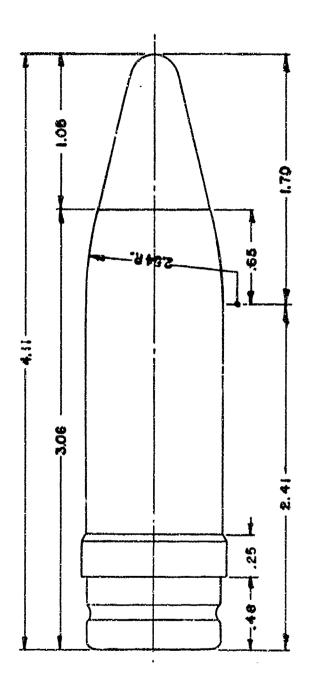
### SECTION I GENERAL

Paragraph

1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbock is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 20-mm High Explosive Incendiary Shell M97 with the Point Detonating Fuze M75. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, firing tables, and technical manuals pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL. = 0.787\*



SHELL, HEI, 20-MM, M97 FUZE, PD, M75

### SECTION II DESCRIPTION

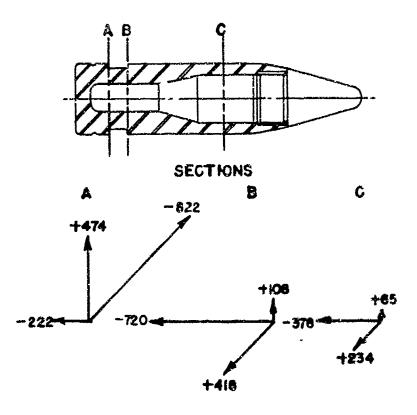
			Paragraph
Drawings Dimensions - Physical char			2 3 4
2. Dr	awings.		
	Metal parts assembly and details Assembly Details	75-2-335 73-1-193 73-1-194	
3. Dâ	mensions.		
Band:	Distance from base Width	0.48 cal 0.25 cal	
Body:	Length of cylindrical part Length of ogival part Radius of ogival arc	2.41 cal 0.65 cal 2.54 cal	
Fuze:	Outside length Conical angle	1.05 cal 30°24'	
Lengt	h: Shell Shell and fuze Ogive and fuze	3.06 cal 4.11 cal 1.70 cal	

### 4. Physical characteristics.

a. The physical characteristics of the HE Shell T23 with the PD Fuze T71E4, of which the present projectile is a slight modification, are as follows:

Weight	2000 grains
Base to center of gravity	1.643 cal
Axial moment of inertia	165.6 gr.in <sup>2</sup>
Transverse moment of inertia	1442 gr.in <sup>2</sup>

b. The standard weight of the HEI Shell M97 with the PD Fuze M75 was changed by OCM item 26550 to 2039 grains.



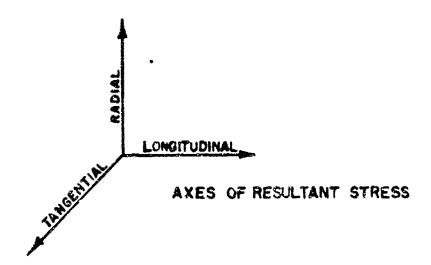


DIAGRAM OF RESULTANT STRESSES

### SECTION L

#### INTERIOR BALLISTIC I TA

																									Paragraph
Stresses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-					-	-	-	•	-	5
Theoretical yaw in bore -	•	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	*	-	-	-	•	6

5. Stresses. The following table and the graphical representation on page 4 show the longitudinal, radial and tangential stress at each of three sections: (4) the rear corner of the band seat, (B) the front of the band seat, and (C) immediately behind the bourrelet.

Gun, Automatic, 20-mm	M2
Twist of rifling	1/25.586
Cross-sectional area of bore	0,5148 sq in.
Rated maximum pressure	48,000 psi
Total weight of projectile	0.2913 lb (2039 gr)
Muzzle velocity	2800 fps
Density of filler (Incend tetryl)	0.0505 lb per :u in.

Resultant Stress*	Section										
100 psi	A	₿	<u>c</u>								
Longitudinal	-222	-720	-378								
Radial	+474	+108	+ 65								
Tangential	-822	+418	+234								

 <sup>+</sup> denotes tension, - denotes compression.

6. Theoretical yaw in bore.

	Minimum	8 min
4	Maximum	13 min

### SECTION IV

### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

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Aerodynamic data				- 7
Firing table data:	Automatic Gun M2			~ 8
Firing table data:	Automatic Guns M	<ol><li>M23 and M24</li></ol>	4	_ 0

7. Aerodynamic data. The following data, taken from Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 515, "Aerodynamics of 20-mm Projectiles", pertain to the HE Shell T23 (Dwg TAM 371) with the PD Fuze T71E4 (Dwg TAM 601):

Velocity	u	2800 fps
Weight	m	2000 gr
Form factor (Projectile Type 5)	<sup>1</sup> 5	1.74
Ballistic coefficient (Projectile Type 5)	c <sub>5</sub>	0.404
Drag coefficient	K <sub>D</sub>	0.155
Cross Wind Force coefficient	K <sub>I.</sub>	1.27
Normal Force coefficient	ĸ <sub>N</sub>	1.43
Base to Center of Pressure	ħ	2.40 cal
Overturning Moment coefficient	K <sub>M</sub>	1.09
Ratio of ccefficients	K <sub>L</sub> /K <sub>M</sub>	1.17
Drift function	$K_{L}/K_{M}$ $Q = K_{L}/K_{M}u^{2}$	1.49 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>
Yawing Moment coefficient	к <sub>н</sub>	1.56
Magnus Moment coefficient	κŢ	-9.005
Twist of rifling (7° angle)	1/n	1/25.588
Stability factor	S	2.85

- 8. Firing table data. Automatic Gun M2 (67.52-inch Tube). FT 20AC-J-1, FT 20AC-K-1 with supplement and FT 20AC-L-1. Twist of rifling: 1/25.586 (7° angle). OCM items 26550 and 26906 recommended and approved standardization of the HEI Shell M97 with the PD Fuze M75. Its standard instrumental velocity is 2780 fps at 90 fest from the M2 Gun. The firing tables were computed for a projectile weight of 2000 grains, which is that of the HE Shell T23 with the PD Fuze T71EA, and a muzzle velocity of 2750 fps.
- a. Form factor. The form factor of the 2000-grain HE Shell relative to the 20-mm AP Shot T9E4, whose dwag coefficient is given in BRLH 20-1-95, is i = 0.905.
- **b.** Ballistic coefficient. The ballistic coefficient with respect to the drag function of the 20-mm AP Shot T9E4 is C = 0.510.

s<sub>s</sub> = 2.85 c. Stability factor (normal)  $c' = 0.001,548,8 \text{ ft}^{-1}$ d. Damping coefficients.  $e'' = 0.000,027,8 \text{ ft}^{-1}$ b = 86,600 mil. fpse. Windage jump coefficient. i. Yaw-drag coefficient.

 $K_{D\delta} = 18.4 \text{ rad}^{-2}$ 

- g. Trajectory data.
  - (1) FT 20AC-J-1 gives trajectory data for:
    - (a) Present range, nearly horizontal flight, and gun flexible in elevation.
    - (b) Present range, inclined flight, and gun fixed at low elevation.
  - (2) FT 20AC-K-1 and its supplement give trajectory data for future range, horizontal flight, and all-around fire.
  - (3) FT 20AC-L-1 gives trajectory data for future range, horizontal and diving flight, and forward
- 9. Firing table data. Automatic Guns M3, M23 and M24 (52.50-inch Tube T31).

FT 20AC-K-2. Twist of rifling: 1/25.586 (7° angle). The firing table was computed for a projectile weight of 2000 grains, which is that of the HE Shell T23 with the PD Fuze T71E4, and a muzzle velocity of 2680 fps.

a. Form factor (relative to AP Shot T9E	4) i = 0.905
b. Ballistic coefficient (drag function of	AP Shot T9E4) C = 0.510
c. Stability factor (normal)	s <sub>s</sub> = 2,85
d. Damping coefficients.	c' = 0.001,548,8 n <sup>-1</sup> c" = 0.000,099,2 n <sup>-1</sup>
e. Windage jump coefficient.	b = 104,311 mil. fps
f. Yaw-drag coefficient.	$K_{D_0} = 16.4 \text{ rad}^{-2}$

g. Trajectory data. FT 20AC-K-2 gives trajectory data for future range, horizontal flight and all-around fire.

### SECTION V EFFECT DATA

																														Paragraph
Fragmentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10

10. Fragmentation. The following table, taken from Volume III of "Terminal Ballistic Data", gives the casualties due to fragmentation of the HEI Shell M97. The initial fragment velocity is 1960 fps.

TABLE 37 CASUALTIES

Distance	Total number	Average number of	For the effective	lightest e fragment
from burst (ft)	of effective fragments	effective frag- ments per sq ft	Weight (oz)	Velocity (fps)
r	N	В	m	V.
10	30	0,0239	0.024	1570
20	21	0.0042	0.033	1340
30	15	0.0013	0.042	. 1190
40	11	0.0005	0.050	1090
50	10	0.0003	0.057	1020
60	8	0.0002	0.063	<b>972</b>
70	8	0.0001	980.0	929
80	7	0.0001	0.075	891

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 37-1-51 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 17 February 1949

### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shot, APC, 37-mm, M51

with

### Self-destroying Tracer

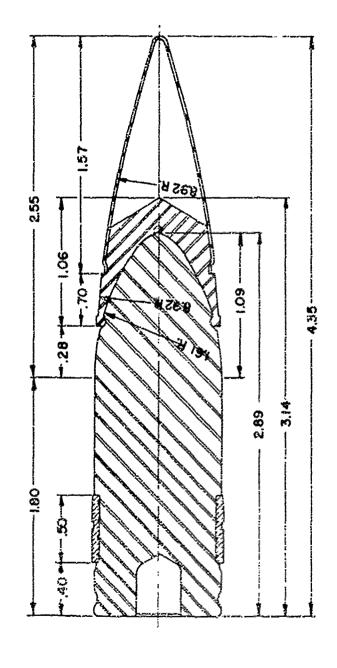
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### SECTION I GENERAL

																													Paragraph
Purpose -	-	••		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	u	-	-	-	-	^	•	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 37-mm Armor-piercing Capped Shot M51, which contains a self-destroying tracer composition. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, firing tables, and technical manuals pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL \* 1.457\*



SHOT, APC, 37-MM, M51

### SECTION II DESCRIPTION

	<u>Paragraph</u>
Drawing	3
2. Drawing.	
Shot: Metal parts assembly and details	75-2-276
3. Dimensions.	
Bana: Distance from base Width	0.40 ca! 0.50 cai
Cylindrical part of body: Length	1.30 cal
Ogival part of body: Length Outside length Radius of arc	1.09 cal 0.28 cal 1.51 cal
Cap: Length Cutside length Radius of arc	1.08 cal 0.70 cal 8.92 cal
Windshield: Length Radius of arc	1.57 cal 8.92 cal
Length: Shot body Shot body and cap Total shot Total ogive	2.89 csl 3.14 csl 4.35 csl 2.55 csl

4. Physical characteristics. These data apply to the shot with unburned tracer composition.

Mean welght (standard)	1.92 lb
Base to center of gravity	1.463 cal _
Axial moment of inertia	1.463 cal 0.4813 lb.in <sup>2</sup>
Transverse moment of inertia	3.388 lb.lm <sup>2</sup>

### SECTION III INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

Theoretical yaw in bore		Paragraph 5
5. Theoretical yaw in bore.		
Minimum Maximum	13 min 22 min	

### SECTION IV

### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																												Paragraph
Aerodynamic data	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	6
Firing table data -	-		_			_	_	_		_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_		_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	7

- 6. Aerodynamic data.
- a. Drag. These data were obtained from time-of-flight firings.

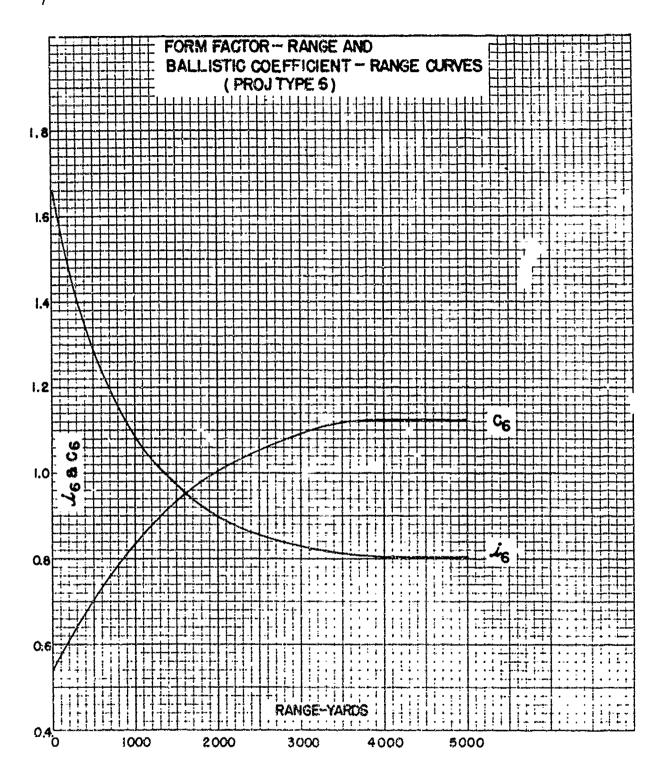
Muzzle velocity	2900 i						
Drag function	G <sub>6</sub>						
Ballistic coefficient	0.984						
Form factor	0.92						
Drag coefficient, K <sub>D</sub>	0.101						

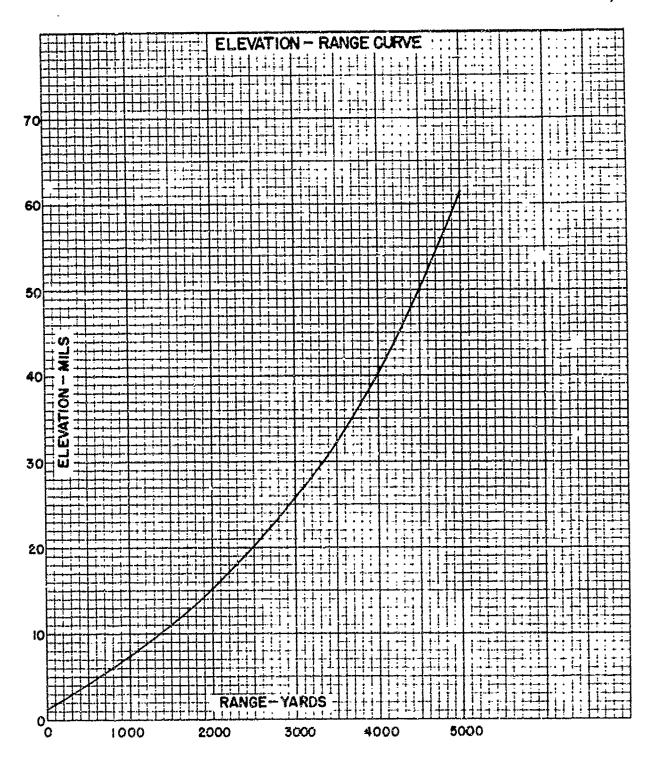
b. Stability. Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 225, "Stability of 37-mm HE Shell M63, AP Shot M51, and Proof Projectile M52", gives the stability factors which were determined for this projectile at muzzle velocities of 2740 fps and 1350 fps. It was fired from the Sub-caliber Tube M1925 whose twist of rifling is 1/40. The Tank Gun Mt is rifled with a twist of 1/25.

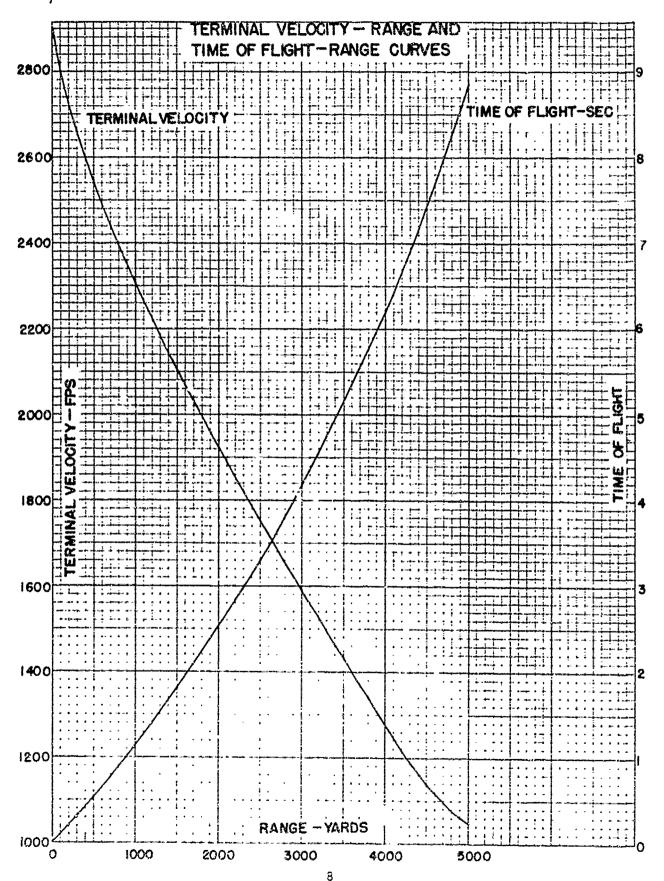
MV ips	Twist of Rifling	Stability Factor	Moment Coef.  K M
1350 2740 Avg	1/40 1/40 1/40 1/25	1.23 1.18 1.205 3.1	1.35 (computed from the moments of inertia of shot with unburnt tracer composition and the observed stability factor)

### 7. Firing table data. FT 37-S-3.

Gun, 37-mm, M6 (mounted in Light Tanks M3A3 and M5A1, by applying suitable corrections to the elevation, the firing table may be used for Light Tanks M3A1 and M5 and the Light Armored Car M8). Twist of Rifling: 1/25. Muzzle Velocity: 2900 fps. Projectile weight: 1.92 lb. OCM items 14801 and 14859 recommended and approved standardization of the AP Shot M51. Item 17699 changed its designation to APC Shot M51.







### SECTION V EFFECT DATA

																														Para	graph
Penetration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		8

### b. Penetration.

a. Ballistic Limits. Homogeneous armor plate.

	Plate	Ball	Number			
Thickness	Brinnell	Obliquity	Li		in	
inches	Harness	geg	Туре	ſps	Average	
	1201 11000		1,700	,,,,	254 CX GEC	
1.00	291	0	Army	1257	3	
,	286	20	,	1345	1	
	289	30		1396	2	
	371	ō		1034	4	
	374	20		1160	5	
	364	30		1518		
	402	0		986	2 2 3 2	
	402	20		1141	3	
	402	30		1463	2	
1.125	306	0		1410	2	
1.18	277	o		1383	11	
1.25	248	o l		1453	1	
	273	Ó		1388	9 .	
	307	0		1333	4	
1,50	233	0		1590	13	
	269	0		1614	53	
	320	0		1.639	8	
	360	0		1572	2	
	360	20		1724	2	
1.75	273	Э		1775	1	
1	274	20		1744	5	
2,00	242	0		1860	2	
	242	20		2036	2	
	274	0		2005	14	
	269	20		2082	1	
	317	0		1990	8	
	325	20		2182	4	
2.50	324	0		2308	2	
0.625	363	0	Navy	1231	1	
0.875	392	Ö	.()	1943	2	
	417	ŏ		1921	2	
1.00		29		1544	1	
		46.33		1986	i	
1.50	276	2		1563	25	
	318	Ó		1645	7	
1.75		Ō		1682	i	
2.00		Ģ		1748	7	
1	L	L	L			

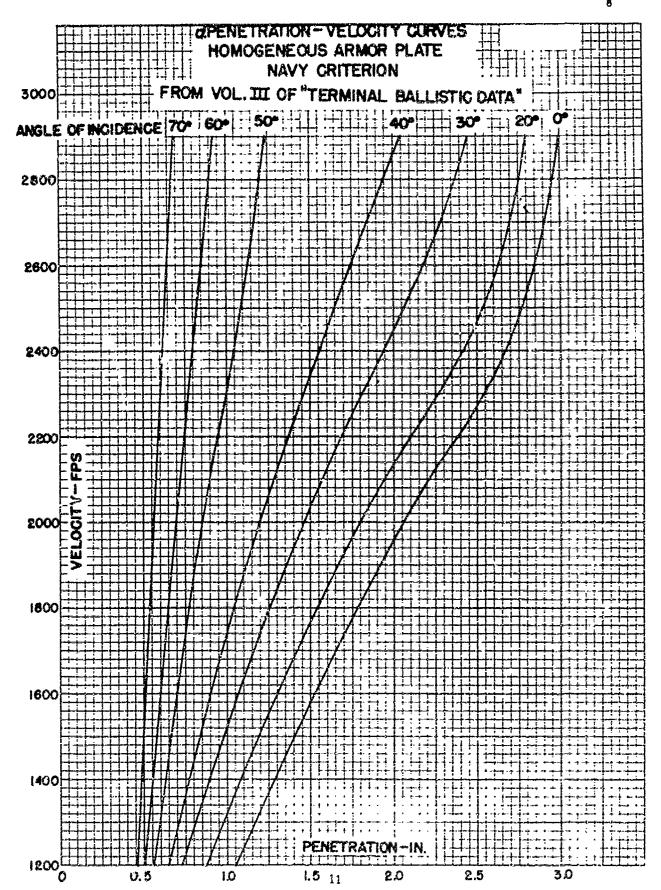
### b. Ballistic Limits. Face-hardened armor plate.

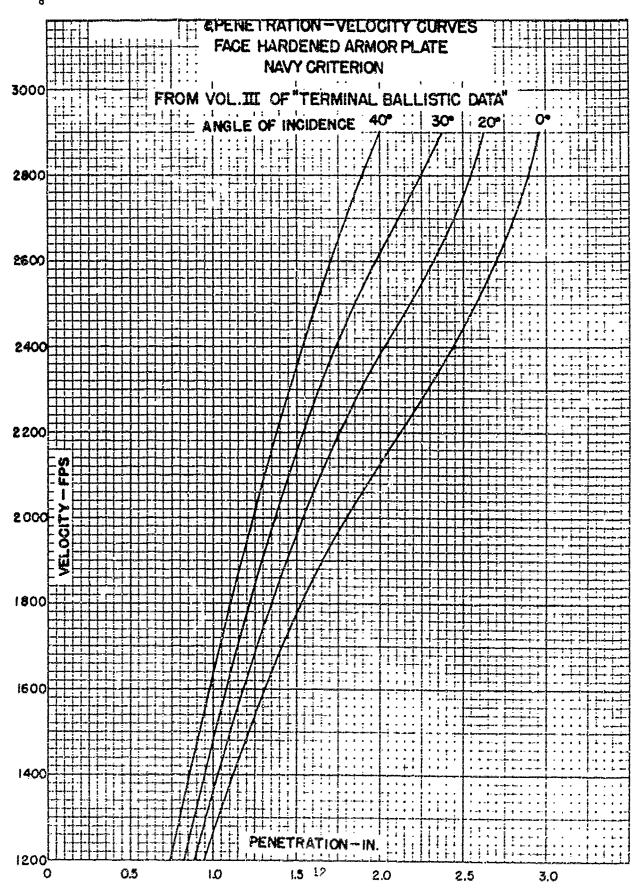
Ď	Balli	Number						
Thickness	Thickness Obliquity		Limit					
inches	deg	Туре	fps	Average				
	_							
0.75	0	Army	1449	14				
	25		1038	4				
1.00	0		1023	11				
	20		1148	4				
	30		1298	7				
	40		1539	6				
1.50	0		1656	30				
	20		2011	12				
0.50	0	Navy	1003	3				
0.625	0	ľ	1460	1				
1.00	0		1384	8				
	20		1298	5				
	29		1490	1				
,	30		1394	5				
	40		1549	3				
	46.43		1831	1				
1.50	0		1871	11				
	20		1991	14				
	30		2057	8				

c. Vulnerability of German tanks. The following data on vulnerability of German tanks (Panzerkampfwagen) to APC Shot M51, fired from the 37-mm Tank Gun M6 at a muzzle velocity of 2900 fps, were taken from TM 9-1907, "Ballistic Data, Performance of Ammunition".

Maximum Vulnerable Range - Yards

Maximum Vuinerable Range - Yards									
Tank Mod	I	Π		17					
Attack	Angle - deg	0	25	Q	25	0			
Frontal	Turret Sides Turret Front	2590 1200	950	2590 1170	950	110			
Fiank	Turret Rear Turret Sides Turret Front Upper Hull Sides Lower Hull Sides	2970 -2590 1200 3200 3200	1500 9°0  1730 1730	2970 2590 1170 3200 3200	1340 950  1730 1730	110 110  110 870			
Rear	Turret Rear Turret Sides Turret Front Upper Hull Rear Lower Hull Rear	2970 2590 1200 1460 1580	1500 950	2970 1170 1170 3800 3800	1340 950  3940 3940	110 110  10 10			





Bailistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Bailistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 37-1-54 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 18 February 1949

#### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HE, 37-mm, M54

with

Shell-destroying Tracer

and

Fuze, PD, M56

Section		Paragraphs
I	General	1
11	Description	2 - 4
Ш	Interior ballistic data	5 - 6
IV	Exterior ballistic data	7 - 10
v	Effect data	11

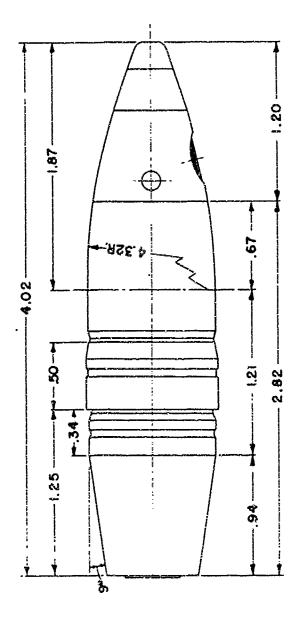
# SECTION I GENERAL

																																	Paragraph
Purpose	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	•	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	,	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballictics and effects of the 37-mm High Explosive Shell M54 with Shell-destroying Tracer and the Point Detonating Fuze M56. This information is collected from the drawings, reports and firing tables pertaining to this ammunition.

:

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL # 1.457"

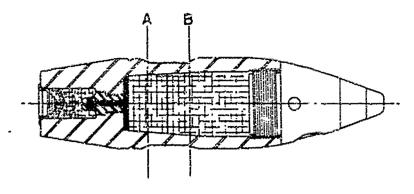


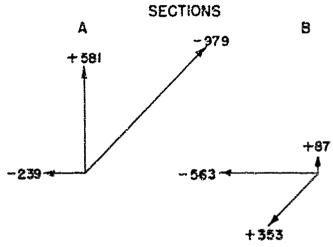
SHELL, HE, 37-MM, M54 FUZE, PQ, M56

# SECTION II DESCRIPTION

Drawings	
Shell: Metal parts assembly and details Loading assembly and details	75-2-279 75-14-225
Fuze: Assembly Details	73-2-158 73-2-159, 160, 161
3. Dimensions.	
Boattail: Angle Length	9°00' 0.94 cal
Band: Distance from boattail Distance from base Width	0.34 cal 1.25 cal 0.50 cal
Cylindrical body: Length	1.21 cal
Cgive: Length Radius of arc	0.67 cal 4.32 cal
Fuze: Outside length	1.20 cal
Length: Shell Shell and fuze Ogive and fuze	2.82 cal 4.02 cal 1.87 cal
4. Physical characteristics.	
Mean weight (standard) Base to center of gravity Axial moment of inertia* Transverse moment of inertia*	1.34 ib 1.536 cal 2.3724 lb.in <sup>2</sup> 2.470 lb.in <sup>2</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>Measured with the HE Shell T12 and aluminum Dummy Fuze T30. The HE Shell M54 is a slight modification of the HE Shell T12. The PD Fuze M58 has the same contour as the Dummy Fuze T3D except for a screw with a flat head about 0.6 inch in diameter that is countersunk in the M56 Fuze.





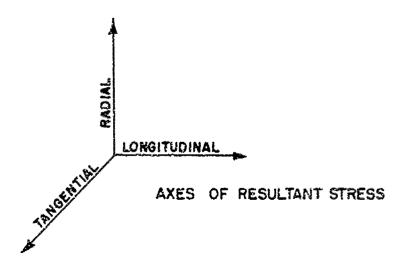


DIAGRAM OF RESULTANT STRESSES

# SECTION III

### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																								Paragraph
Stresses	 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Theoretical yaw in bore -	 -	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	٠	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	•	_	•	-	~	-	-	6

5. Stresses. The following table and the graphical representation on page 4 show the longitudinal, radial and tangential stress at each of two sections. (A) the rear corner of the band seat and (B) the front of the band seat.

Gun, Automatic (antiaircraft), 37-mm M1A2
Twist of rifling 1/30
Cross-sectional area of bore 1.722 sq in.
R ed maximum pressure 30,000 psi
Total weight of projectile 1.34 ib
Muzzle velocity 2500 fps
Density of filler (tetryl) 0.0488 ib per cu in.

Resultant Stress*	Se	ection					
i00 pei	Å	3					
Longitudinal	-239	-563					
Redial	÷581	÷ 87					
Tangential	-279	+353					

<sup>\* +</sup> denotes tension, - denotes compression.

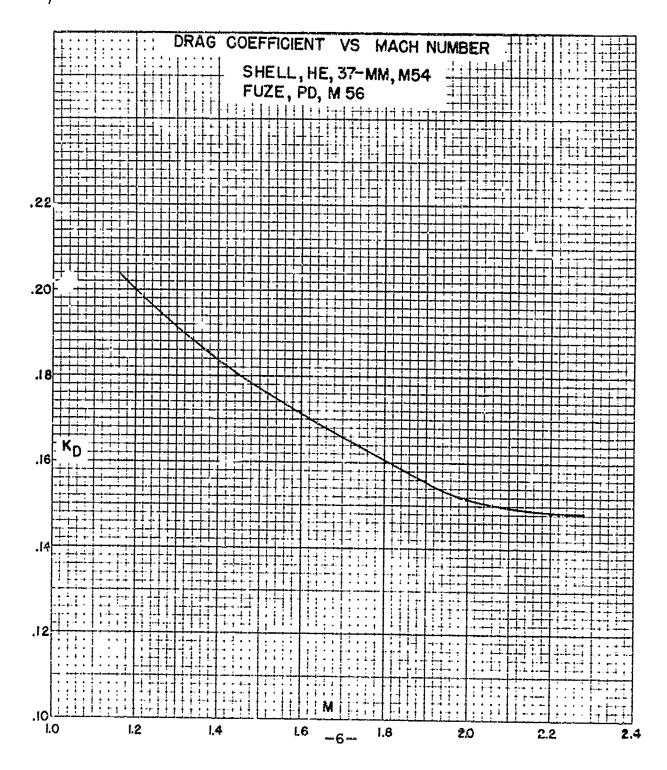
6. Theoretical yaw in bore.

Minimum	Ê	mir.
Maximum	18	m,in

## SECTION IV

## EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																				Paragrap
Aerodynamic data				_			-	-	_	-		_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	7
Firing tacle data:	Automatic	Jun Ml 43	2 -	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>		-	-	a	-	13	ş
Firing table data:	Automatic	Suns M4:	and	M	۱٥-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	ਤੌ
Firing istile data	Aptomatic	Gun Mid		~		-	_	_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	• •



7. Aerodynamic data. The drag coefficient plotted on page 6 and the aerodynamic data tabulated below were taken from Ballistic Research Laboratory Reports No. 354 and 357, "Aerodynamics of 37-mm HE Shell M54" and "Damping of Calibers 0.30 and 0.50 Bullets and 37-mm HE Shell". The time of flight, drift, and yaw firings were conducted with the HE Shell M54 and the PD Fuze M56 without the detenator.

Velocity	u	2000 fp	os
Drag coefficient	$\kappa_{ m D}$	0.161	
Cross Wind Force coefficient	$\kappa_{ t L}$	0.98	
Normal Force coefficient	$\kappa_{\mathbf{N}}$	1.14	
Base to Center of Pressure	h	3.20 ca	al
Overturning Moment coefficient	к <sub>м</sub>	1.89	
Ratio of coefficients	$K_{L}/K_{M}$	0.518	
Drift function	$K_{L}/K_{M}$ $Q = K_{L}/K_{M}u^{2}$	13.0 x	10 <sup>-8</sup>
Yawing Moment coefficient	$\kappa_{ m H}^{}$	3,16	
Magnus Moment coefficient	ĸ <sub>J</sub>	-0.19	
Twist of Rifling	1/n	1/30	1/25
Stability factor	ន	1.66	2.39

#### 8. Firing table data. Automatic Gun M1A2. (Antiaircraft)

FT 37AA-N-2. Twist of rifling: 1/30. Muzzle velocity: 2500 fps (the standard muzzle velocity for a new gun is 2600 fps). DCM items 15811 and 15866 recommended and approved standardization of the HE Shell M54 and PD Fuze M56 in the Automatic Gun M1A2.

a.	Form factor (Proj Type 5).	i <sub>5</sub> = 0.92
b.	Ballistic coefficient (Proj Type 5).	C <sub>5</sub> = 0.69

c. Trajectory data. Trajectory and time curves for a muzzle velocity of 2500 fps are given on the trajectory chart, which is appended to the firing tables.

Maximu.	norizontal range	8875 yd
Maximum	ordinate	6200 yd

DRLH 37-1-54 9-10

9. Firing table data. Automatic Guns M4 and M10 (Aircraft).

FT 37AC-AO-1 and FT 37AC-AX-1. Twist of rifling: 1/25. Muzzle velocity: 2000 fps. The M10 Gun is a modification of the M4 Gun, with a disintegrating belt feed. OCM items 15811 and 15866 recommended and approved standardzation of the HE Shell M54 and PD Fuze M56 in the Automatic Gun M4.

- a. Form factor. The form factor of the HE Shell M54 with PD Fuze M56 relative to its cwn drag function is i = 1.00.
- b. Ballistic coefficient. The ballistic coefficient of this 1.34-lb projectile relative to its own drag function is C = 0.631. The drag coefficient curve is shown on page 6. The 'drag function' to which FT 37AC-AO-1 refers is G/0.631: the ballistic coefficient relative to this function is 1.30.

c. Stability factor (normal).	s <sub>s</sub> = 2.39
d. Damping coefficients.	c' = 0.001,72 ft <sup>-1</sup> c" = 0.000,066 ft <sup>-1</sup>
e. Windage jump coefficient.	b = 38,000 mil. fps
f. Yaw-drag coefficient.	$K_{\mathcal{O}\delta} = 16.4 \text{ rad}^{-2}$

- g. Trajectory data. FT 37AC-A0-1 gives time of flight and vertical and lateral deflections for all-around fire from a gun mounted in aircraft in horizontal flight. FT 37AC-AX-1 gives similar data for limited five from a gun mounted in aircraft in horizontal flight, with corrections for a dive angle of 800 mile.
  - Firing table data. Automatic Gur. M9 (Aircraft).
- [ 37AC-BF-1 and FT 37AC-BL-1. Twist of rifling: 1/30. Muzzle velocity: 2550 fps (the stan-... i muzzle velocity for a new gun is 2500 fps). OCM items 15811 and 15866 recommended and approved standardization of the HE Shell M54 and PD Fuze M56 in aircraft guns.
- a. Form factor. The form factor of the HE Shell M54 with PD Fuze M56 relative to its own drag function is i = 1.90.
- b. Ballistic coefficient. The ballistic coefficient of this 1.34-lb projectile relative  $\omega$  its own drag function is C = 0.631. The drag coefficient curve is shown on page 6. The 'drag function' to which FT 37AC-BF-1 refers is G/0.631: the ballistic coefficient relative  $\omega$  this function is 1.30.

c. Stability factor (normal).  $s_s = 1.66$ d. Damping coefficients.  $c^t = 0.001,72 \text{ ft}^{-1}$   $c' = 0.000,066 \text{ ft}^{-1}$ e. Windage jump coefficient. b = 40,375 mil. fpsf. Yaw-drag coefficient.  $K_{DA} = 16.4 \text{ rad}^{-2}$ 

g. Trajectory data. FT 37AC-BF-1 gives time of flight and vertical and lateral deflections for all-around fire from a gun mounted in aircraft in horizontal flight. FT 37AC-BL-1 gives time of flight, gun elevation, and lateral deflection for forward fire from a gun mounted in aircraft in horizontal flight.

## SECTION V EFFECT DATA

																														P	aragra	ph
Fragmentation	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	11	

11. Fragmentation. Firing Record P36686 gives the results of a fragmentation test of three HE Shell M54 with a modified PD Fuze M56, conducted at Aberdeen Proving Ground. Two semi-circular panels 6 feet high were made of pine boards with a nominal thickness of 1 inch: panel A had a radius of 10 feet; panel B, 20 feet. Each shell was suspended at the common center of the circular arcs in a plane bisecting the panels with its axis horizontal and directed toward the edges of the panels. The shell were detonated statically. The velocity of some of the fragments was measured at a distance of 10 feet. The number of perforations and penetrations in each board were counted. The following table gives the velocity in each spray and the number of perforations and penetrations in each panel.

Round	۷e	locity -	fps		Perfor	ations	p	enetrat	ions
No.	Side	Nose	Tail	Ā	В	Total	Ā	B	Tctal
1	3160	1460		21	11	32	157	63	220
2	2520		1900	41	12	53	161	119	310
3		730	1330	30	16	46	93	108	201

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 37-1-59 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21 February 1949

#### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shot, APC, 37-mm, M59

with

Self-destroying Tracer

Section		Paragraphs
I.	General	1
п	Description	2 - 4
Ш	Interior ballistic data	5
IA	Exterior ballistic data	6 - 8
V	Effect data	8

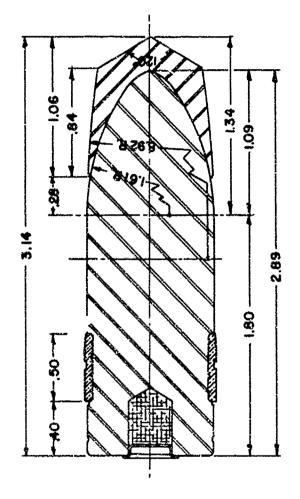
# SECTION I GENERAL

																																	Paragraph
Purpose	-	÷	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 37-mm Armor-piercing Capped Shot M59, which contains a self-destroying trace-composition. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, firing tables, and technical manuals pertaining to this ammunition.

**)** 

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS 1 CAL \* 1.457"



SHOT, APC, 37-MM, M59

EFECTATION.

## SECTION II

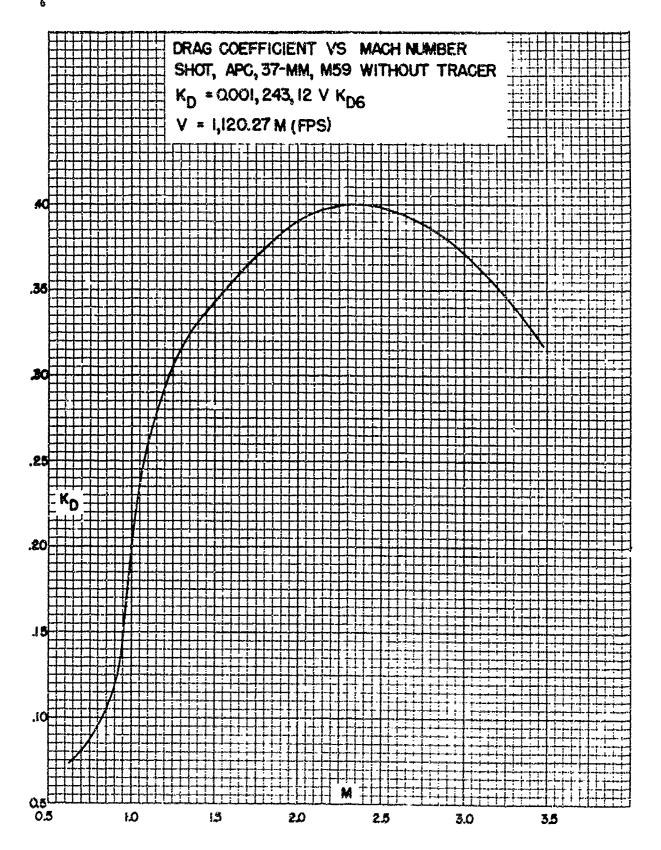
#### DESCRIPTION

Drawing	Paragraph 2 3 4
2. Drawing.	
Shot: Metal parts assembly and detail	75-2-289
3. Dimensions.	
Band: Distance from base Width	0.40 cal 0.50 cal
Cylindrical part of body: Length	1.80 cal
Ogival part of body: Length Outside length Radius of arc	1.09 cal 0.28 cal 1.61 cal
Cap: Length Length of ogival part Radius of arc Vertical angle	1.06 cal 0.84 cal 8.92 cal 120°
Length: Shot body Total ogive Total projectile	2.69 cal 1.34 cal 3.14 cal
4. Physical characteristics.	
Weight (standard) Base to center of gravity Axial moment of inertia Transverse moment of inertia	1.91 lb 1.450 cal 0.4685 lb.in <sup>2</sup> 3.J15 lb.in <sup>2</sup>

#### SECTION III

### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

Theoretical yaw in bore	<u>Paragraph</u> 5
5. Theoretical yaw in bore.	
Minimum Maximum	13 min 22 min



# SECTION IV EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

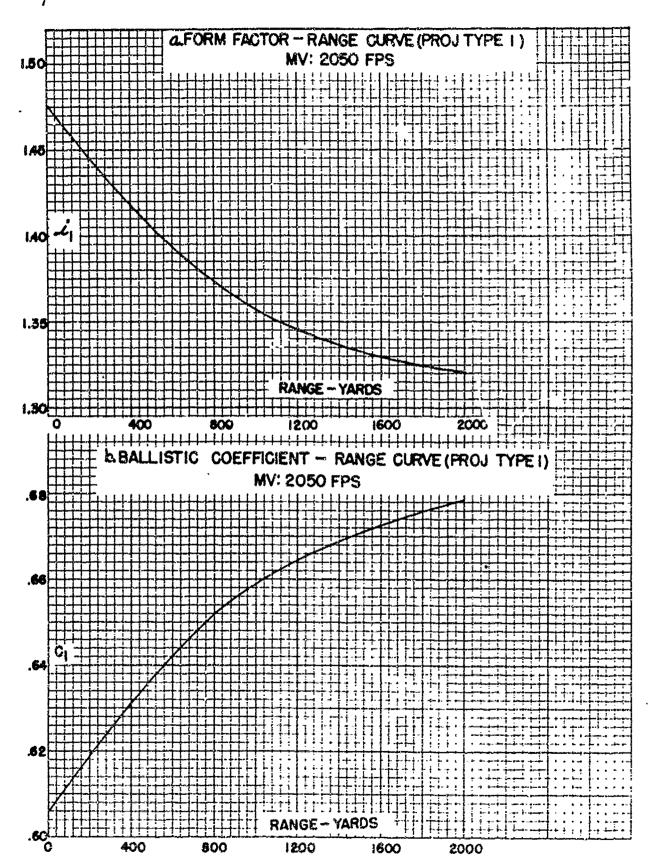
																Paragraph
Aerodynamic data																
Firing table data:	Automatic G	un, Ml	A2 -	-	~	 	_		-		-	 	-	_		7
Firing table data:	Automatic G	un M9		-	-			- ~	٠	-	_	 	-	_	-	8

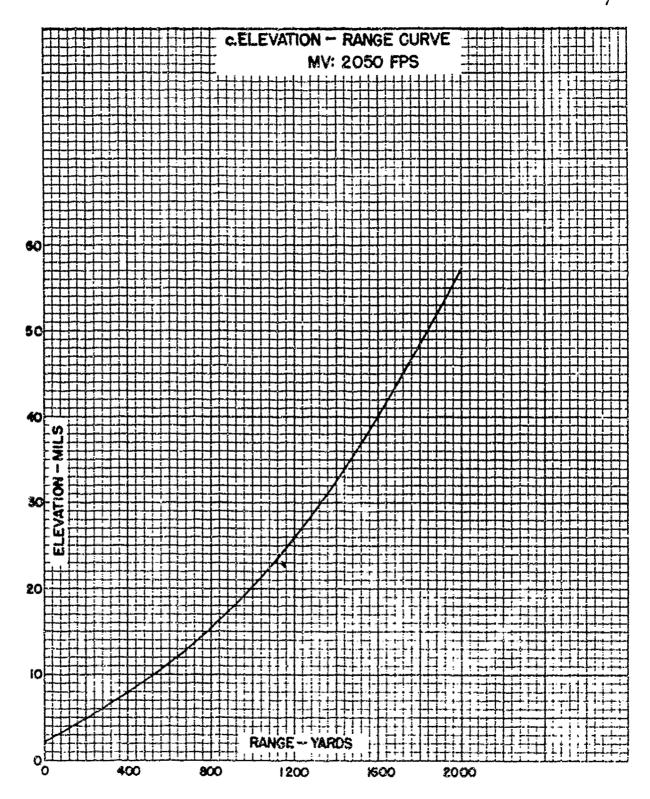
6. Aerodynamic data. The drag coefficient plotted on page 4 was determined from resistance firings of the APC Shot M59 without tracer at Mach numbers from 1.1 to 2.25. The other data listed below were taken from Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 438, "Yaw and Drift of 37-mm Armor-piercing Shots", and pertain to M59 Shot with tracer.

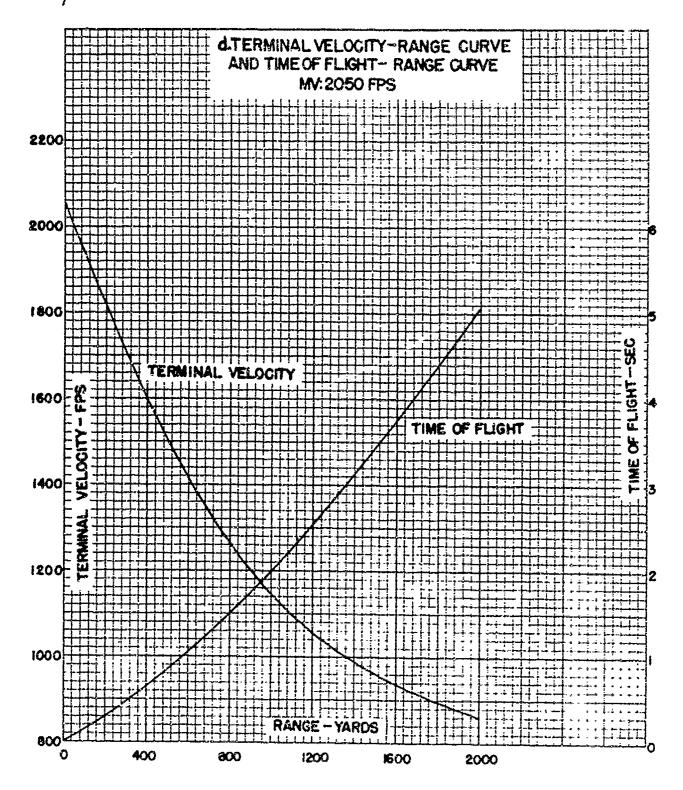
Velocity	u	2800 fps
Drag coefficient	$\kappa_{_{ m D}}$	0.396
Cross Wind Force coefficient	$\kappa_{ m L}$	0.093
Normal Force Coefficient	K <sup>N</sup>	0.489
Base to Center of Pressure	h	1.96 cal .
Overturning Mement coefficient	K <sub>M</sub>	0.250
Ratio of coefficients	$K_L/K_M$	0,37
Drift function	$Q = K_L / K_M u^2$	$4.7 \times 10^{-8}$
Yawing Moment coefficient	К <sub>Н</sub>	1.62
Magnus Moment coefficient	ĸ	-0.125
Twist of rifling	1/n	1/30
Stability factor	a	12.15

#### 7. Firing table data. Automatic Gun MIA2 (Antiaircraft).

FT 37AA-N-2, C1. Twist of rifling: 1/30. Muzzle veix:7: 2050 fps. OCM items 16088 and 16144 recommended and approved standardization of the AP Shot M59 in the Automatic Gun M1A2. OCM item 17699 changed its designation from AP to APC.







8. Firing table data. Automatic Gun M9 (Aircraft).

FT 37AC-BC-1. Twist of rifling: 1/30. Muzzle velocity: 2800 fps. OCM items 20955 and 21241 recommended and approved authorization for using the APC Shot M59 in the Automatic Gun M9.

a. Ballistic coefficient. The firing table was computed with a ballistic coefficient of unity with respect to the modified Space and Time functions:

$$S^{i} = 220.7 T_{6}$$
  $T^{i} = 11.25 (I_{6} - 1),$ 

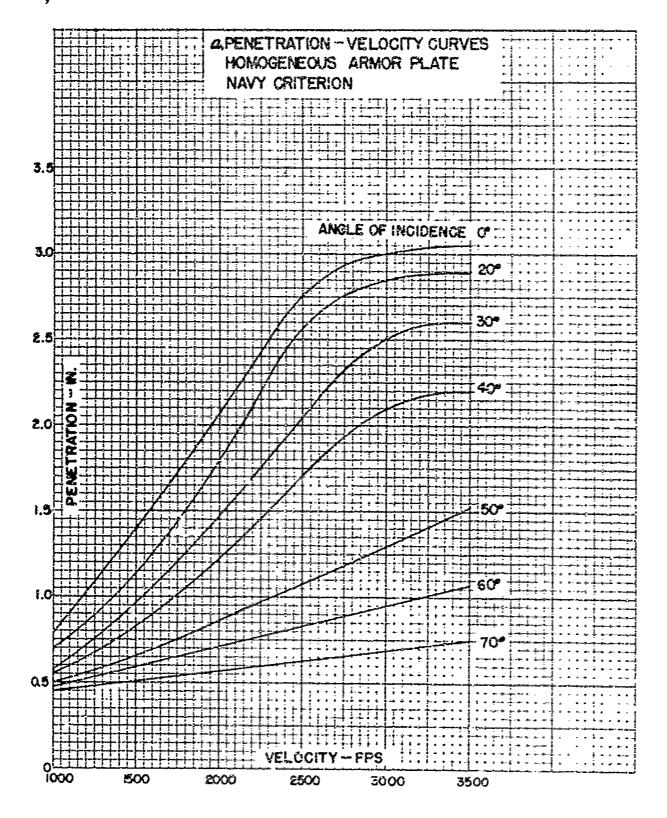
where  $T_6$  and  $I_6$  are the Time and Inclination functions based on  $G_6$ . This is equivalent to taking the ballistic coefficient relative to Projectile Type 8 inversely proportional to the velocity.

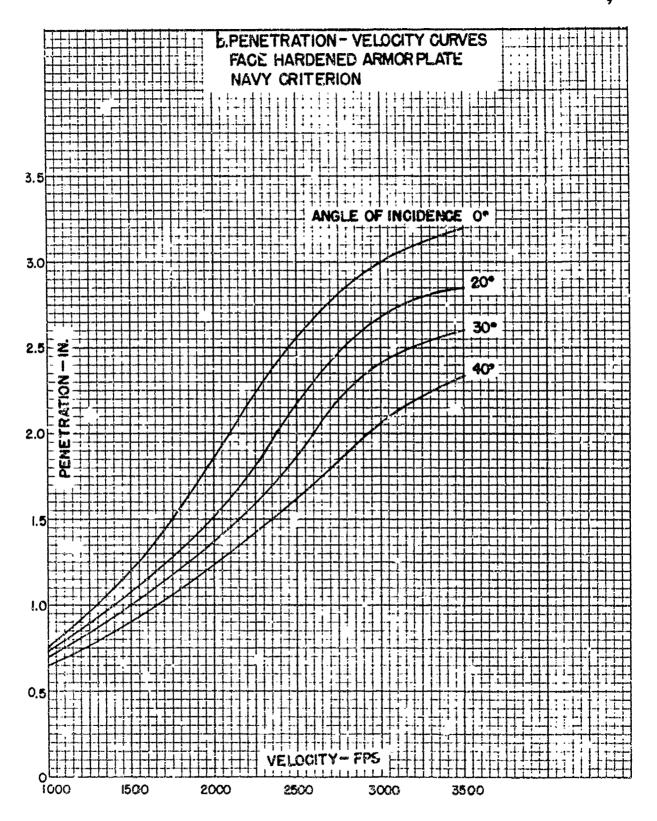
b. Trajectory data. The firing table gives trajectory data for firing forward from an airplane. Data for all-around fire are not required at present.

# SECTION V EFFECT DATA

																															Para	<u>ıra</u>	ρÌ
Penetration -	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	٠	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-		8	

9. Penetration. The following graphs, showing the penetration of armor plate by the 37-mm APC Shot M59, were taken from Volume III of "Terminal Ballistic Data".





Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 37-1-80 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 23 February 1949

#### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shot, AP, 37-mm, M80

with

#### Self-destroying Tracer

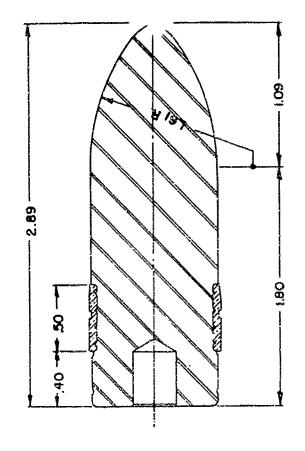
Section		Paragraphs
I	General	1
II	Description	2 - 4
m	Interior ballistic data	5
IV	Exterior ballistic data	6 - 8
v	Enect data	9

# SECTION I GENERAL

																																	Paragraph
Pu nasc	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the snape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 37-mm Armor-piercing Shot M80, which contains a self-destroying tracer composition. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, firing tables, and technical manuals pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS | CAL = 1.457"



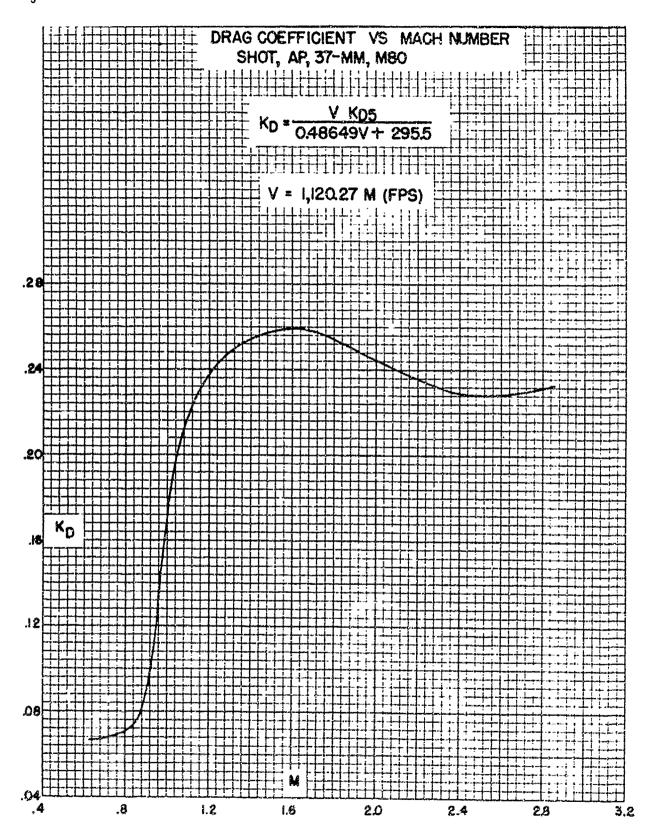
SHOT, AP, 37-MM, M80

# SECTION II DESCRIPTION

	Paragraph
Drawing	2 2 3 4
2. Drawing.	
Shot: Metal parts assembly and details	75-2-319
3. Dimensions.	
Band: Distance from base Width	0.40 cal 0.50 cal
Cylindrical part of body: Length	1.80 cal
Cgive: Length Radius of arc	1.09 cal 1.61 cal
Shot: Length	2.89 cal
4. Physical characteristics.	
Weight (standard) Base to center of gravity Axial moment of inertia Transverse moment of inertia	1.66 lb 1.268 cal 0.4150 lb.in <sup>2</sup> 1.963 lb.in <sup>2</sup>

# SECTION III INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

	Paragraph	
Theoretical yaw in bore	5	
5. Theoretical yaw in bore.		
Minimum	13 min	
Maximum	22 min	



# SECTION IV EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																			Paragraph
Aerolynamic data		~ -	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	6
Firing table data:	Automatic Guns M4	and	M	0 -	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	_	7
Firing table data:	Automatic Gun M9		-		-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	8

6. Aerodynamic data The drag coefficient plotted on page 4 was determined from resistance firings of the AP Shot M80 with Tracer at Mach numbers from 1.1 to 2.5. The other data listed below were taken from Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 438, "Yaw and Drift of 37-mm Armor-piercing Shots".

Velocity (fps)	u	1650	3050
Drag coefficient	$\kappa_{D}$	0.259	<b>3.228</b>
Cross Wind Force coefficient	KL		0.188
Normal Force coefficient	K		0.416
Base to Center of Pressure	h (cal)		2.45
Cverturning Moment coefficient	ĸ <sub>M</sub>	0.513	0.497
Ratio of coefficients	$K_L/K_M$		0.378
Drift function	$Q = K_{L}/K_{M}u^{2}$		$4.07 \times 10^{-8}$
Yawing Moment coefficient	КĦ		2.53
Magnus Moment coefficient	к <sub>ј</sub>		-0.26
Twist of Rifling	1/n	1/25	1/30
Statility factor	s	9,5	6,785

# 7. Firing table data: Automatic Guns M4 and M10 (Aircraft).

FT 3°AC-AT-1. Twist of rifling: 1/25. Muzzle velocity: 1775 fps. The M10 Gun is a modification of the M4 Gun, with a disintegrating pelt feed. OCM items 17489 and 17582 recommended and approved standardization of the AP Shot M80 in the Automatic Gun M4 with a muzzle velocity of 1650 fps. CCM items 20000 and 21000 recommended and approved increasing the standard muzzle velocity from 1650 to 1800 fps.

a. Form factor. The form factor of the AP Shot M80 relative to its own drag function is i = 1.00. The drag coefficient curve is shown on page 4.

b. Ballistic coefficient.

 $C \approx 0.782$ 

c. Stability factor (normal).

s<sub>e</sub> = 6.785

d. Damping coefficients.

 $c^{t} = 0.001,577,4 \text{ ft}^{-1}$  $c'' = 0.000,087,0 \text{ ft}^{-1}$ 

e. Windage jump coefficient.

 $b \approx 20,200 \text{ mil. fps}$ 

f. Yaw-drag coefficient.

$$K_{D\delta} = 16.4 \text{ rad}^{-2}$$

g. Trajectory data. The firing table gives time of flight and vertical and lateral deflections with the arguments true air speed, zenith angle (800 to 2400 mils), azimuth (5600, 6000, 0, 400 and 800 mils), and future range for horizontal flight in air of standard surface density.

8. Firing table data: Automatic Gun M9 (Aircraft).

FT 37AC-AW-1, FT 37AC-BD-1, and FT 37AC-BE-1. Twist of rifling: 1/30. Muzzle velocity: 2950 fps. OCM items 20955 and 21241 recommended and approved authorization for using the AP Shut M83 in the Automatic Gun M9 with a standard muzzle velocity of 3050 fps.

2. Form factor. The form factor of the AP Shot M85 relative to its own drag function is  $i \approx 1.00$ . The drag coefficient curve is shown on page 4.

b. Ballistic coefficient.

C = 0.782

c. Stability factor (normal)

s = 6.785

d. Damping coefficients.

 $c' = 0.001,577,4 \text{ ft}^{-1}$  $c'' = 9.000,075,9 \text{ ft}^{-1}$ 

e. Windage jump coefficient.

b = 28,000 mil. fps

f. Yaw-drag coefficient.

 $K_{D\delta} = 16.4 \text{ rad}^{-2}$ 

g. Trajectory data.

(1) FT 37AC-AW-1 gives time of flight, elevation, and lateral deflection with the arguments air density ratio, true air speed, and future range for norizontal flight, zero azimuth, and impact on the norizontal plane thru the line of flight.

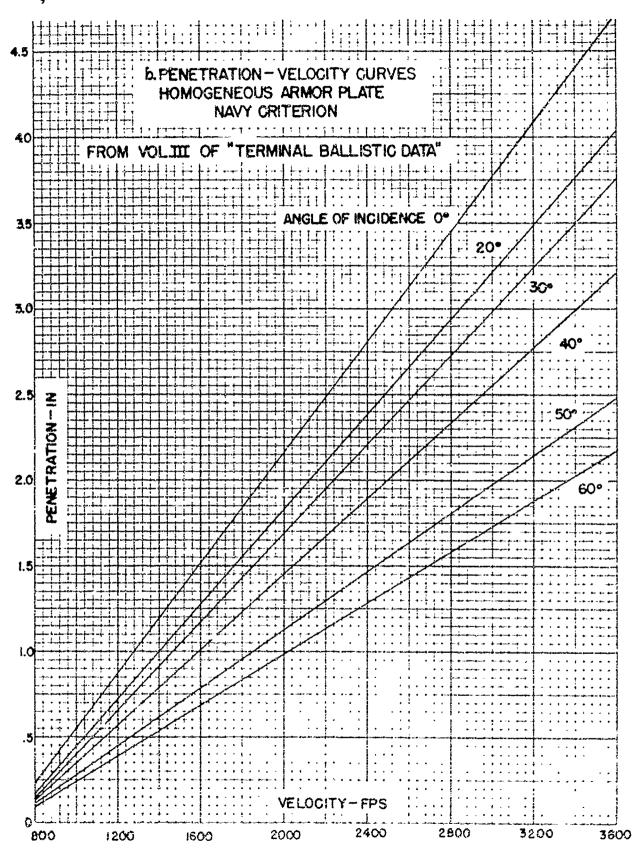
- (2) FT 37AC-BD-1 gives time of flight and vertical and lateral deflections with the arguments true air speed, zenith angle (800 to 2400 mils), azimuth (5600, 6000, 0, 400 and 800 mils), and future range for horizontal flight in air of standard surface density.
- (3) FT 37AC-BE-1 gives time of flight and vertical deflection with the arguments true air speed, dive angle (0, 200 and 400 mils), and present range for firing forward from an airplane in air of standard surface density.

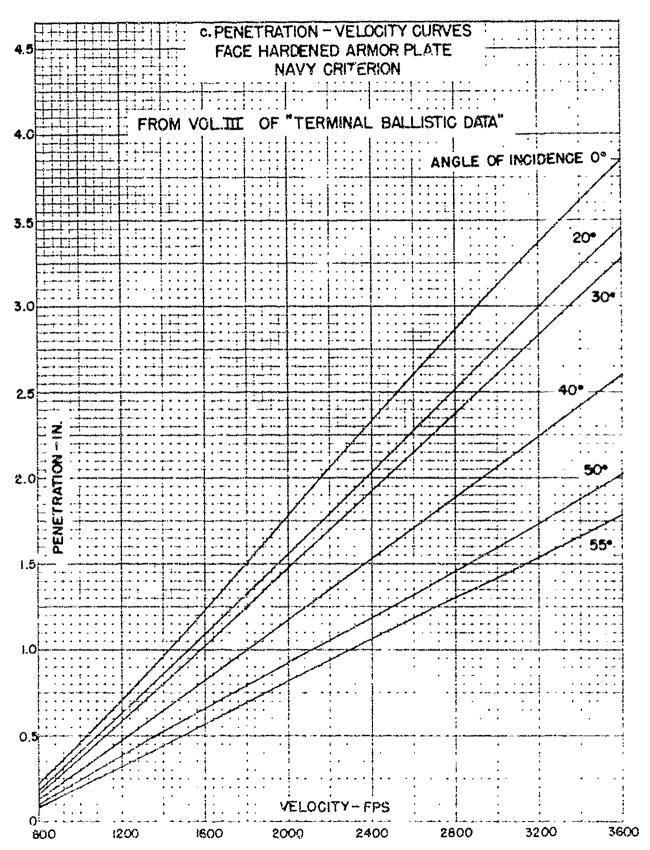
# SECTION V EFFECT DATA

Penetration - - - - 9

- 9. Penetration.
- a. Ballistic limits.

	omogeneous l	Balli	Number				
Thickness inches	Brinnell	Obliquity	Lim	it	in		
	number	deg	Type	fps	Average		
0.75	317	0	Navy	1159	4		
0.75	356		Navy	1093	3		
1.00	327	0	Navy	1288	6		
1.00	369	0	Navy	1251	1		
1.00	401	0	Navy	1203	1		





Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 40-1-2

Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 1 March 1949

#### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HE, 40-mm, Mark 2

with

Tracer, 3D, Mark 11, Mark 11 Mod 2, M3 or M3A1

and

Fuze, PD, Mark 27 or M71

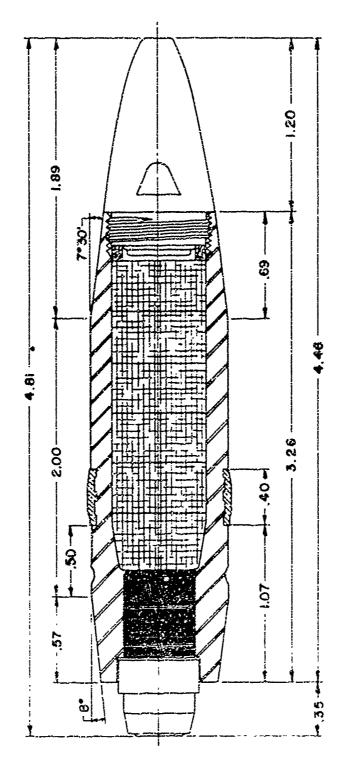
Section		Paragraphs
I	General	1
II	Description	2 - 4
ΙΠ	Interior ballistic data	5 - 6
IV	Exterior ballistic data	7 - 8
V	Effect data	8

# SECTION I GENERAL

Purpose 1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics and ballistics of the 40-mm High Explosive Shell Mark 2 with Shell - destroying Tracer Mark 11, Mark 11 Modification 2, M3 or M3A1 and Point Detonating Fuze Mark 27 or M71. This information is collected from the drawings, reports and firing tables pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL = 2.244"



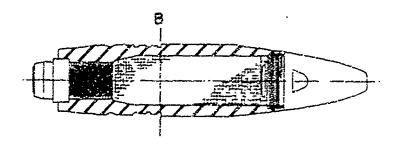
SHELL, HE, 40-MM, MARK 2 TRACER, SD, MARK ii FUZE, PD, MARK 27

## SECTION II

### DESCRIPTION

Drawings Dimension Physical	ons	ristics	Paragraph
2.	. Drawin	egs.	
T T T F	racer, Si racer, Si racer, Si uze, Det an uze, PD, artridge	tal parts assembly and cetails D, Mark 11 (Navy BuOrd) D, Mark 11 Mod 2 (Navy BuOrd) D, M3 or M3A1 Donating, Mark 27: General arrangement d details (Navy BuOrd) M"1: Assembly HE-T (SD, Mk 11), Mark 2: Assembly d marking diagram	75-2-298 394,440 423,429 75-17-7 300,423 73-2-201 75-1-168
3	. Dimer	sions.	
ž	Roattaii:	Angle Length	8°00' 0.57 cal
E	Band:	Distance from base Width	0.50 cal 1.07 cal 0.40 cal
C	Cylindric	al body: Length	2.00 cal
H	lead:	Angle Length	7°30° 0.69 cal
Т	Tracer:	Outside length	0.35 cal
F	UZe:	Ourside length	1.20 cal
L	ength:	Shell and fuze Shell, tracer and fuze Head and fuze	3.26 cal 4.46 cal 4.81 cal 1.89 cal
4	l. Physic	cal characteristics. standard weight: 1,985 lb.	The following data pertain to inert-
loaded s	hell with	wooden tracer plug and Dummy Feze T34,	
ž		enter of gravity ment of thertia	1.8285 lb 1.566 cal 0.6288 lb. in <sup>2</sup>

 $0.6288 \text{ lt. in}^2$ 4.955 lb. in<sup>2</sup> Transverse moment of inertia



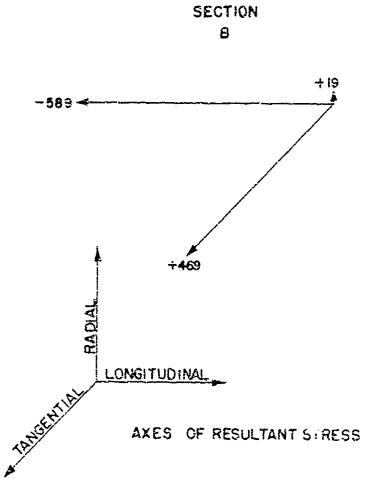


DIAGRAM OF RESULTANT STRESSES

#### SECTION III

#### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

Stresses		Paragraph 5 6
5. Stresses. The following table and th	e graphical representation	n on page 4 show the longitudinal,
radial and tangential stress at the front end of	the band seat.	
Gun, Automatic, 40-mm Travel to maximum pressure Twist of rifling at max P Cross-sectional area of bore Rated maximum pressure Total weight of projectile Muzzle velocity Density of filler (TNT) Resultant stress: Longitudinal Ridial Tangential	M1 and 8.8 1/42.4 2.0323 40,000 1.985 2,870 0.057 58,900 1,900 46,900	M2 in. sq in. psi lb fps lb per cu in.  psi (compression) psi (tension) psi (tension)
3. Theoretical yaw in hore.	<b>.</b>	•
Mir.iravo: Maximum	20 min 26 min	

#### SECTION IV

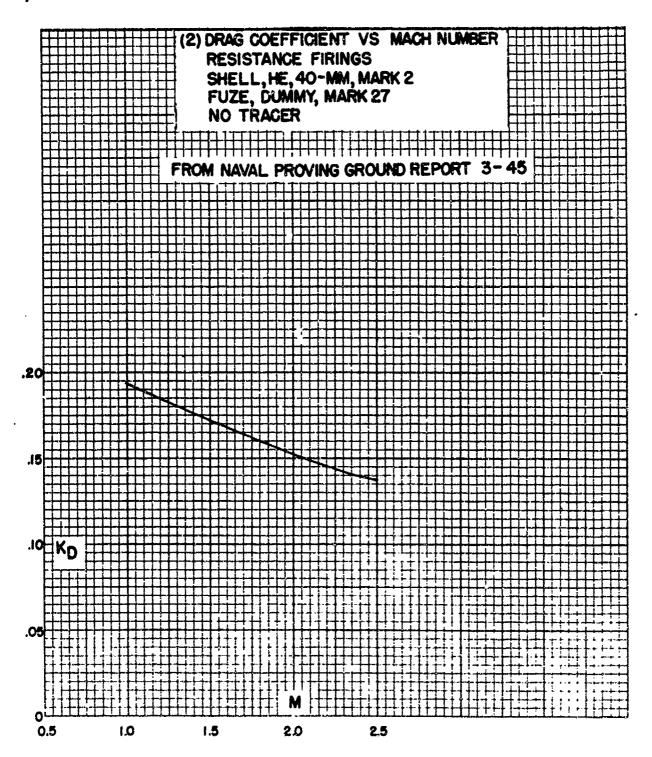
### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																												Paragraph
Aerolynamic data	~	-	-	,,	-	-	-	-	-	-	٠.	-	-	_	•	•	-	_	•	_	_	-	_	-	-	-,	-	7
Firing usble data		-	-	~	-	-	-	•	-	••	-	-	-	-	•~	-	-	-	46	-	٠.	~	-	-	-	-	-	8
Wherea ?	na	837. S	10	da:	ta.																							

# a. Brzg.

(i) Time-of-flight firings. 49-mm HE Shell Mark 2.

Fuse	Tracer	Verocity	Drag	Form	Drag
	-	ţl3	Function .	Factor	Coe.
:64A1	м3	2867	G <sub>E</sub>	.952	.128
MK 27	Mk 11	2386	G <sub>5</sub>	.927	.124



b. Stability. Bellistic Research Laboratory Report No. 252, "Stability of 40-mm Shell Mark II T/L/", gives aerodynamic data for inert-loaded shell with Dummy Fuze T34. A wooden plug was inserted in the tracer cavity, but it came out when the shell was fired. The stability firings were done with a Bofors Gun containing a tube that was rifled with a final twist of 1/30.

Velocity fps	Mach No.	Stability Factor	Moment Coefficient
1200	1.042	1.23	1.85
2890	2.514	1.48	1.54

#### 8. Firing table data. FT 40AA-A-3.

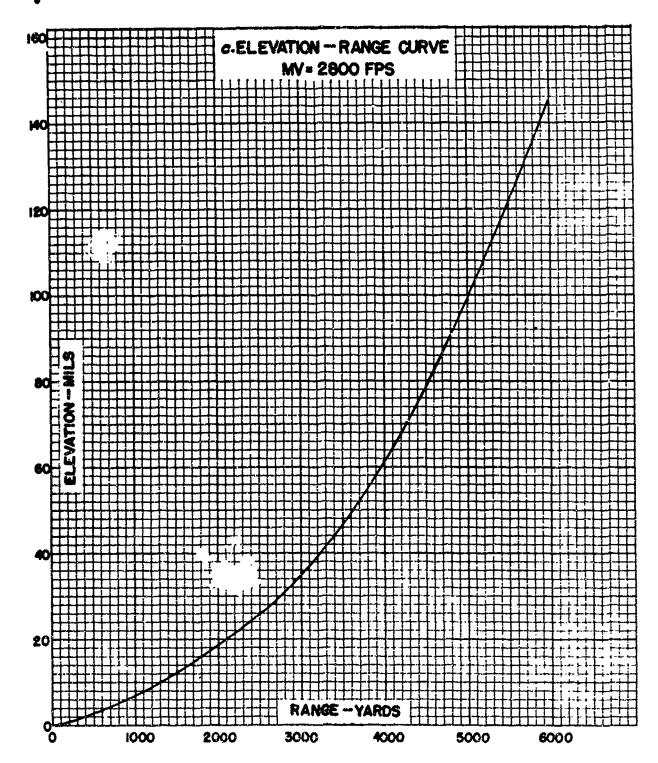
Guns, Automatic, 40-mm, M1 and Dual, Automatic, 40-mm, M2. Twist of rifling: Increasing, 1/45 to 1/30. MV: 2800 fps (the MV for a new gun is 2870 fps). Weight of Shell with Tracer and Fuze: 1.985 lb. OCM items 17175 and 17250 recommended and approved the standardization of the Quick Firing High Explosive Shell Mark 2 with Tracer and Delay Action Percussion Fuze No. 251 Mark 1. OCM items 20391 and 20739 recommended and approved the reclassification of the Detonating Fuze Mark 27 from substitute standard to standard and the adoption of the Point Detonating Fuze M71 as alternate standard. The Shell-destroying Tracers Mark 27 and Mark 27 Mcd 2 are standard; the Shell-destroying Tracers M3 and M3A1 are alternate standard.

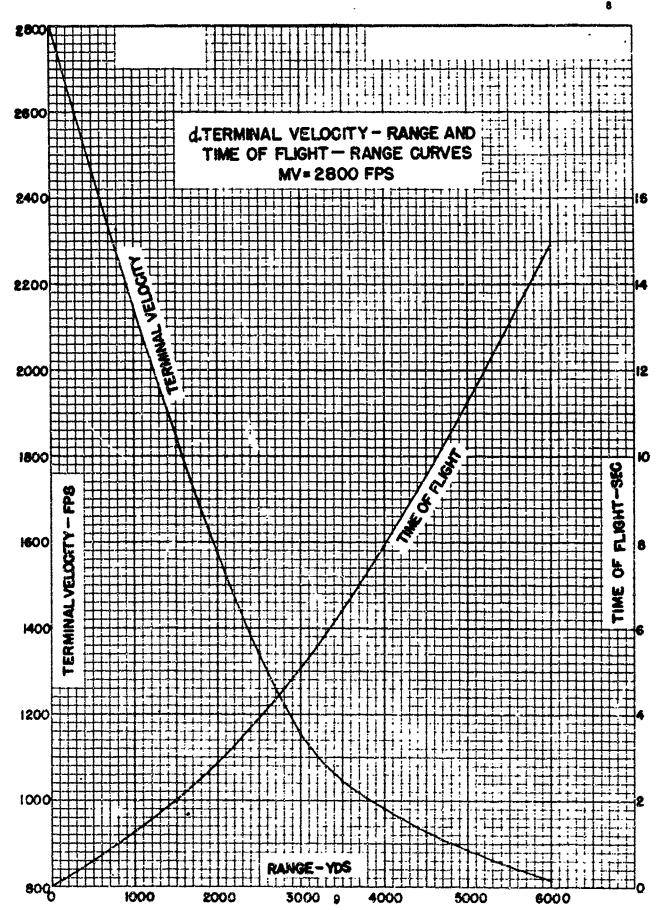
a. Form factor and ballistic coefficient (Projectile Type 5). At all elevations:

$$i_5 = 0.947$$
 $C_5 = 0.845$ 

b. Trajectory data. Part I of the firing tables contains trajectory data for antiaircraft fire; Part II, differential effects; and the Appendix, trajectory and time curves.

Maximum horizontal range 10,850 yd
Maximum ordinate 7,625 yd





# SECTION V

# EFFECT DATA

E-ammontation				_			_		_		-	_	_	_	 _	_	_	_	_	_	-		_	_	_	_	_		Paragraph
Fragmentation	•	•	-	-	•	~	-	•	-	• •	-	_	•	-	 -	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	8

9. Fragmentation. No fragmentation tests of the 40-mm Shell Mark 2 with its standard loading of TNT have been conducted here, but Picatinny Arsenal has detonated five Shell Mark 2 loaded with Ednatol (50 to 60% ethylenedinitramine and 50 to 40% trinitrotoluene) in a sand pit, and recovered the fragments (Test Record No. 134-6). The average weight of the loaded shell was 1.795 lb; of the empty shell, 1.615 lb. The following table shows the average number and weight of the fragments in each of four groups.

Weight Zone grains	Number of Fragments	Weight of Fragments	Percent of Empty Shell Recovered
0 - 75	197	0.60	
75 - 150	14	0.23	
150 - 750	13	0.45	
750 - 2500	1	0.24	
Total	228	1.53	94.7

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data fc. Ammunition, No. 40-1-81 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, 2 March 1949

#### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shot, AP, 40-mm, M81 or M81A1

# with Tracer

Section		Paragraph
I	General	1
π	Description	2 - 4
m	Interior ballistic data	5
W	Exterior ballistic data	3 - 7
v	Effect data	8

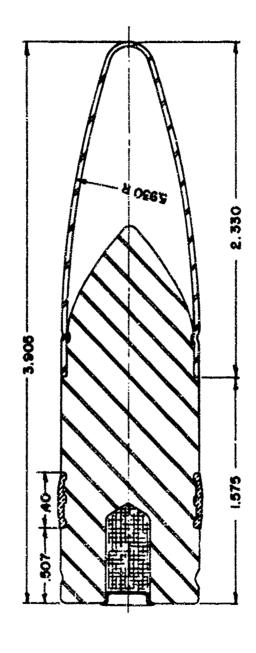
# SECTION I GENERAL

																											Paragrap
Purpose ~	*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	 _	_	-	_	-	-	_	 	_	_	•	_	-	_	_	_	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 40-mm Armor-piercing Shot M81 or M81A1 with Tracer. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, firing tables, and technical manuals pertaining to this ammunition.

)

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL. \* 1.575"



SHOT, AP, 40-MM, MBIAL

The state of the s

# SECTION II DESCRIPTION

Drawings	Paragraph - 2 - 3 - 4
2. Drawings.	
Shot: Metal parts assembly Details	75-2-311 75-2-312
Tracer	75-14-333
3. Dimensions.	
Band: Distance from base Width	0.507 cal 0.400 cal
Body: Cylindrical length	1.575 cal
Windshield: Length Radius of ogival arc	2.330 cal 5.930 cal
Shot: Total length	3.205 cal
4. Physical characteristics.	
Weight (standard) Base to center of gravity* Axial moment of inertia* Transverse moment of inertia*	1.96 lb 1.21 cal 0.574 lb. in <sup>2</sup> 2.64 lb. in <sup>2</sup>

<sup>•</sup> Estimated on the basis of measurements of the 37-mm Armor-piercing Capped Shop M51.

# SECTION III

# INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

Theoretical yaw in bore	Paragraph 5
5. Theoretical yaw in bore.	
Minimum	25 min
Maximum	32 min

#### SECTION IV

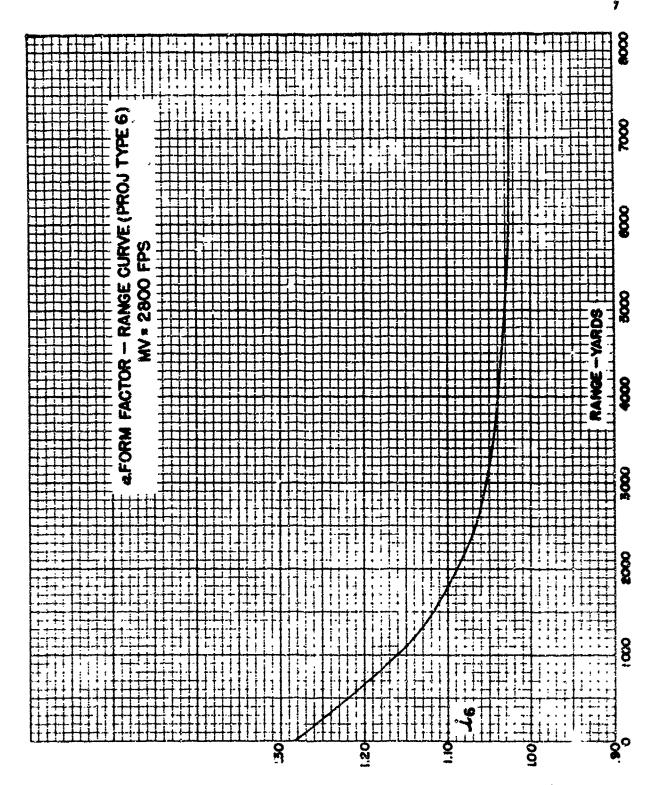
#### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

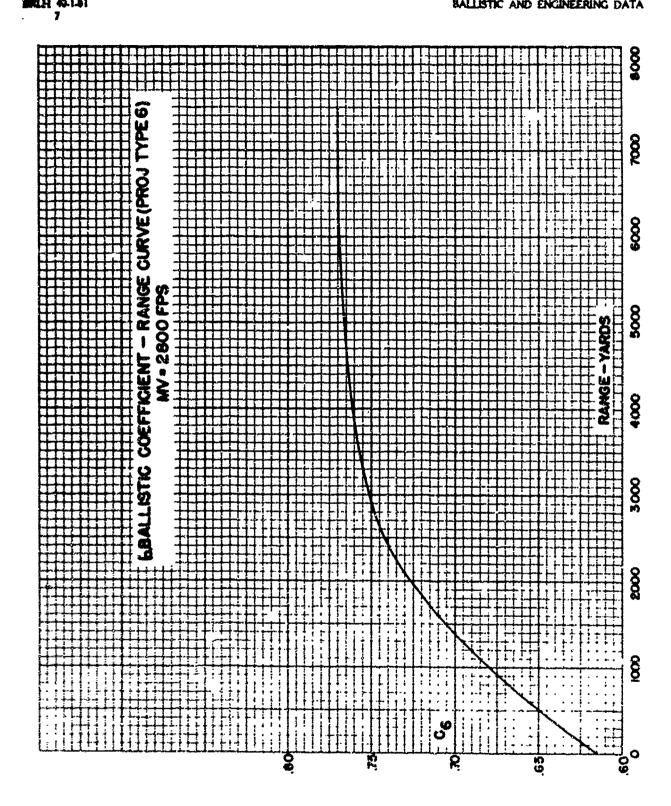
						•																		Parag	rapi
Aerodynamic data																									6
Firing table data	-	•	~	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-		7

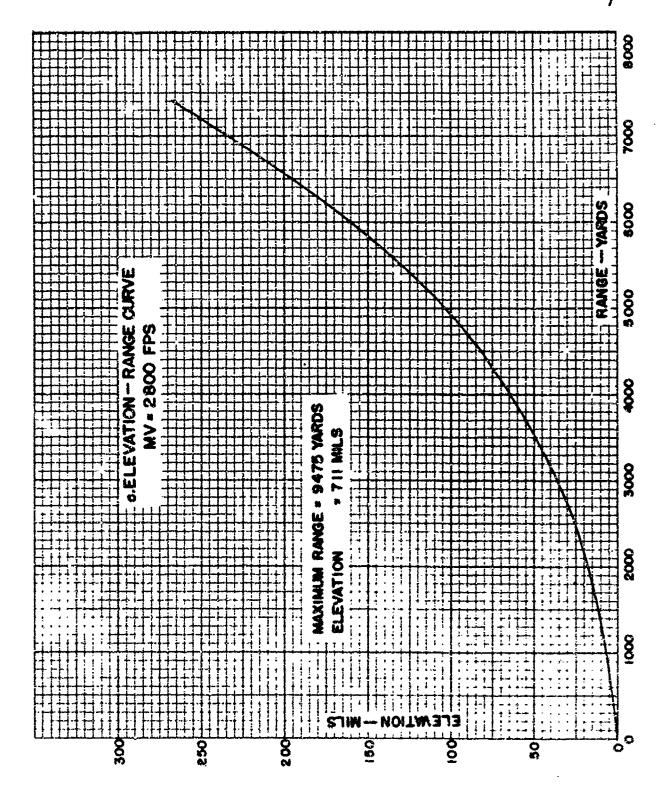
# 6. Aerodynamic data.

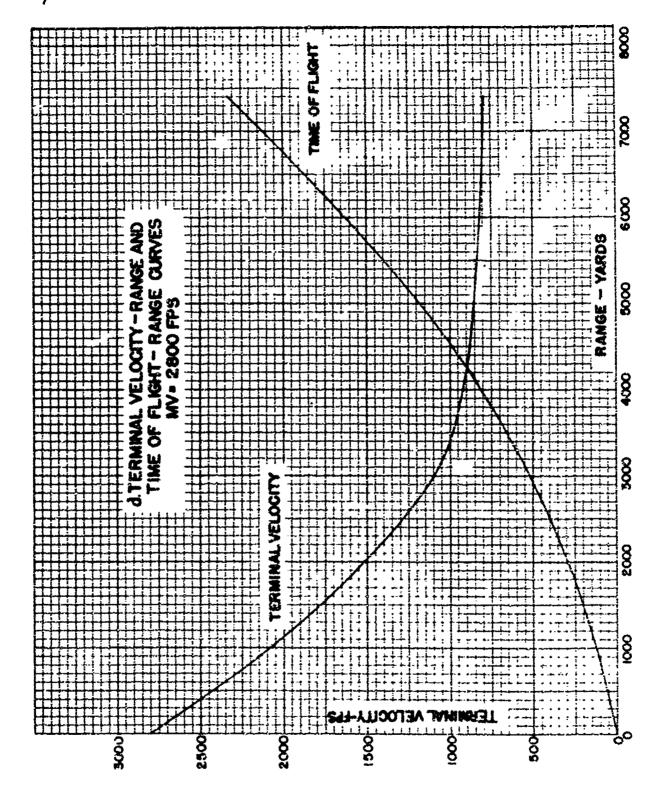
- a. Drag. With the  $G_6$  drag function, the ballistic coefficient was determined from the time of flight at 600, 1000 and 1500 yards and the elevation at 7500 yards range. The extrapolated value at zero range is 0.615 (see par. 7b). The corresponding form factor, relative to Projectile Type 6, is 1.285. Hence, the drag coefficient is 0.142 at the standard muzzle velocity of 2870 fps. These data were obtained with the AP Shot M81, but are applicable to the AP Shot M81A1, since its contour is only slightly different.
- b. Stability. No stability firings have been done with the 40-mm AP Shot M61 or M81Al. The stability factor, estimated from that of the 37-mm Armor-piercing Capped Shot M51 (given in Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 225, "Stability of 37-mm HE Shell M63, AP Shot M51, and Proof Projectile M52") at velocities of 1350 and 2750 fps, for a twist of rifling of one turn in 30 calibers, is 2.58.
  - 7. Firing table data. FT 40AA-A-3,

Guns, Automatic, 40-mm, M1 and Dual, Automatic, 40-mm, M2. Twist of rifling: Increasing, 1/45 to 1/30. MV: 2800 fps (the MV for a new gun is 2870 fps). Weight of Shot with Tracer: 1.96 lb. OCM items 17876 and 17750 recommended and approved standardization of the Armor-piercing Shot M81. The M81 Shot is now classified as limited standard, and the M81A1 standard.









# SECTION V

# EFFECT DATA

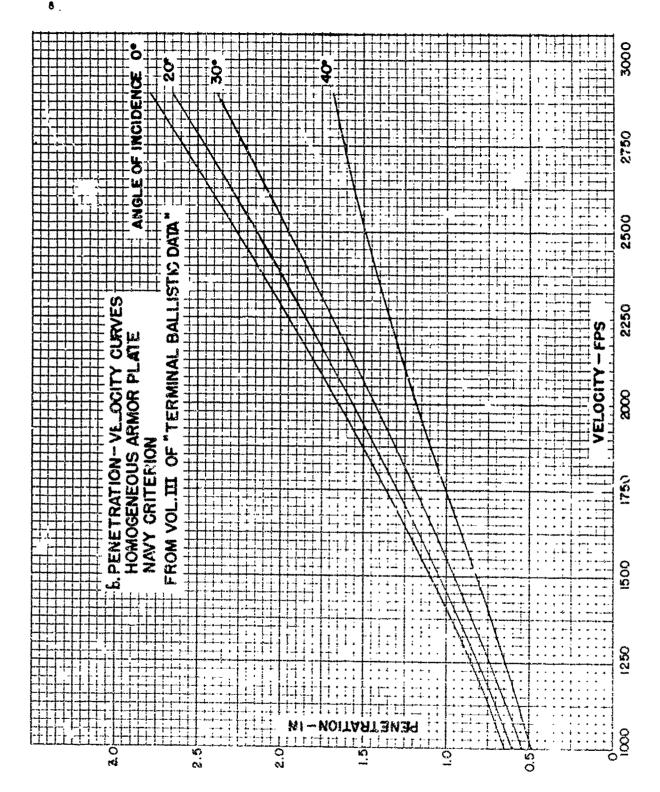
																									Paragraph
Penetration	***	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	er.	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8

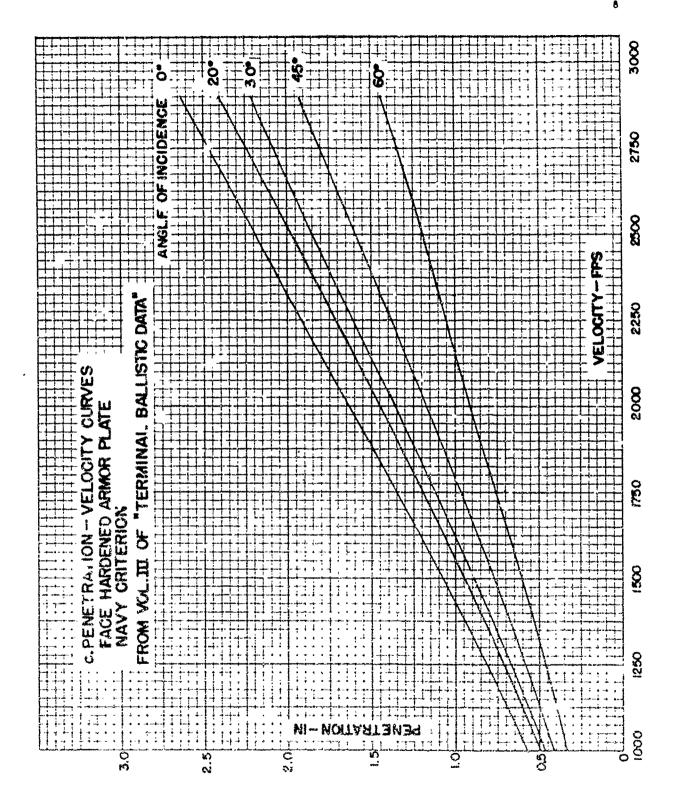
# 8. Penetration.

A Management of the Control of the

# s. Ballistic limits.

Plate	Ball offic		Number
Thickness: 1.5 in. Obliquity: 20°	<u>Limit</u> Type	fps	in Average
Face-hardened	Army Navy	2004 1972	4 39
Homogeneous: Brinnel No. 269	Army	2088	12





Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 57-1-306 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 2 March 1949

### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HE, 57-mm, M306

with

Fuze, PD, M89

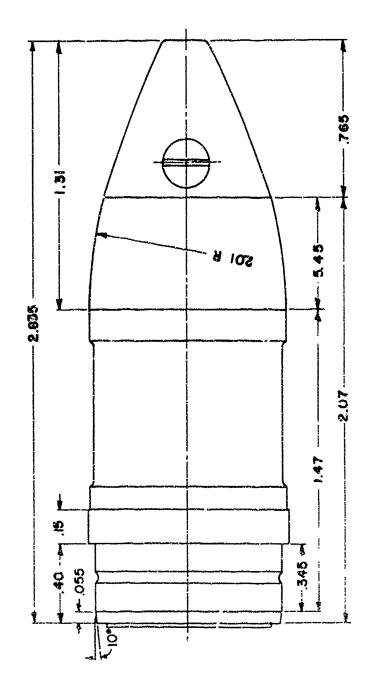
Section	<u>p</u>	aragraphs
1	General	1
π	Description	2 - 4
111	Interior ballistic data	5
W	Exterior ballistic data	6 - 7
٧	Effect data	8 - 9

# SECTION I GENERAL

																													Paragrapl
Purpose	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	 _	-	-	_	-	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 57-mm High Explosive Shell M306 with the Point Detonating Fuze M89. This information is collected from the drawings, reported firing tables, and firing records pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL = 2.244"



SHELL, HE, 57-MM, M306 FUZE, PD, M89

# SEC'11ON II DESCRIPTION

Drawings	<u>Paragraph</u> 2 3 4
2. Drawinga.	
Shell: Metal parts assembly and details Fuze: Assembly and details Details	75-2-359 73-2-233 73-2-234 and 235
3. Dimensions.	•
Chamfer: Angle Length	10° 6.055 cal
Band: Distance from chamfer Distance from base Width	0.345 cal 0.40 cal 0.15 cal
Cylindrical body: Length	1.47 cal
Ogive: Length Radius of arc	0.545 cal 2.01 cal
Fuze: Length (outside)	0.765 cal
Length: Shell Shell and fuze Ogive and fuze	2.07 cal 2.235cal 1.31 cal
4. Physical characteristics.	
Weight (standard) Weight (as tested) * Base to center of gravity Axial moment of inertia Traverse moment of inertia	2.75 lb 2.86 lb 1.237 cal 2.18 lb. in <sup>2</sup> 9.89 lb. in

### SECTION III

### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

Theoretical yaw in bore	Paragraph 5
5. Theoretical yaw in bore.	
Minimum Maximum	11 min 18 min

### SECTION IV

#### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

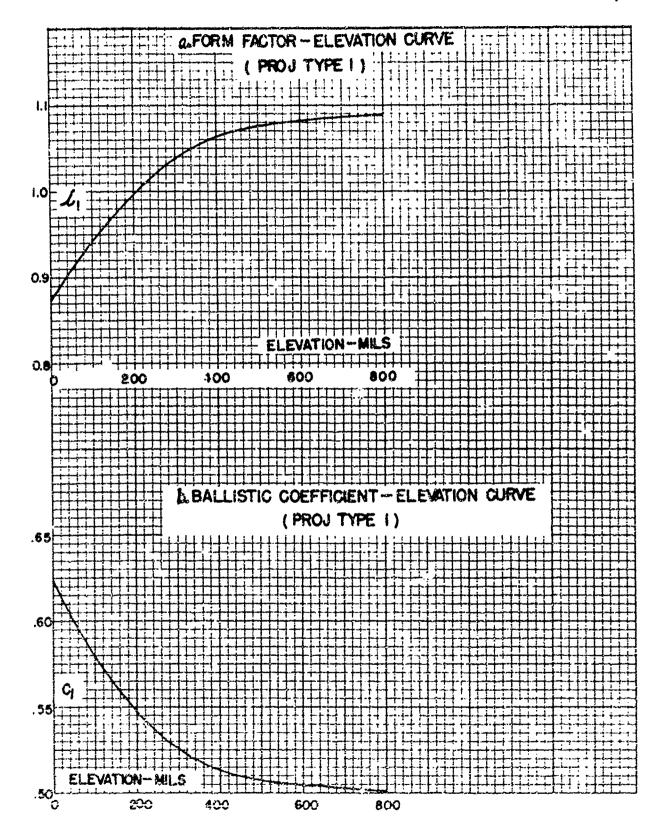
Aerodynamic data			<b></b>		-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	Para	graph 6
Firing table data -		- +	-	 -	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	~	-	-	-	-	-		7
6. Aerodynan	nic d	ieta	•																						
a. Drag.																									
Drsg function																								G.	

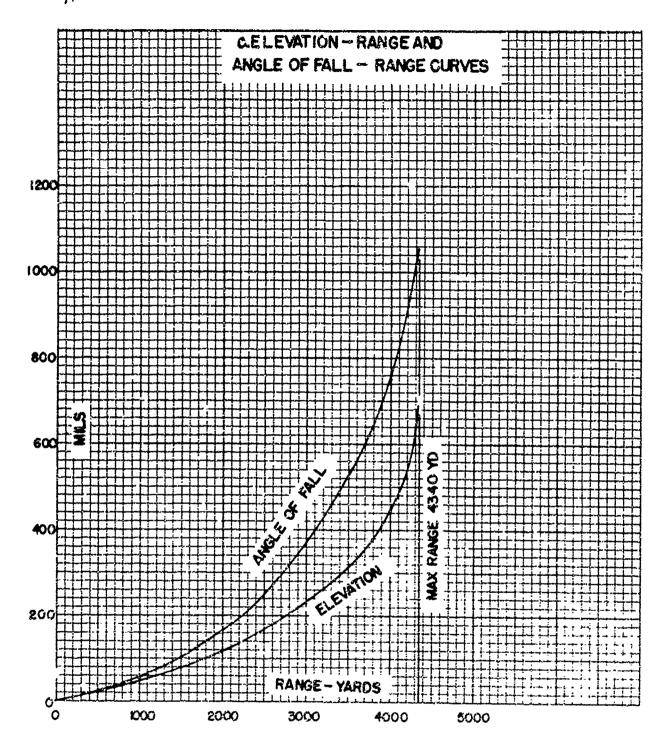
b. Stability. These data were obtained with the experimental Shell T22 with a PD Fuze; its physical characteristics are given in paragraph 4 (see Ballistic Research Laboratory Memorandum Reports No. 300 and 348D).

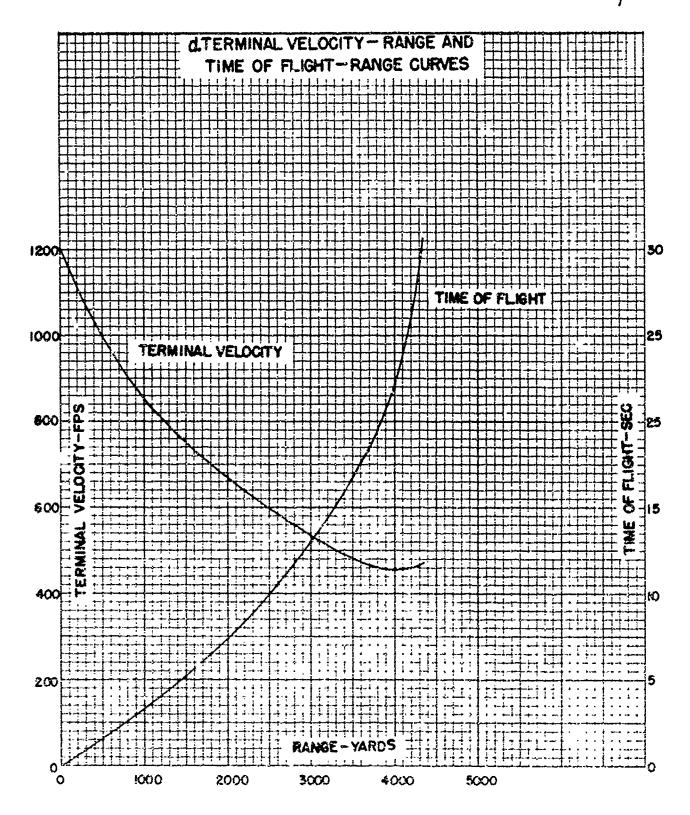
Muzzle velocity	1176	fps
Twist of rifling	1/30	
Stability factor (standard)	1.62	
Moment coefficient, K	1.31	

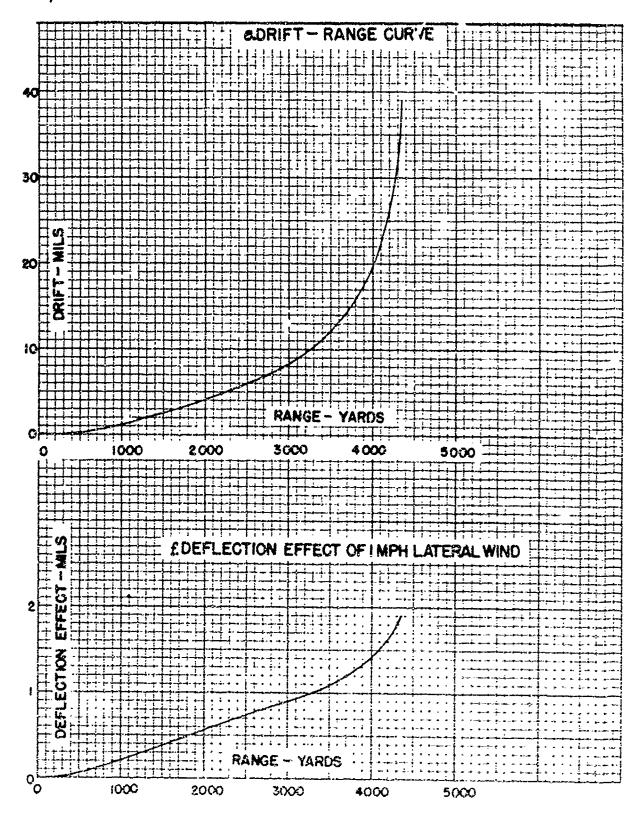
# 7. Firing table data. FT 57-E-1.

Rifle, 57-mm, M18. Twist of rifling: 1/30. Muzzle velocity: 1200 fps. OCM items 27443 and 28073 recommended and approved standardization of the HE Shell M306.

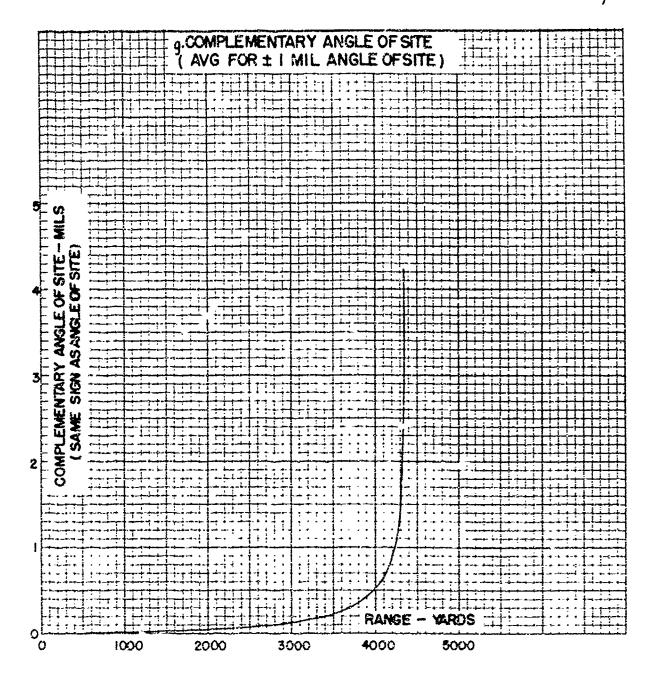


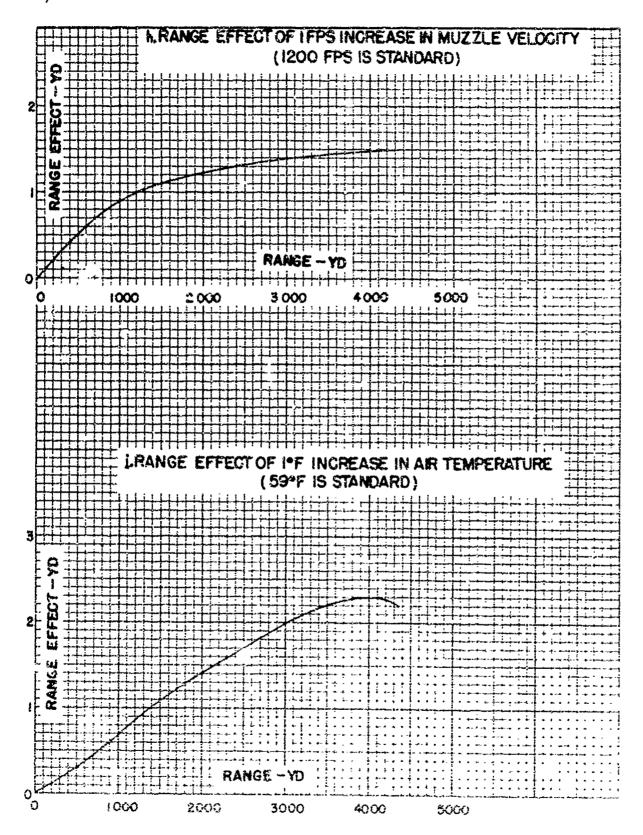


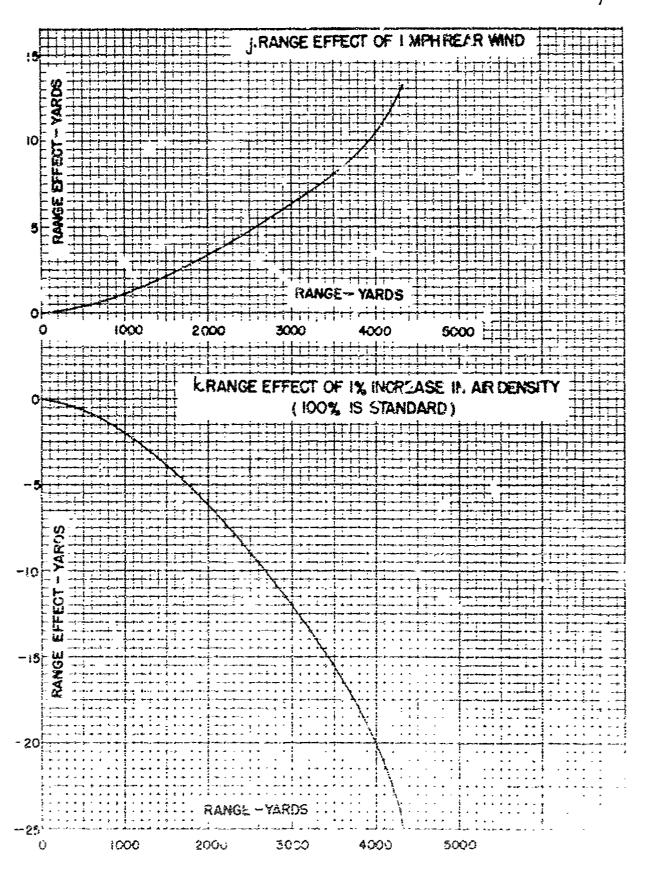


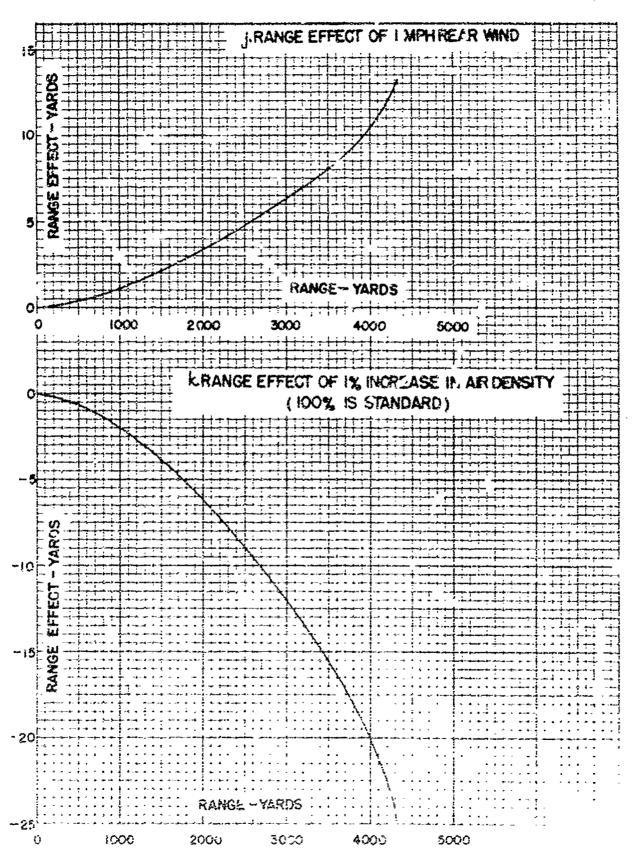


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## SECTION V

#### EFFECT DATA

																											Paragraph
Sand pit fragmentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	٠.	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	8
Pacel fragmentation -																											

8. Sand pit fragmentation. The data given in this paragraph were extracted from Firing Record P-38375. Five HE Shell T22 were placed in boxes and detonated statically by means of an electric blasting cap connected to the PD Fuze T119E1, which was modified for this purpose. The fragments were separated from the sand by means of a magnet and grouped according to weight. The following table shows the average number and weight of the recovered fragments,

Weight zone (grains)	No. of Fragments	Weight (1b)	Percentage of Empty Shell
0 to 50	428	0.82	
50 to 75	16	0.13	
75 to 150	12	0.16	
150 to 750 Total fragments	457	$\frac{0.03}{1.14}$	E A
Scrap	401	0.35	54 17
Total fragments and scrap		1.49	$\frac{17}{71}$
Empty shell		2.11	100
Loaded shell		2.63	

9. Panel fragmentation. The data given in this paragraph were extracted from Firing Record P-38069. The panels consisted of 1-inch dressed No. 3 pine boards 9 feet high, placed in two semi-circles with radii of 15 and 30 feet. Each of five HE Shell T22 was placed at the common center of the semi-circles, with its axis in a horizontal plane that bisected the panels, and detenated statically by means of an electric blasting cap connected to the PD Fuze T119E1, which was modified for this purpose. Fragment velocities were obtained by means of screens placed 15 feet from the shell. The following table shows the average weight of shell, fragment velocity, and number of fragments that penetrated the panels.

Weight of shell		2.68 lb
Fragment velocity:	Side spray Nose spray	4259 fps 1332 fps
No. of fragments:	Perforations	Penetrations
15-ft radius 30-ft radius Total	146 67 213	471 197 868

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 57-1-307 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. J March 1949

Paragraph

### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HEAT, 57-mm, M307

with

Fuze, PI, M90

Section	Paragraphs	3
1	General ]	
11	Description 2 - 4	
Ш	Interior ballistic data 5	
IV	Exterior ballistic uata 6-7	
v	Effect data 8	

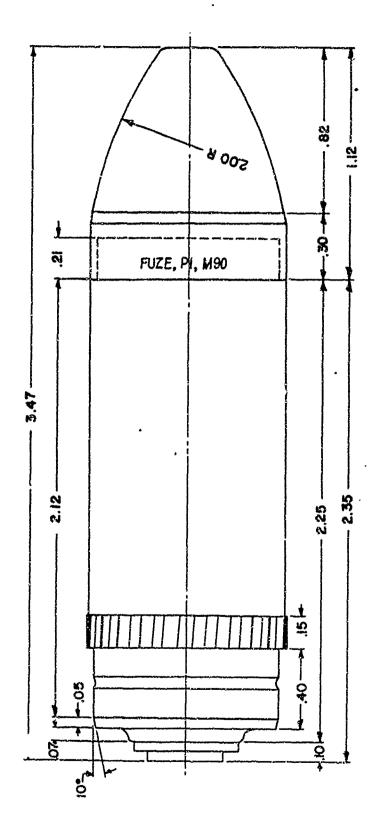
# SECTION I

## GENERAL

Purpose					1	
i.	Purpose.	The purpose of	this number of	the handbook is to	furnish a concies	sollection of in

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 57-mm High Explosive Antitank Shell M307 with the Point Initiating Fuze M90. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, and firing les pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL = 2.244"



SHELL, HEAT, 57-MM, M307 FUZE, PI, M90

# SECTION II

# DESCRIPTION

Drawings	
2. Drawings.	
Shell: Metal parts assembly and details Details Fuze: Assembly Details	75-2-353 75-2-354 73-2-236 73-2-237 and 238
3. Dimensions.	
Closing plug: Length (outside) Shell body: Base to band Band width Base extension Chamfer angle Cylindrical length Threaded length (under fuze) Total body length	0.10 cal 0.40 cal 0.15 cal 0.07 cal 10° 2.12 cal 0.21 cal 2.35 cal
Fuze: Body length (outside) Ogive length Radius of ogival arc Total length	0.30 cal 0.82 cal 2.00 cal 1.12 cal
Length: Shell (body and closing plug) Shell and fuze	2.35 cal 3.47 cal

# 4. Physical characteristics.

3	nell	CG to	Moments &						
Lot	Dwg 75-2-353			Base	Inertia	- 1b. in 1			
No.	Rev - Date	ĵъ		cal	Axial	Transverse			
PA-E-T45-187	24 Oct 44	2,71		1.353	2.20	10,42			
MG-1	1 - 3 Mar 45	2.70		1.269	2.086	9.756			
GR-2X	2 - 8 May 45	2.75	(Sta	ndard)					

### SECTION III

# INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

Theoretical yaw in bore		Paragraph 5
5. Theoretical yaw in bore.		
Minimum Maximum	ada 8,5 nim 0,8	

### SECTION IV

## EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																											Paragraph
Aerodynamic data																											
Firing table data	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7

## 6. Aerodynamic data.

a. Drag. The form factors relative to Projectile Type 1 that are tabulated here were determined from observed times of flight.

Shell Lot	Form Factor	Velocity fps	Drag Coefficient	
No.	11	Muzzle Mean	(at muzzie vel.)	
MG-1	0.982	1200 956	.218	
GR-2X	1.05	1200 1023	.233	

b. Stability. Ballistic Research Laboratory Memorandum Report No. 348D and letter APG 474.1/165 give the stability factors and moment coefficient; of two lots of shell whose interior dimensions were different (see par. 4 for their physical coarrecteristics).

Shell No.	Muzzle Velocity ips	Twist of Raling 17.	Stability Factor S	Moment Cozificient K <sub>M</sub>
PA-E-T45-187	1200	1/シリ	1.34-	1.53
MG-1	1215	1/30	1.70	1.15

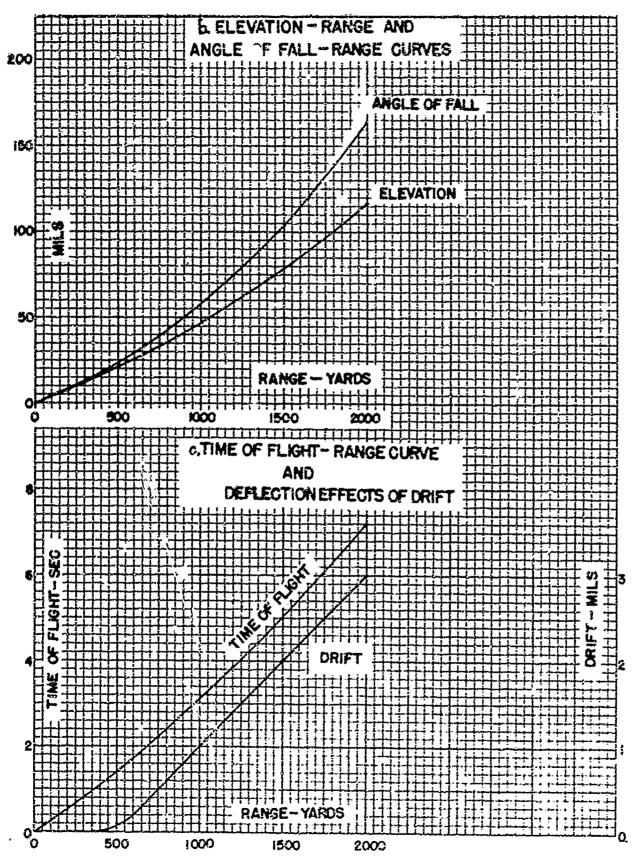
7. Firing table data. FT 57-E-2 (abridged).

Rifle, 57-mm, M18. Twist of rifling: 1/30. Muzzle velocity: 1200 fps. OCM items 27443 and 28073 recommended and approved standardization of the HEAT Shell M307.

a. Form factor and ballistic coefficient. The following form factor and ballistic coefficient relative to Projectile Type 1 apply to all elevations.

i<sub>1</sub> 0.94 C<sub>1</sub> 0.583

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is 2.5 inches,

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Paragraph

# SECTION V

# EFFECT DATA

Penetration -	, <b>.</b>			<b>-</b>				. ~			-	-		-	-	<b>.</b> ~	-	-	-	8			
à. Per	netrati	lon.	The	2001	'22e	reens	etra:	tior	n of	ำกา	me	o es	eo:	15 2	1941	.or	nì	2t s	bv.	57-mm	HEAT	Shall	3/30

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbinit of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 60-1-49 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 3 March 1949

Paragraph

## BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HE, 60-mm, M49A2

with

Fuze, PD, M52A1

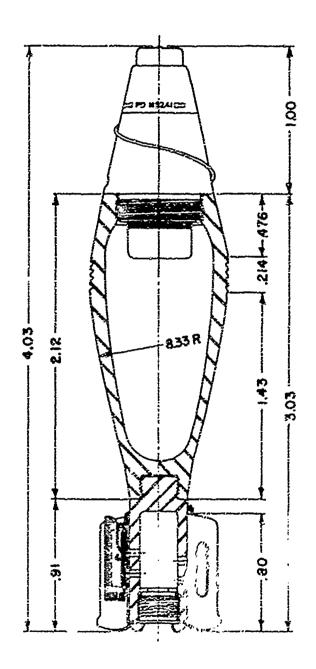
Section		Paragraph
ĭ	General	1
Π	Description	2 - 4
Ш	Exterior ballistic data	5 - 6

### SECTION I

### GENERAL

Purpose -		 -	~ .			 -	-	-	-	-	 	 		 . <b>-</b>	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	 i		
1	<b>7</b>	 	~	~ <u>.</u> ~	_	 		·	٠	_	 ٠.	 1	٠.	 	٠,٠		<b>.</b> .	t	• •	£			_	 1	 	

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics and ballistics of the 60-mm High Explosive Shell M49A2 with the Point Detonating Fuze M52A1. This information is collected from the drawings, reports and firing tables pertaining to this ammunition.



Shell, he, 60-mm, m49A2 Fuze, PD, m52Ai

	Paragraph
Drawings	
2. Drawings.	
Shell: Metal parts shipping assembly and details Fins: Assembly and details Fuxe: Assembly and details Complete round: Assembly and marking diagram	75-2-288 75-2-285 73-1-161 75-1-82
3. Dimensions.	
Fins: Number Lengtl. Length of assembly (outside)	6 0.87 cai 0.91 cai
Shell: Radius of arc benind bourrelet Length of rear part Length of bourrelet Length of front part Total length	8.33 csl 1.43 csl 0.21 csl 0.46 csl 2.12 csl
Fuze: Length (outside)	1.00 221
Length: Shell and fin assembly Shell, fin assembly, and fuze	3,03 czł 4.03 cżł
4. Physical characteristics.	
Weight (standard) Center of gravity to nose Transverse moment of inertia	3.065 lb 1.965 cal 13.43 lb in <sup>2</sup>

THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE CONTRACTOR OF

### SECTION III

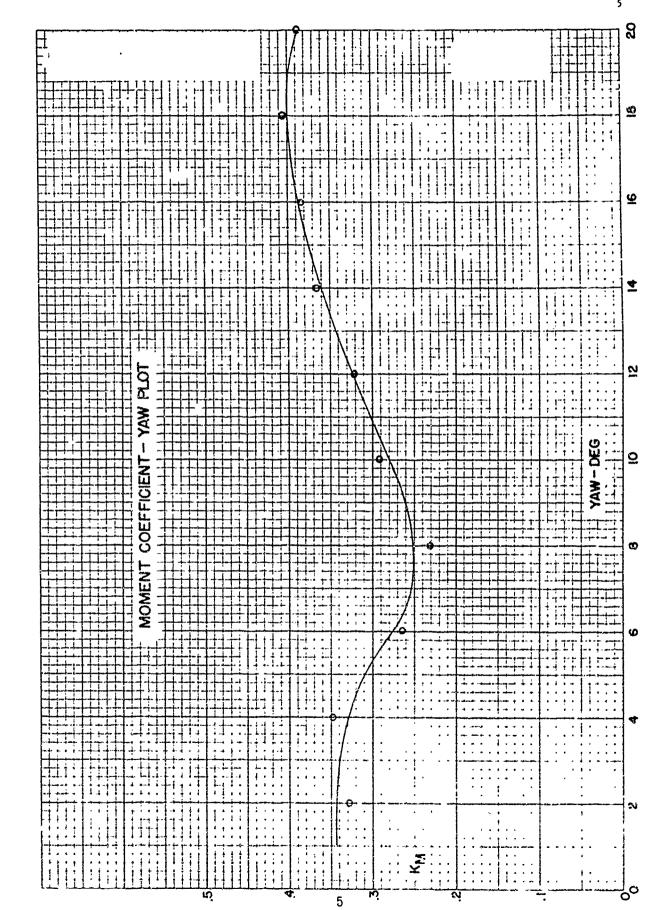
## EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

					٠																							Paragraph.
Aerodynamic data	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	_	-	ŝ
Piring table data	_	-	>	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	*	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	~	•	-	6

- 5. Aerodynamic data.
- a. Drag coefficients. The following values were determined from the form facture given in paragraph 6a.

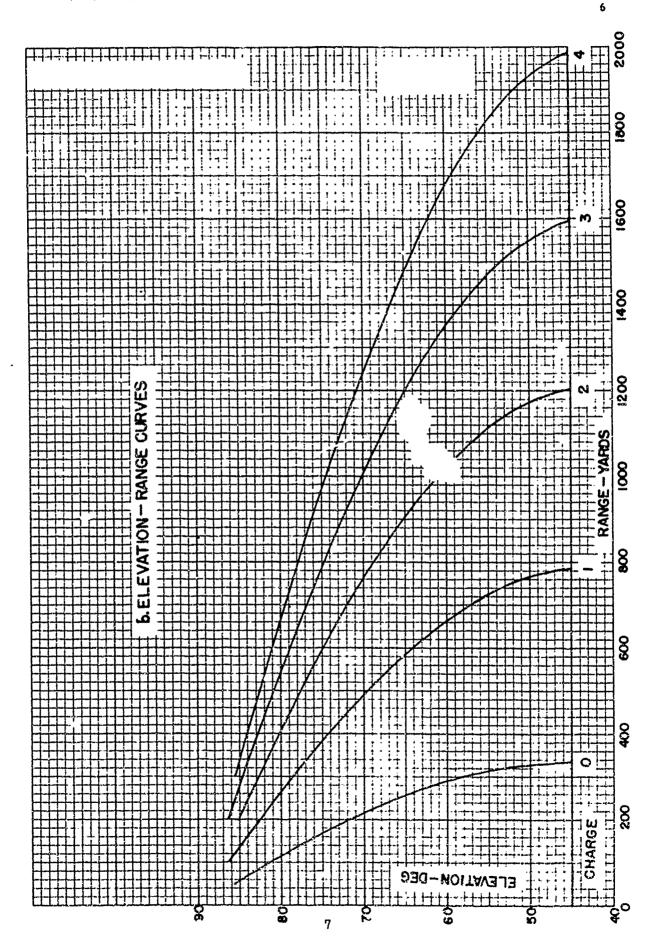
Muzzle Velocity	Drag Coefficient
fps	K <sub>D</sub>
189	.058
292	.065
317	.0 <del>6</del> 7
449	.0 <del>6</del> 7
518	.088

b. Moment coefficients. Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 326, 'Aerod\_mamics of the 50-mm Shell M49A2 with Fuze M52', gives the moment coefficients which have been determined it runs projectile. The value of K<sub>M</sub> calculated from the observed mitational period of the shell with a maximum yaw of about 15' at a muzzle velocity of 225 fpc is 0.034. The values computed from the torques it reasoned by the Bureau of Standards in a wind turnel at a velocity of 100 fps are shown on the following plat.



- 6. Firing table ta. FT &C-A-3 and FT &O-A-4 (abridged). Mortar, 60-mm, M2 and M19. Smooth bore. Muzzle loading. Projectile weight: 2.98 lb. OCM items 14517 and 14617 recommended and approved standardization of the HE Shell M49 with the PD Fuze M49. OCM item 15196 classified the HE Shell M49A1 (steel instead of cast iron) with the PD Fuze M52 as standard for limited procurement. OCM items 16026 and 16122 recommended and approved standardization of the HE Shell M49A2.
- a. Form factors and ballistic coefficients. The following form factors and ballistic coefficients relative to Projectile Type 1 apply to all elevations.

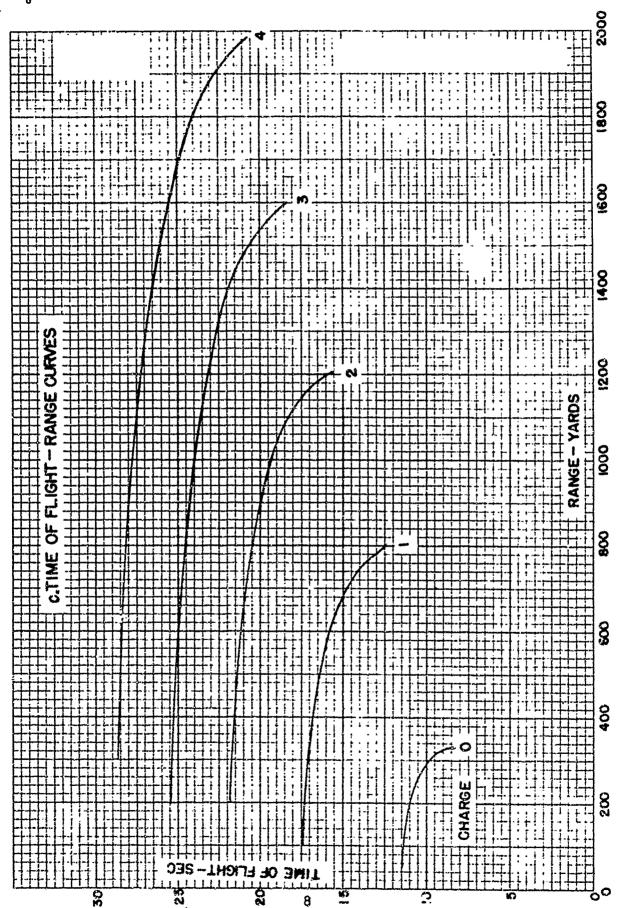
Charge	Muzzle	Form	]allistic
No.	Velocity fps	Factor 1	Coefficient 3
0	189	.62	.850
1	292	.73	.730
2	377	.78	.680
3	449	.81	.658
4	516	.82	.650



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Ballistic Research Laborat ries Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 60-1-83

Ballistic Pesearch Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 4 March 1949

# BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, Illuminating, 60-mm, M83A1

with

Fuze, Time, M65A1

Section		Paragraph
ī	General	1
n	Description	2 - 4
m	Exterior ballistic data	5 - 6
LA	Effect data	7

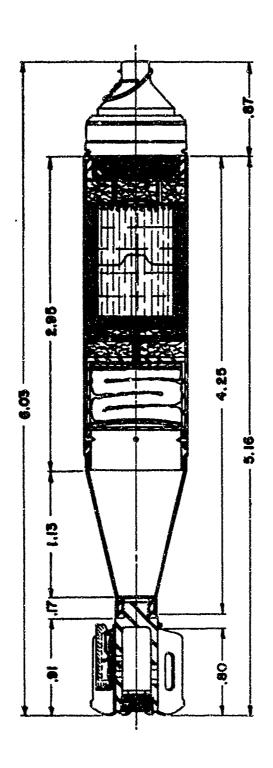
## SECTION I

### GENERAL

_																										Paragraph
Purpose	-	 · -	-	-	 -	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	~	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	~	-	•	-	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 60-mm Illuminating Shell M83A1 with the Time Fuze M65A1. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, firing table and firing records pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS ICAL. 2362"



SHELL, ILLUMINATING, 60-MM, M83AI FUZE, TIME, M65AI

		Paragraph
Drawings		2
Dimensions		3
Physical characteristics		4
·		
2. Drawings.		
Shell: Body and loading assembly	75-14-350	
Details	75-2-316	
Fins: Assembly and details	75-2-285	
Fuze: Assembly	73-3-177	
Details 73-3-178,179	and 180	
Complete round: Assembly and marking diagram		
3. Dimensions.		
Fins: Number	8	
Length	0.80 cal	
Length of assembly (outside)	0.91 cal	
Design of assembly (oncode)	U.BI Cai	
Body: Rear cylindrical part	0.17 cal	
Conical part	1.13 cal	
Front cylindrical part	2.95 cal	
Total length	4.25 cal	
Fuze: Length (outside)	0.87 cal	
ruse. Dengin (outside)	0.01 CET	
Length: Body and fin assembly	5.16 cal	
Body, fin assembly, and fuze	6.03 cal	
4. Physical characteristics.		
Weight (standard)	3.77 lb	
to a Deta Promision at	D111 14	

### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																												Paragraph
Aerodynamic data	-	•	•	•	•	-	=	~	~		-	-	,-	~	-	-	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	5
Firing table data -					-	-	76.	-	_	-	•	_	•		-	-	-	•	•	-	-	_	-	•	_	-	-	6

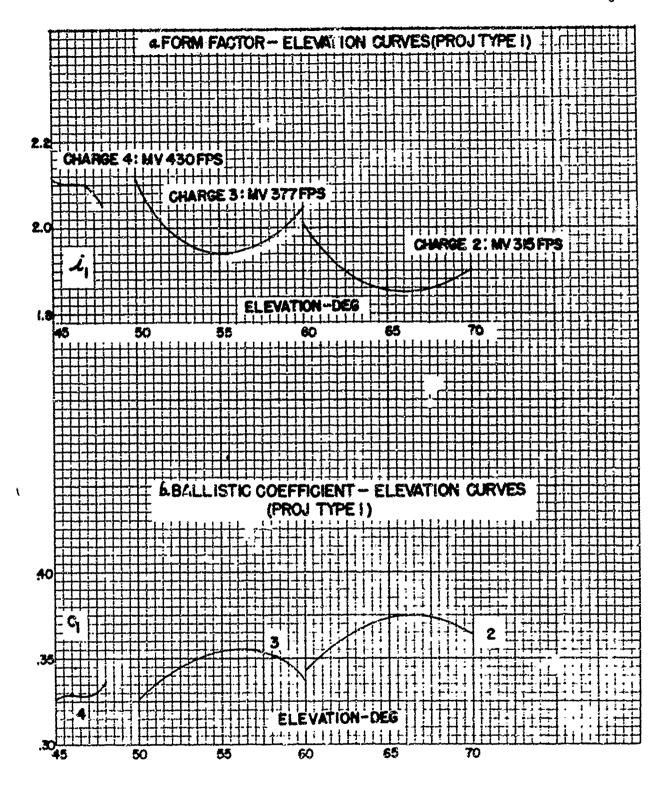
5. Aerodynamic data. The ballistic coefficient of a 3.7-lb Illuminating Shell M85. \_\_tive to Projectile Type 1, determined at the lowest elevation used in the range firings with each propelling charge, and the corresponding form factor and drag coefficient are tabulated below.

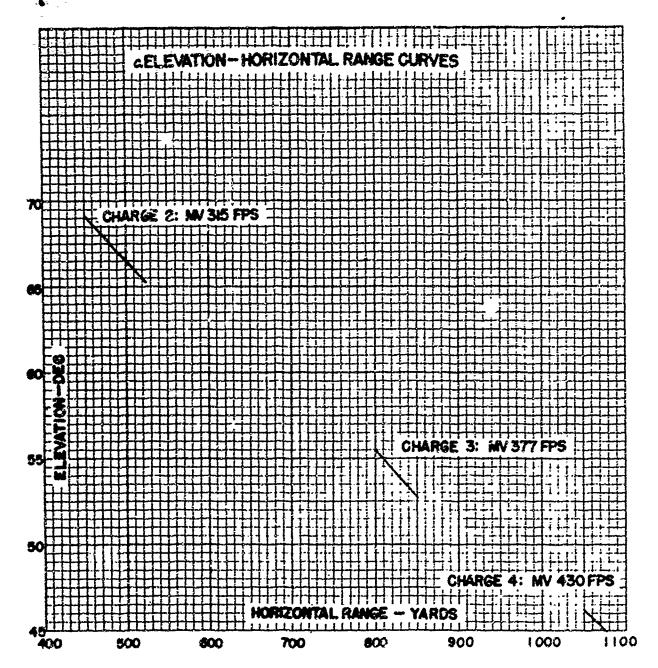
Muzzle	Elevation	Ballistic	Form	Drag
Velocity fps	deg	Coefficient C <sub>1</sub>	Factor 1	Ccefficient K <sub>D</sub>
315	<b>6</b> 0	.343	2.01	.177
377	50	.327	2.11	.180
430	45	.326	2.12	.176

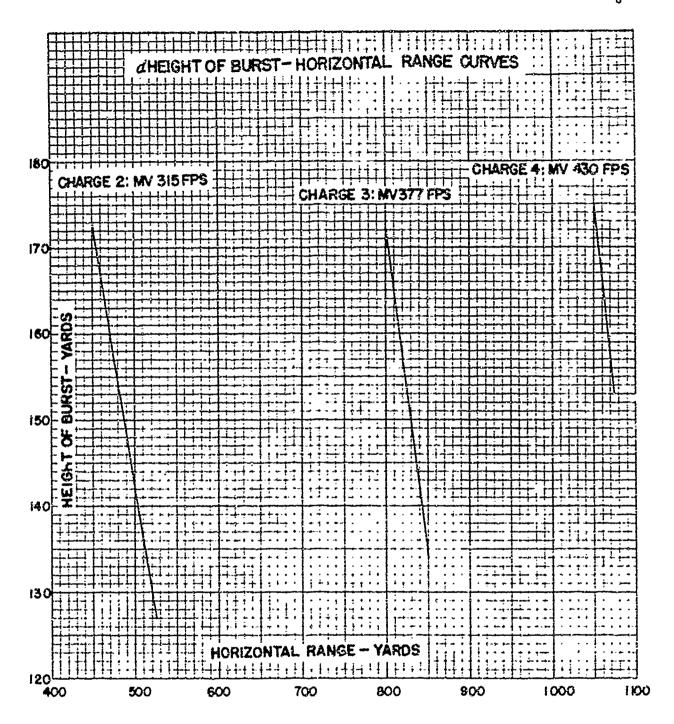
6. Wisting table data. PT 60-G-1 (abridged)

Mortar, 60-mm, M2 and M19. Smooth bore. Muzzle loading. Projectile weight: 3.70 lb. OCM items 19031 and 18110 recommended and approved standardization of the Illuminating Shell M83 (propelled by 4 increments of M4 powder) with Time Frame M85, which burns for about 15 sec.

OCM item 20018 designated this projectile the Illuminating Shell M53A1 when propelled by 4 increments of M3 powder. OCM item 31500 reclassified these projectiles as limited standard.







# SECTION IV

## EFFECT DATA

																															Paragraph
Diumination	•	 •	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	7

7. Illumination. After burning about 15 seconds, the fuze releases the candle, which is carried by a parachute. In the functioning tests of the Illuminating Shell MS3A1, the candles burned from 25 to 31 seconds.

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbrok of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 60-1-302

firing tables pertaining to this ammunition.

Ballistic Research Lac. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, 7 March 1849

BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, Smoke (WP), 60-mm, M302

with

Fuze, PD, M82

Section		Paragraph
Ť	General	1
π	Description	2 - 4
ш	Exterior ballistic data	5 - 6
W	Filest data	7

## SECTION I

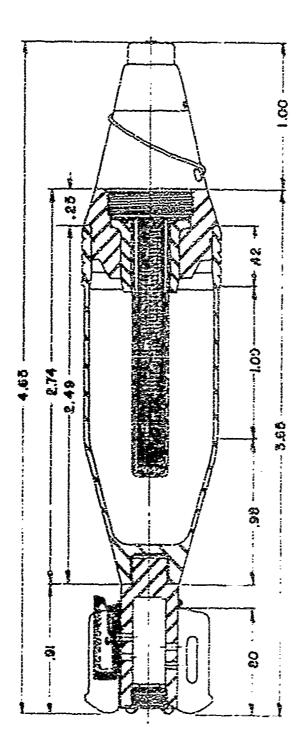
## GENERAL

	1.	Purpos	e. 7	The pu	rpose o	f thi	s num be	rof	the han	ibook t	s ៤ វ	lurnish	a cc	ncise	collect	ion A	infor-
mation	reg	arding	the :	snape,	dynam	ics,	ballistic	s aik	effects	s of the	e 8C -1	wm Sn	ske (	White	Pikspi	renus	Shell

M302 with the Point Detonating Fuze M82. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, and

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS 1 CAL " 2.352"

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SHELL, SMCKE (WP), 60-MM, M302 FUZE, PD, M82

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	Paragraph
Drawings	2 - 3 - 4
2. Drawings.	
Shell: Metal parts assembly 75-2-360 Fins: Assembly and details 75-2-285 Fuze: Assembly 73-1-195 Details 73-1-163,196 etc Complete round: Assembly and marking diagram 75-1-218	
3. Dimensions.	
Fins: Number 8 Length 0.80 cal Length of assembly (outside) 0.91 cal	
Shell: Ogivo-conical boattail 0.98 cal Boattail to bourrelet 1.09 cal Bourrelet 0.42 cal Body 2.49 cal Adapter 0.25 cal Total length 2.74 cal	
Fuze: Length (outside) 1.00 cal	
Length: Shell and fin assembly 3.65 cal Shell, fin assembly, and fuze 4.65 cal	
4. Physical characteristics.	
Weight (standard) 3.98 lb Weight without safety wire and propellant 3.95 lb	

### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																												Paragraph
Aerodynamic data	-	~	-	_	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	_	~	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Firing table data	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	*	-	•	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	6

5. Aerodynamic data. The following values of the drag coefficient were determined from the form factor given in paragraph 6a.

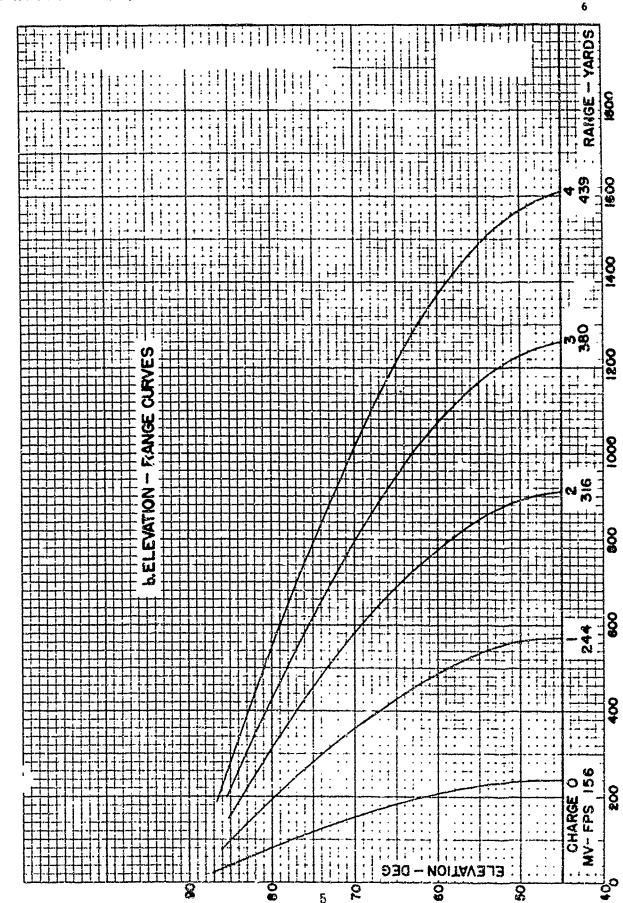
Muzzle Velocity	Drag Coefficient
fps	KD
156	.086
244	.083
316	.079
380	.077
439	.075

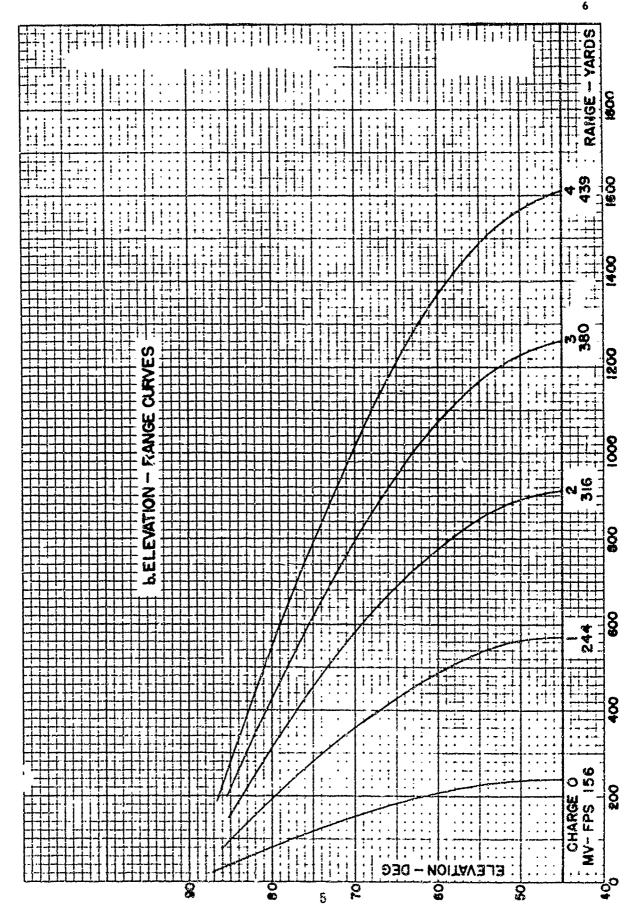
6. Firing table data. FT 60-F-1.

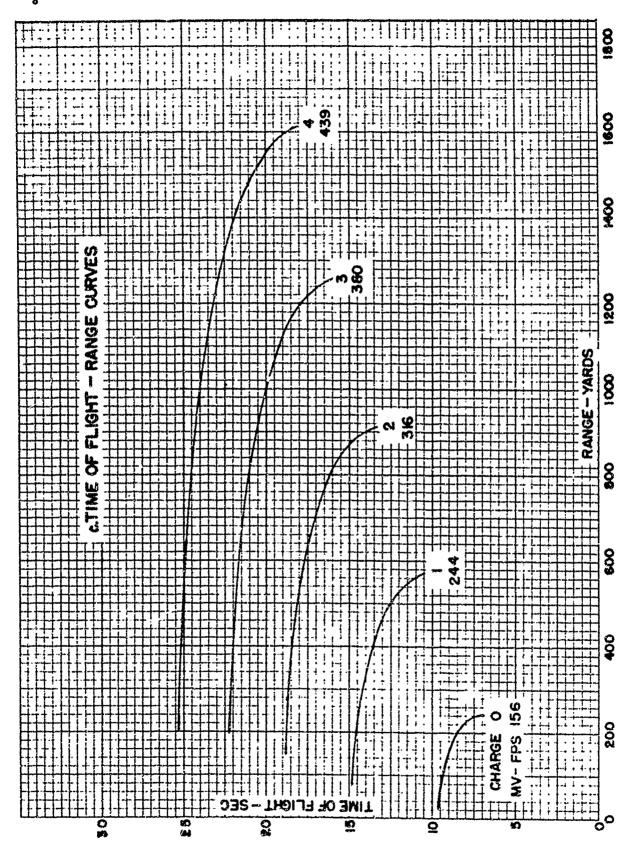
Mortar, 60-mm, M2 and M19. Smooth bore. Muzzle loading. Projectile weight: 3 98 lb. OCM items 26323 and 26708 recommended and approved standardization of the 60-mm WP Smoke Shell M302 with the PD Fuze M82.

a. Form factor and ballistic coefficient. The following form factor and ballistic coefficient and the projectile Type 1 apply to all elevations and muzzle velocities.

i<sub>1</sub> 0.905 C<sub>1</sub> 0.788







Paragraph

## SECTION IV

## EFFECT DATA

White Phosphorus	7
	,
7 White Dhoenhouse White Dhoenhouse (WD) to a male will am with white	

7. White Phosphorus. White Phosphorus (WP) is a pale yellow solid which burns to white smoke in air. The smoke persists for 10 minutes and has the same odor as burning matches. The burning pieces adhere to the skin and clothing; they should be washed with copper sulfate solution or immersed in water. WP is used to screen advancing troops, to start fires, and to harass enemy observers.

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 75-1-41

Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 7 March 1949

BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HE, 75-mm, M41A1

with

Fuzes, PD, M48A2, and TSQ, M54

Section		Paragraphs
I	General	1
π	Descript' n	2 - 4
m	Interior ballistic data	5 - 6
VI	Exterior ballistic data	7 - 8

### SECTION I

### GENERAL

	Para	grapn
Purpose		1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics and ballistics of the 75-mm High Explosive Shell M41A1 with the Point Detonating Fuze M48A2 and the Time and Super-quick Fuze M54. This information is collected from the drawings, reports and firing tables pertaining to this ammunition.

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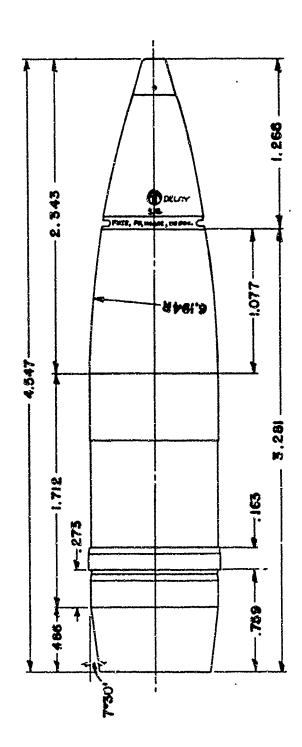
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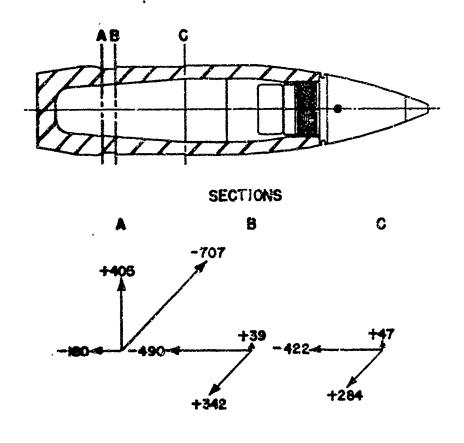
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ALL DIMENS'ONS IN CALIBERS (CAL = 2.953"



SHELL, HE, 75MM, M41AI FUZE, PD, M48A2

	Paragraph	
Drawings	2	
Dimensions	3	
Physical characteristics	4	
2. Drawings.		
Shell: Metal parts assembly, marking		
and details	75-2-258	
Booster M20: Assembly	73-2-112	
Fuze, PD, M48A2: Assembly	73-2-140	
Details	73-2-143, etc.	
Fuze, TSQ, M54: Assembly Details	73-3-154 73-3-156, 157, 158, 159, 160	
3. Dimensions.		
	non-1	
Boattail: Angle Length	7°30° 0.486 cal	
Band: Distance from boattail .	0.273 cal	
Distance from base	0.759 cal	
Width	0.163 cal	
Cylindrical body: Length	1.712 cal	
Ogive: Length	1.077 cal	
Radius of arc	6.194 cal	
Fuze: Cutside length	1.266 cal	
Length: Shell	3.281 cal	
Shell and Fuze	4.547 cal	
Ogive and Fuze	2.343 cal	
4. Physical characteristics.		
Mean weight: Zone 1	13.6 !ხ	
Zone 2 (standard)	13.9 lb	
Zone 3	14.2 lb	
Axial moment of inertia (estimated)	0.118 lb. fi <sub>2</sub>	
Transverse moment of inertia (estimated)	1.09 lb. ft <sup>2</sup>	
Transperse moment of metric (cs:.)	1,00 10,10	



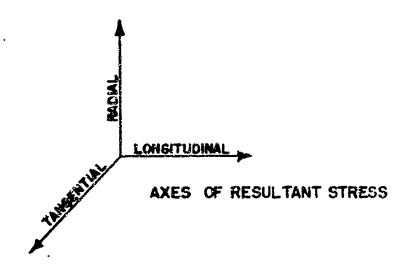


DIAGRAM OF RESULTANT STRESSES

4

## INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

	Paragraph
Stresses	5
Theoretical yaw in bore	S

5. Stresses. The following table and the graphical representation on page 4 show the longitudinal, radia, and tangential stress at each of three sections: (A) the rear corner of the band seat, (B) the front of the band seat, and (C) immediately behind the bourrelet.

Howitzer	75-mm M1, M1A1, M2 and M3
Twist of rifling	1/20
Cross-sectional area of bore	7.0043 sq in.
Rated maximum pressure	29,000 psi
Total weight of projectile	13.90 lb
Muzzle velocity	1,270 fps
Density of filler (TNT)	0.057 lb per cu in.
Resultant Stress*	Section

Resultant Stress*	Section												
100 psi	A	В	C										
Longitudinal	~ 180	- 490	- 422										
Radial	+ 405	+ 39	+ 47										
Tangential	- 707	+ 342	+ 284										

<sup>\* +</sup> denotes tension, - denotes compression.

<sup>8.</sup> Theoretical yaw in bore.

Minimum	13.6 min
Maximum	18.7 min

## SECTION IV

# EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

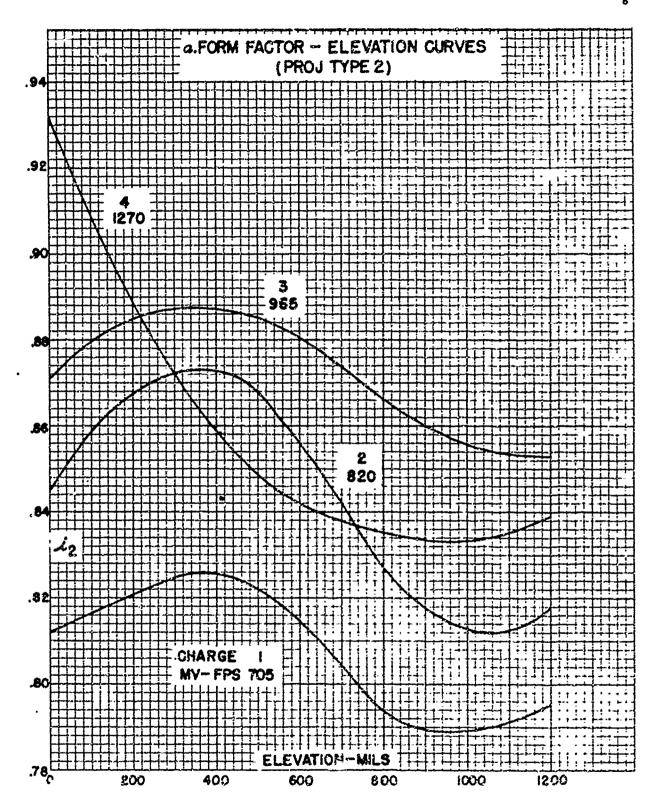
																										Paragraph
Aerodynamic data																										
Firing table data	-	•	-	-	-		-	-	-	*	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8

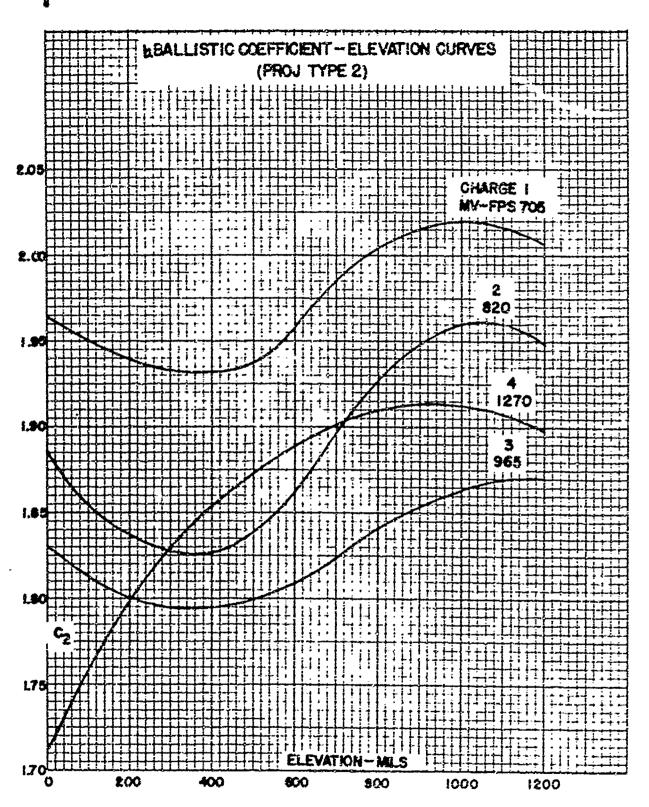
7. Aerodynamic data. The trajectories for the 75-mm Howitzers were based on the G<sub>2</sub> drag function, with ballistic coefficients determined from range firings (see par. 8b). The extrapolated values of the ballistic coefficient at zero elevation and the corresponding form factors and drag coefficients are tabulated below.

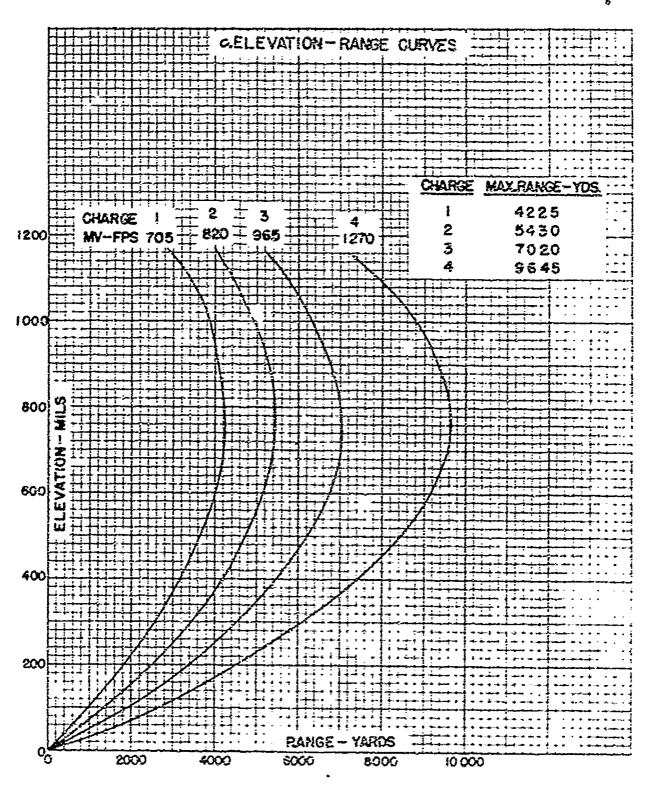
Muzzle Velocity	Ballistic Coefficient	Form Factor	Drag Coefficient
Velocity fps	$\overline{c_2}$	i <sub>2</sub>	K <sub>D</sub>
705	1.964	.81	.057
820	1.886	.85	.056
965	1.830	.87	.059
1270	1.714	.93	.149

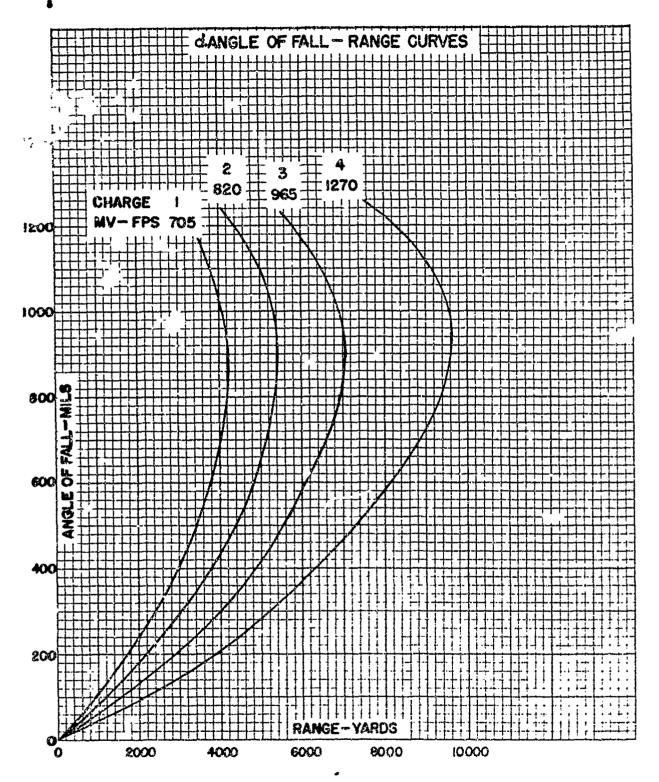
<sup>8.</sup> Firing table data. FT 75-I-4.

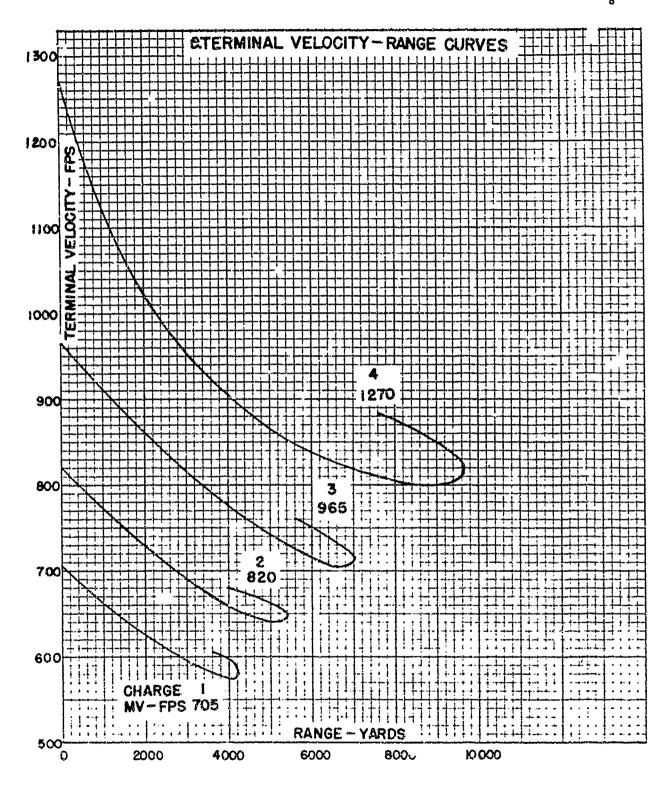
Howitzer, 75-mm, M1A1, M2 and M3. Twist of rifling: 1/20. OCM items 15194 and 15278 recommended and approved reclassifying the HE Shell M41A1 as substitute standard for the Howitzers.

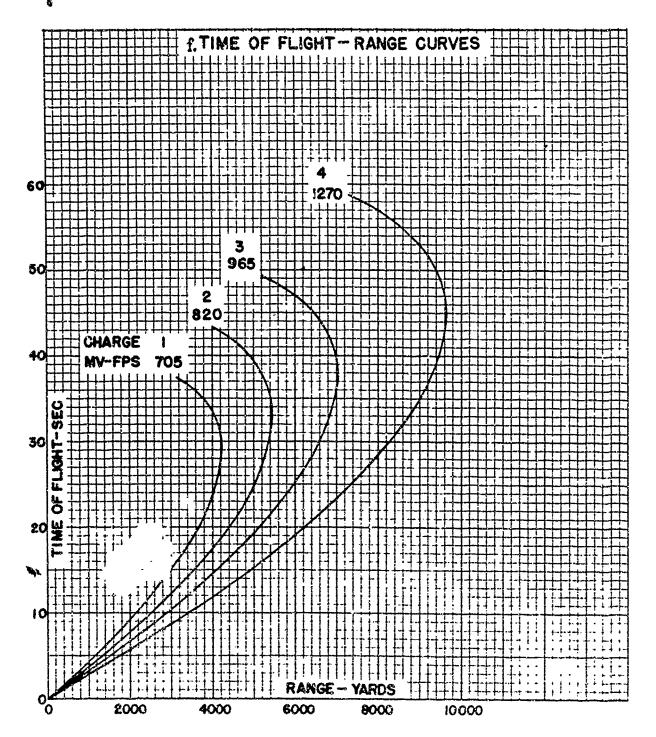


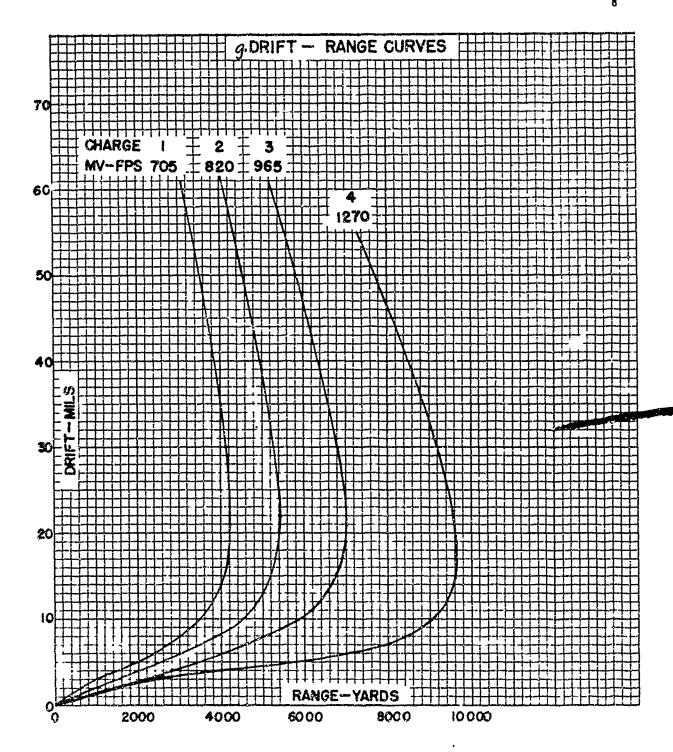


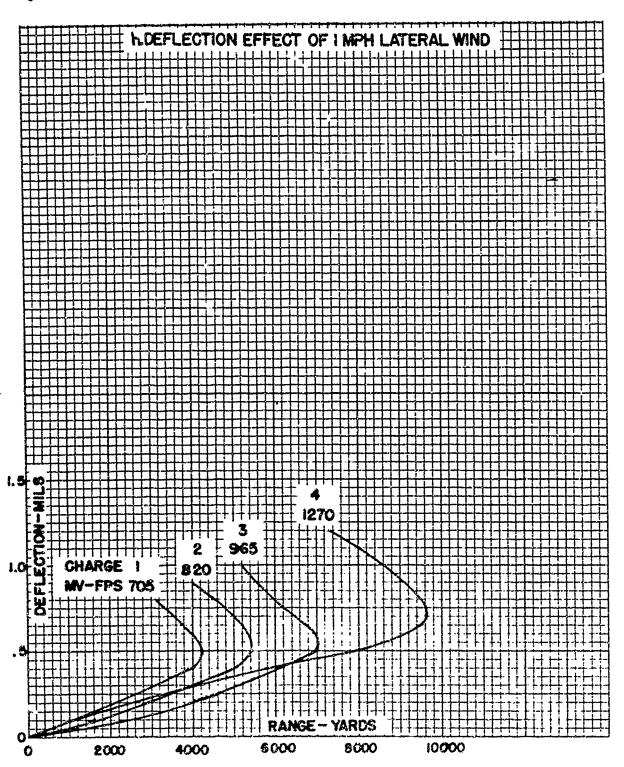


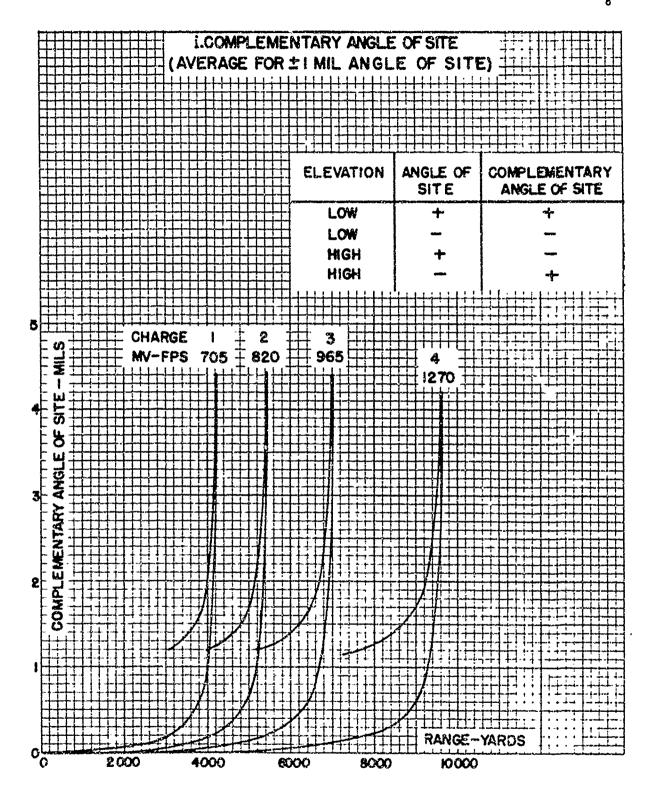


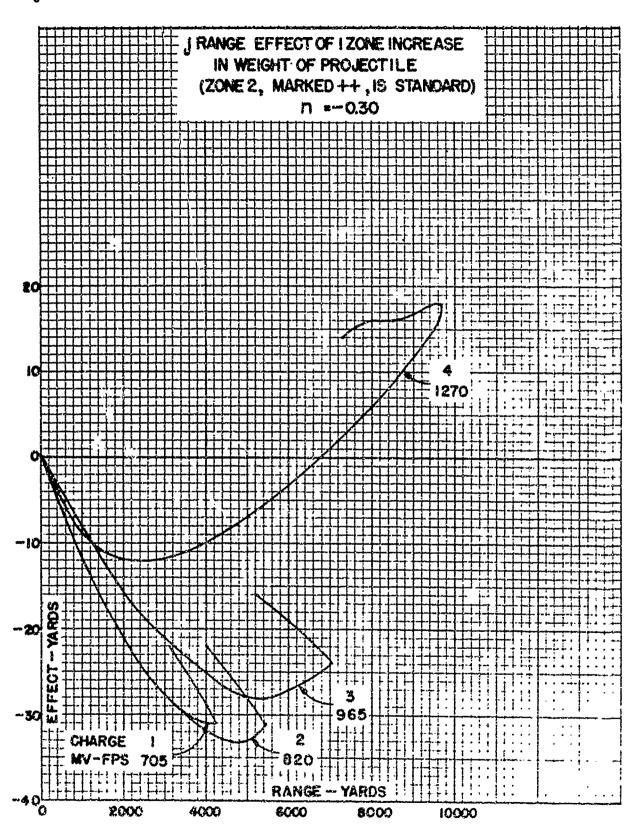


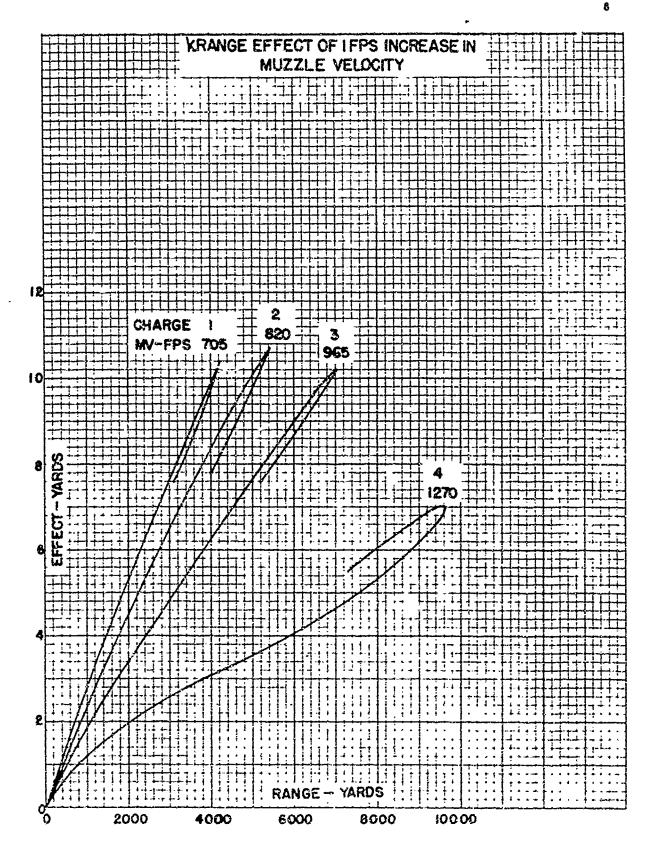


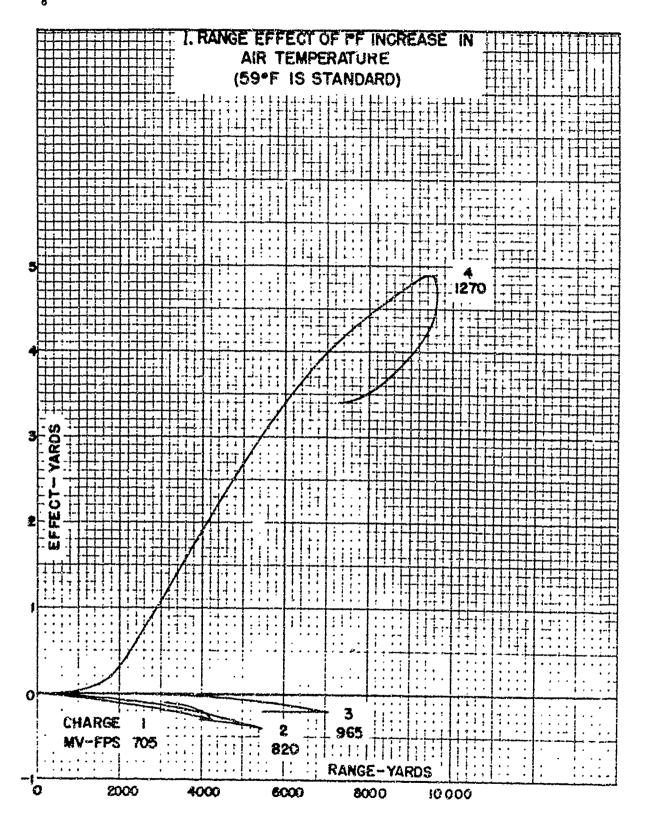


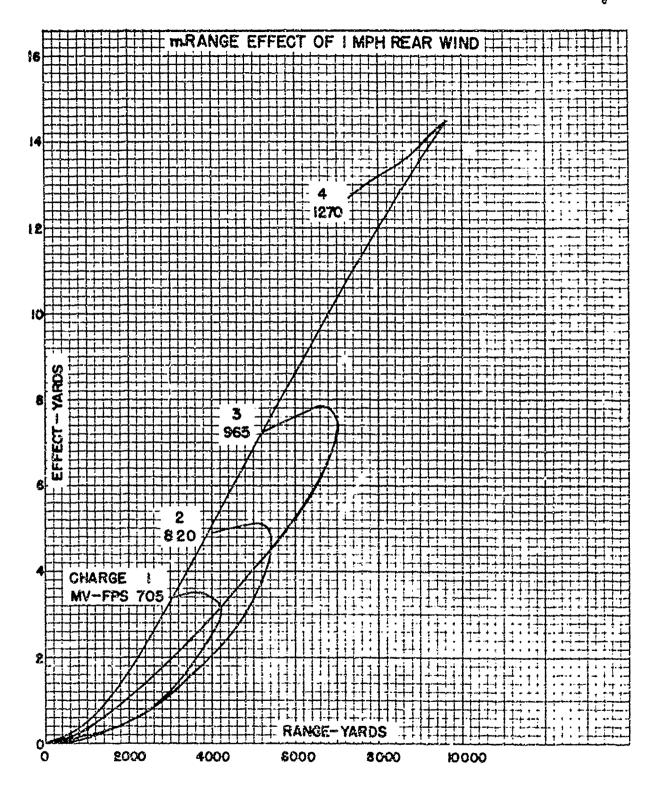


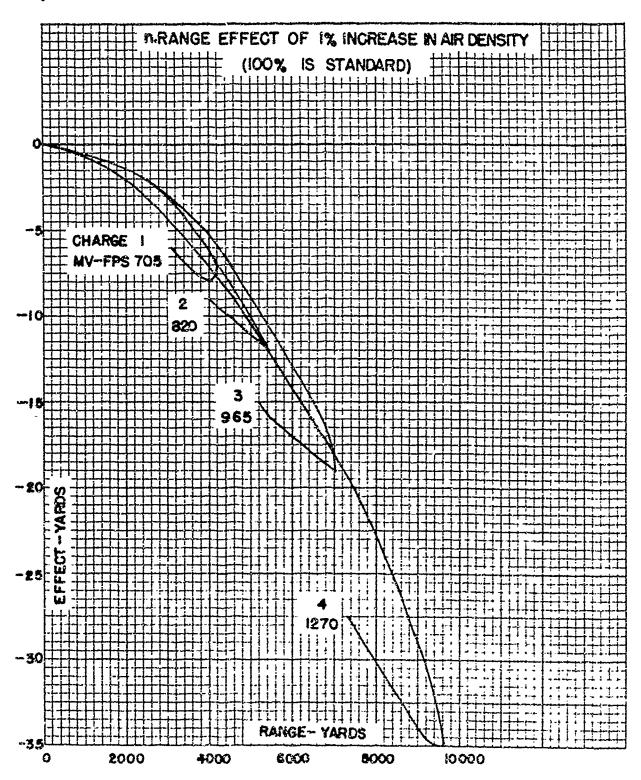












:4

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 75-1-48

 Ballistic Research Lab.
 Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland.
 10 March 1949

#### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HE, 75-mm, M48, and M48E2

with

Fuzes, MT, M43; PD, M48A2, M51A4 and M57; TSO, M54 and M55A3; CP, M78; and VT, M97A1 and T73

Section		Paragraphs
I	General	1
Π	Description	2 - 4
ш	Interior ballistic data	5 - 6
ľV	Exterior ballistic data	7 - 10
v	Effect data	11 - 14

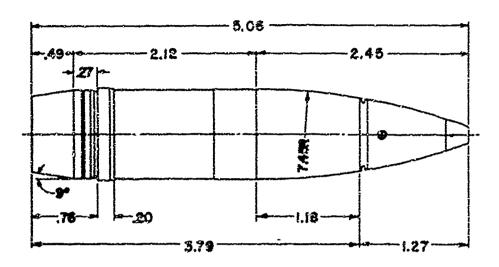
## SECTION I

#### GENERAL

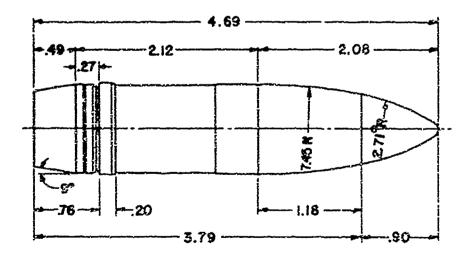
																																Paragraph
Purpose -	~	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 75-mm High Explosive Shell M48 with the Mechanical Time Fuze M43, the Point Detonating Fuzes M48A2, M51A4 and M57, the Time and Super-quick Fuzes M54 and M55A3, the Concrete Piercing Fuze M78, and the Variable Time Fuze M97A1. It also includes some data regarding the experimental High Explosive Shell M48E2 and Variable Time Fuze T73. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, firing tables, and technical manuals pertaining to this ammution.

# ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS 1 CAL = 2.953"



SHELL, HE, 75-MM, M48 FUZE, PD, M48A2



SHELL, HE, 75-MM, M48 FUZE, CP, M78

# SECTION E

# DESCRIPTION

	Paragraph
Drawings	2
Dimensions	3
Physical characteristics	4
3. Prewings.	
Shell M48: Metal parts assembly, marking diagram	
and details 75-2-255	
Booster M20: Assembly 73-2-112	
Booster M21A4: Assembly 73-2-154	
Fuze, MT, M43: Assembly 73-7- 29	
Fuze, PD, M4SA2: Assembly 73-2-140	
Details 73-2-143, etc.	
Puze, PD, M51A4: Assembly 73-2-145	
Details 73-2-143, stc.	
Fuze, PD, M57: Assembly and details 73-2-138	
Details 73-2-139	
Fuze, TSQ, M64: Assembly 73-3-154	
Details 73-3-158, 157, 158, 152, 160	
Fuze, TSQ, M55A3: Assembly and details 73-3-155 (The Booster M21A4 and the TSO Fuze M54 are components of the TSQ Fuze M55A3)	
Fuze, CP, M76: Sody assembly and details 73-2-214	
5. Dimensions.	
Boattzil: Angle 900	
Length 0.49 cai	
Band. Distance from boattail 0.27 cal	
Distance from base 0.78 cal	
Width 0.20 cal	
Cylindrical body: Length 2.12 mg	
Ogive: Length 1.18 ca.	
Radius of arc	
Shell; unfuzed: Length	
Fuze (any except CP, MC8). Outside length	
She.l and Puze	
Ogive and Puze 2.41.	

Fuze, CP, M78:	Outside length	0.90 cal
	Radius of arc	2.71 cal
	Shell and Fuze	4.69 cal
	Ogive and Fuze	2.08 cal

# 4. Physical characteristics.

Faze		Mean Weig	ki (iu)	Base to	Moments	of Inertia		
	•	Zone		Center of		lb.ft")		
	1	? (Standard)	3 	Gravity (cal)	Axial	Transverse		
MT	14.40	14.70	15.00	2.043	0.1260	1.523		
PD	14.40	14.70	15.00	3.037	0.1259	1.495		
TSQ	14.40	14.70	15.00					
CP	15.12	15.42	15.72					
VT	14.65	14.95	15.25					

## SECTION III

## INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

	Paragraph
Streamer	 5
Theoretical yaw in bore	 6

5. Sixtures. The following table dithe graphical representation on page 5 show the longitudinal, radial and tangential stress at each of two sections: (A) the rear corner of the band seat and (B) the front of the band seat.

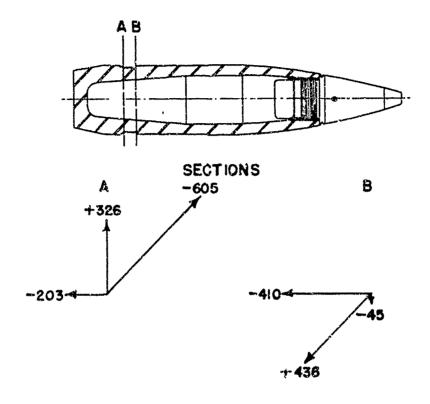
Gun	75-mm, M1897Al								
Twist of rifling	1/25.586								
Cross-sectional area of bore	6.967 sq 'a,								
Hated maximum pressure	36,000 psi								
Total weight of projectile	14.70 lb								
Fluzzle velocity	1,950 fps								
Density of filier	0.057 lb per cu in.								

Resultant Stress*			
100 psi	_A_		<u>B</u>
Longitudina!	- 203		- 410
Radial	+ 326		- 15
Tangertial	· 605		+ 438

<sup>\* +</sup> deactes tension, ~ denotes compression.

# 3. Timestolical yaw in bore.

Minimum	9 min
Maximum	13 min



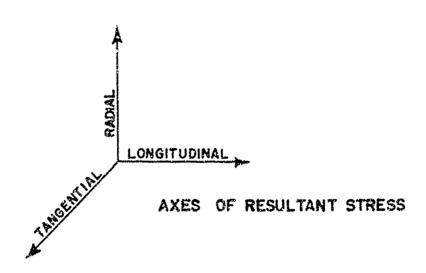


DIAGRAM OF RESULTANT STRESSES

#### SECTION IV

#### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

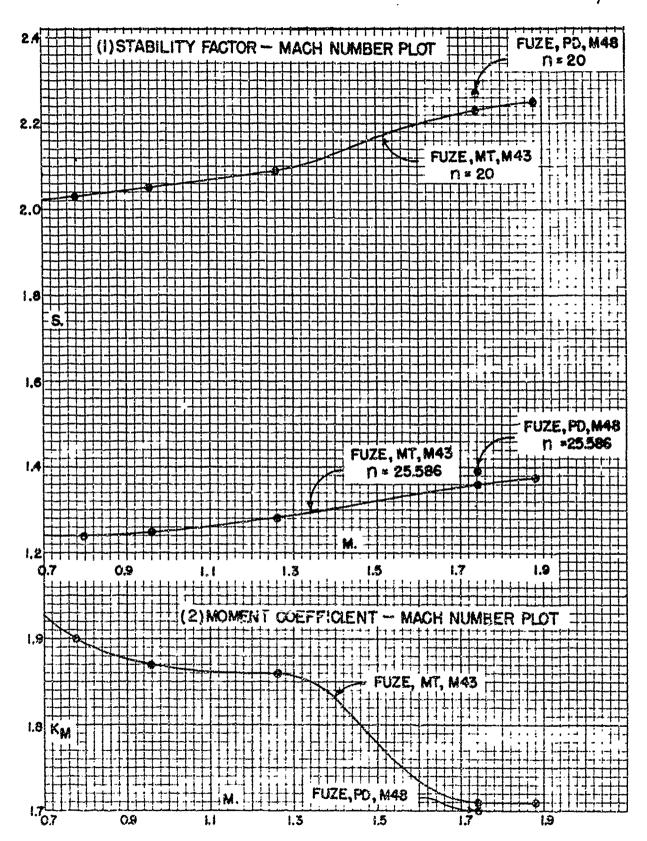
																		Paragraph
Aerodynamic data		_	 . ~	-	-	•	~	-	-	-	 		~	-	-	-	~	7
Firing table data:	Howitzers	-	 	•	-	-	-	•	_	-	 	_	-	_	-	-	-	8
Firing table data:																		
Firing table data:	Aircraft Guns		 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	 	-	-	-	-	-	-	10

# 7. Aerodynamic data.

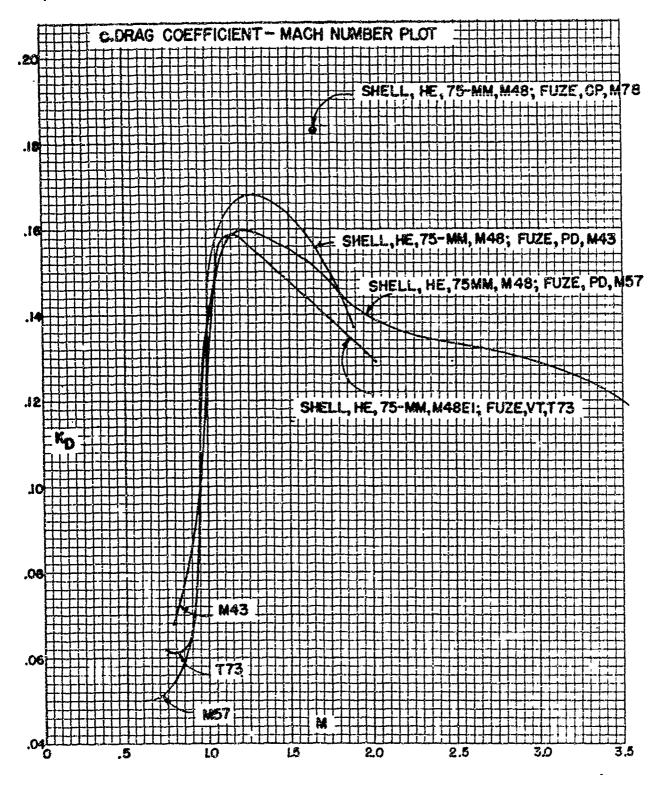
a. Loss of spin. Ballistic Research Laboratory Memorandum Report No. 297, "Spin Imparted by 75-mm Gun T13E1", gives data obtained by means of a radio spin sonde from five inert M48 Shell with a dunmy fuze that has the same contour as the PD Fuze M48A2, fired from 75-mm Guns T13E1 with special tubes that have a French form of rifling with a twist of 1/22. The average muzzle velocity was 2014 fps. Below are average data for times of flight from 1 to 18 seconds:

Reynolds' number, based on the translational velocity and the caliber of the shell and the	
kinematic viscosity of the air	2.30x10 <sup>6</sup>
Axial couple coefficient, KA	0.00587
Skin friction drag coefficient, C*DF	0.00175

b. Stability. The "Report on Stability Firing with 75-mm T3 Shell Fitted with M39A2 PD and T12 Mechanical Time Fuzes" (Ordnance Program 4982, Technical Staff Test Program 1932-685) gives data on stability for the Shell M48 (T3) with the MT Fuze M43 (T12) at muzzle velocities of 905, 1113, 1479, and 2190 fps. The report on "Stability and Damping of 75-mm HE Shell M48" (Ballistic Research Laboratory Memorandum Report No. 203) gives data on stability for the Shell M48 with the MT Fuze M43A3 and the PD Fuze M48 at a muzzle velocity of about 1950 fps. The stability firings were done with the 75-mm Gun M1920 MVI No. 1, which was rifled with a twist of 1/25, and a modified Aircraft Gun M4 with a twist of 1/22. The twist of rifling is 1/20 for the 75-mm Howitzers, 1/22 for the Aircraft Guns M5A1 and M10, and 1/25.586 (corresponding to an angle of 7°) for the Tank Guns M3, M6 and M17 and the Antiaircraft Guns T6 and T22.



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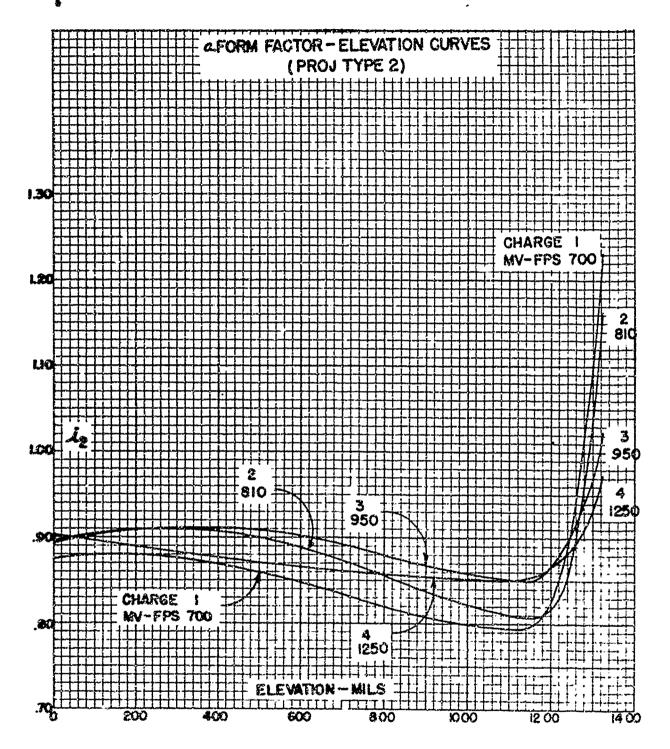


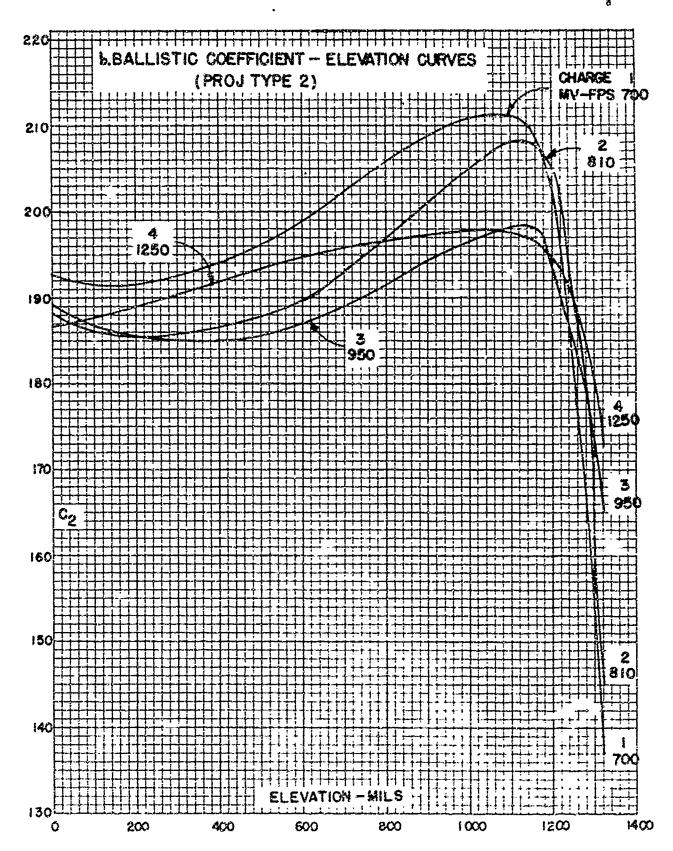
d. Damping. The damping of the M48 Shell was observed in connection with the stability firings at 1950 fps. The average values of the sum of the yawing moment damping factor f and the cross wind force damping factor f are tabulated below.

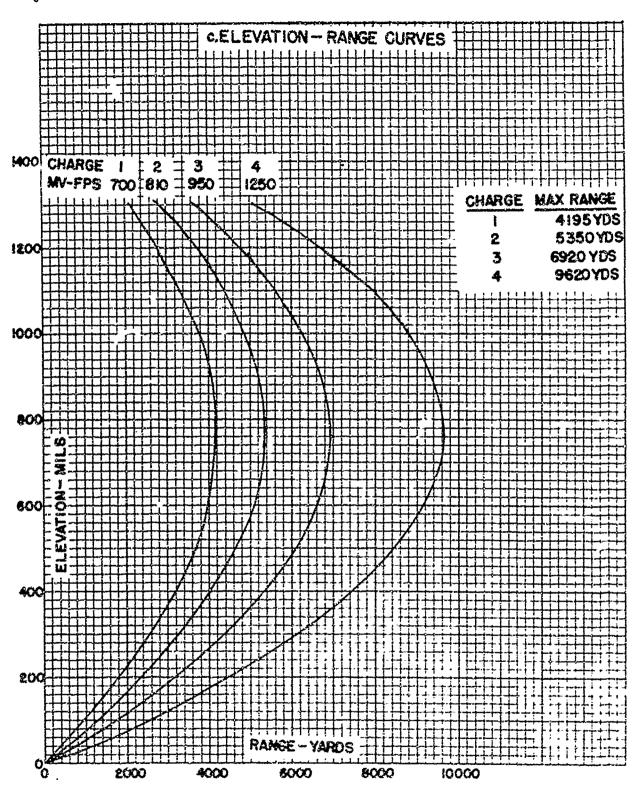
Fuze	f + K	Probable Error
MT, M43A3	2.82	0.49
PD, M48	5.00	1.08
Both	3.76	0.77

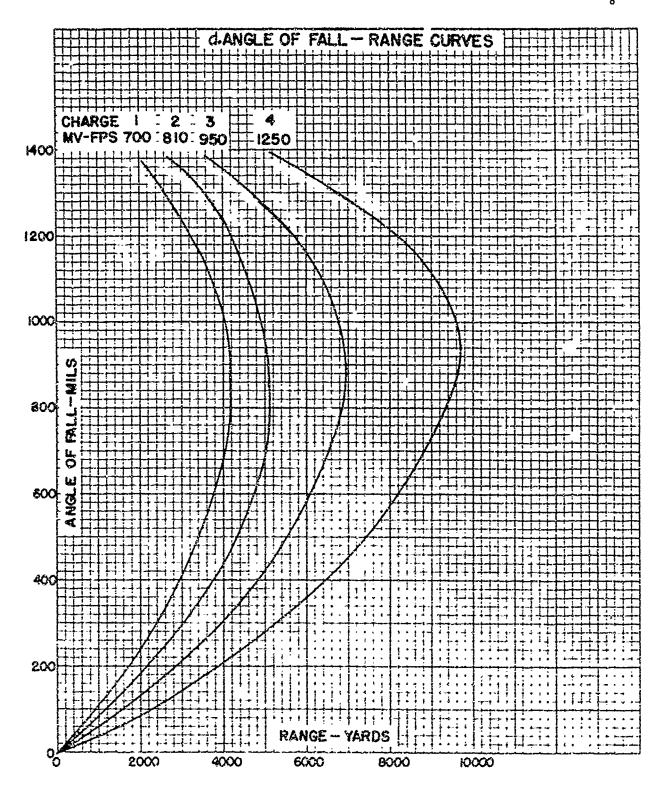
8. Firing table data: Howitzers. FT 75-I-4 with C5.

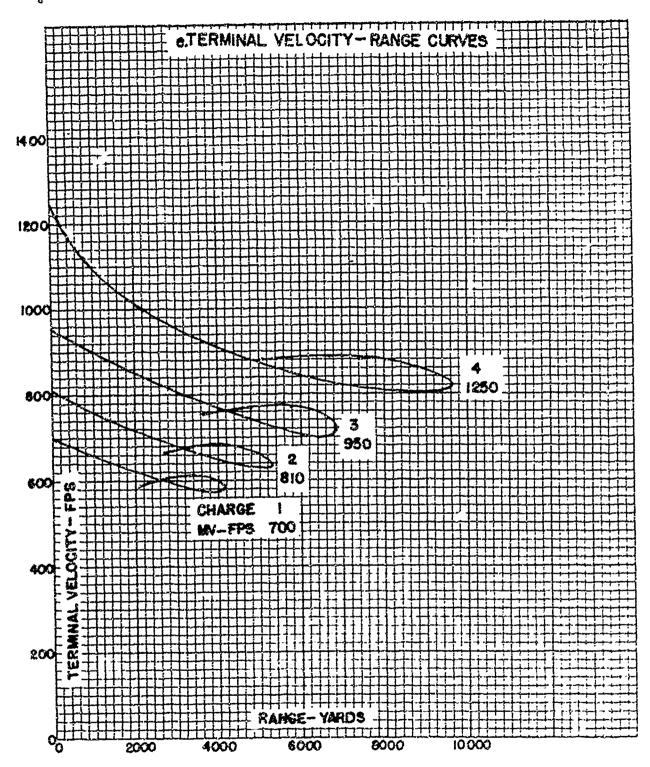
Howitzers, 75-mm, M1A1, M2 and M3. Twist of rifling: 1/20. OCM items 15055 and 15132 recommended and approved standardization of the HE Shell M48 for use in the Field Gun. OCM items 15194 and 15278 recommended and approved standardization of the HE Shell M48 for use in the Howitzer.

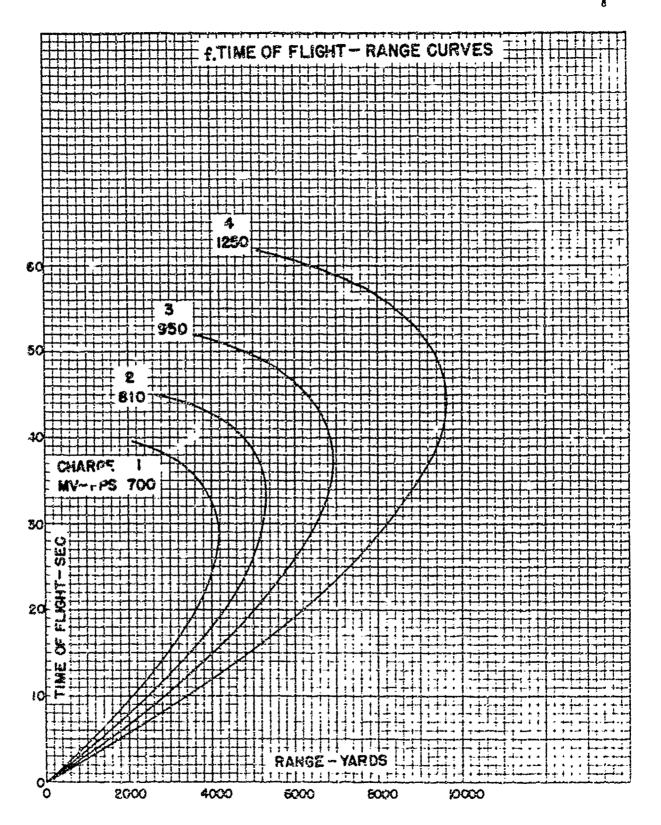


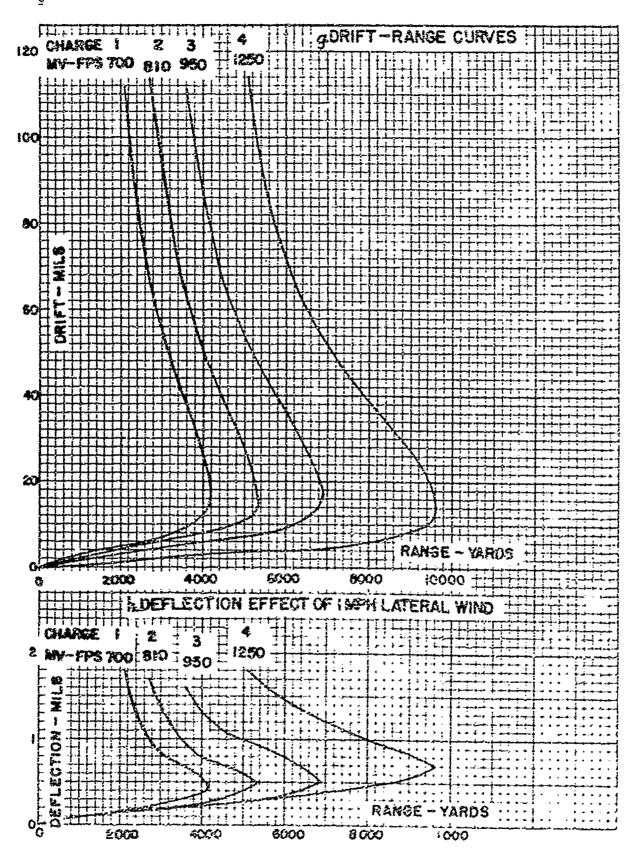


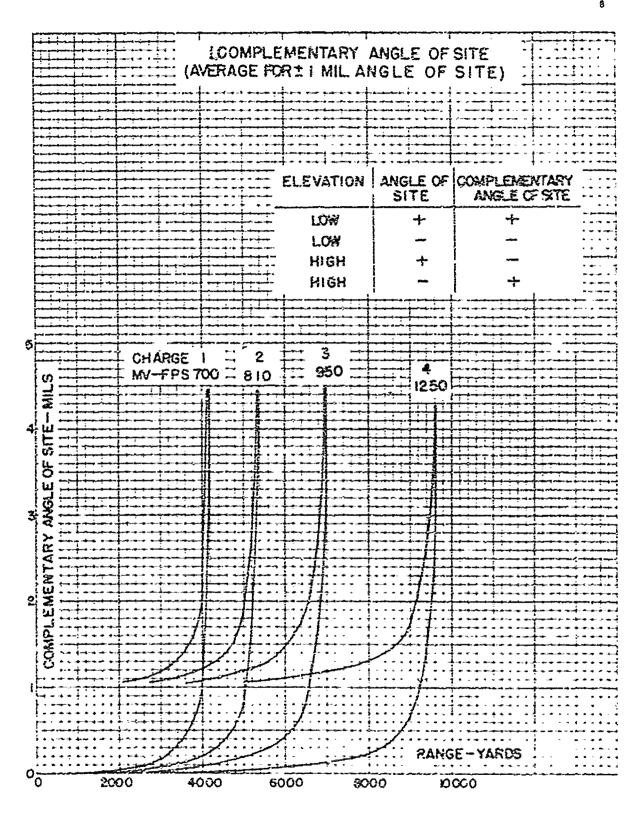


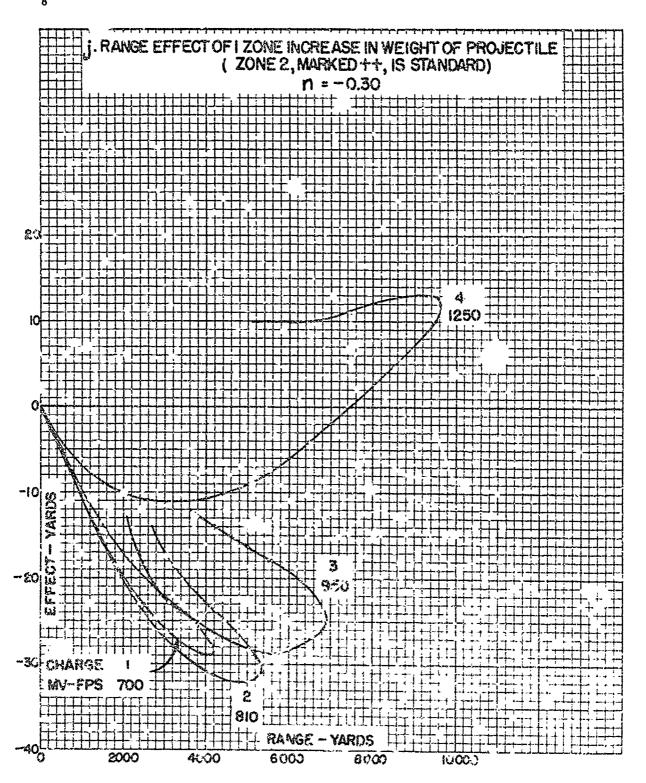


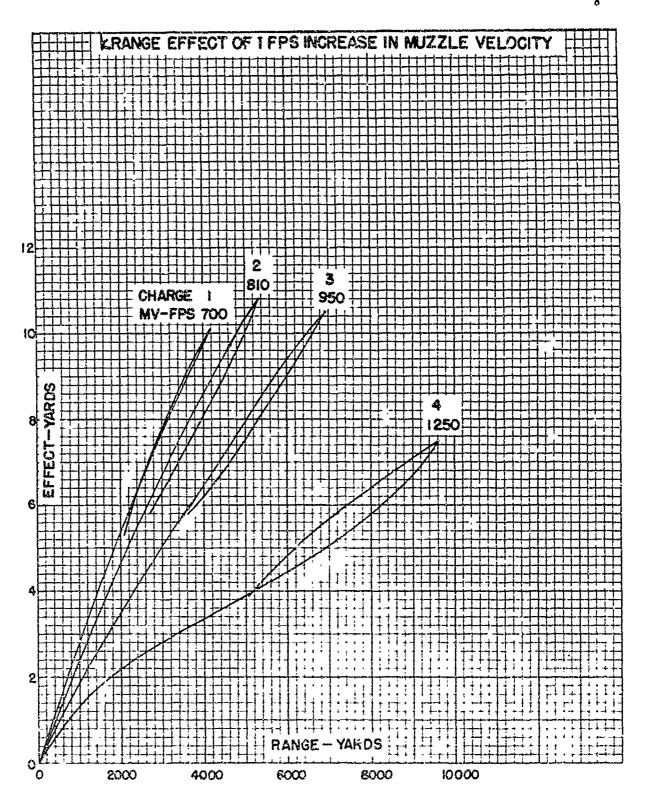


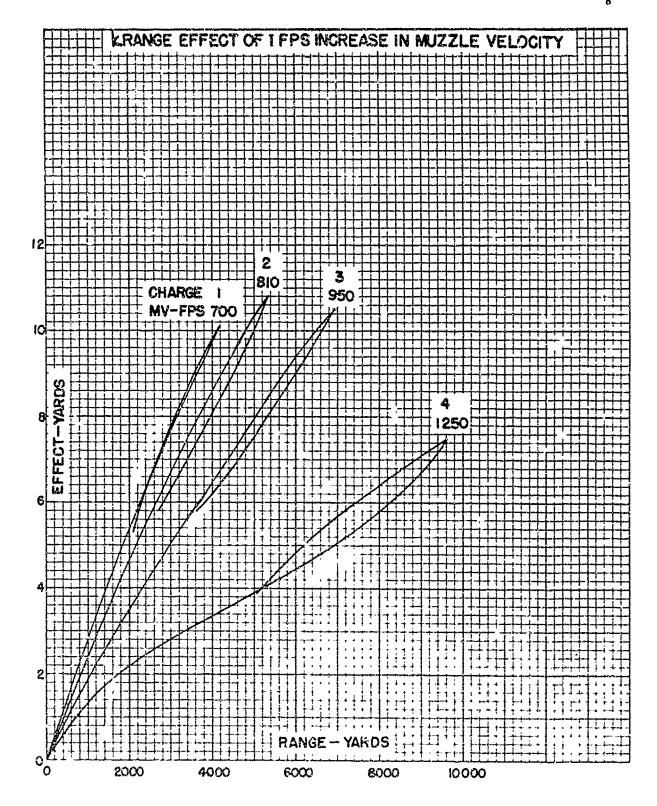


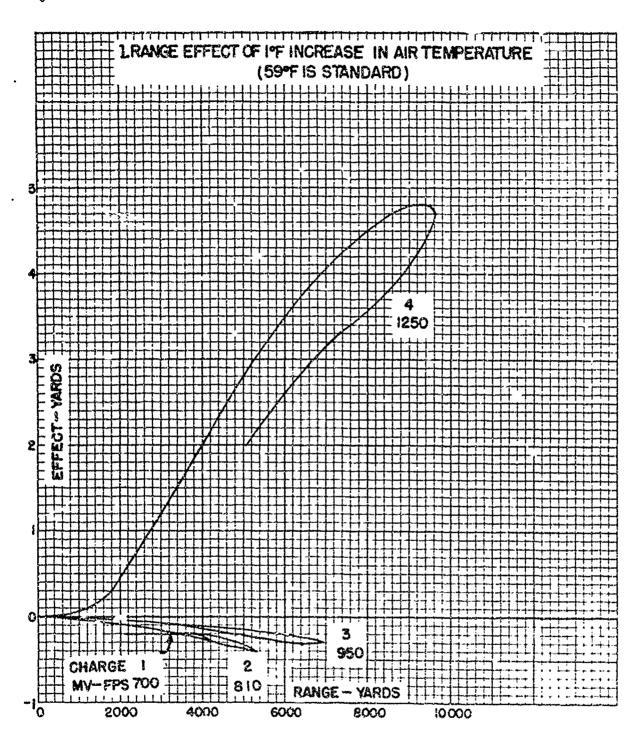


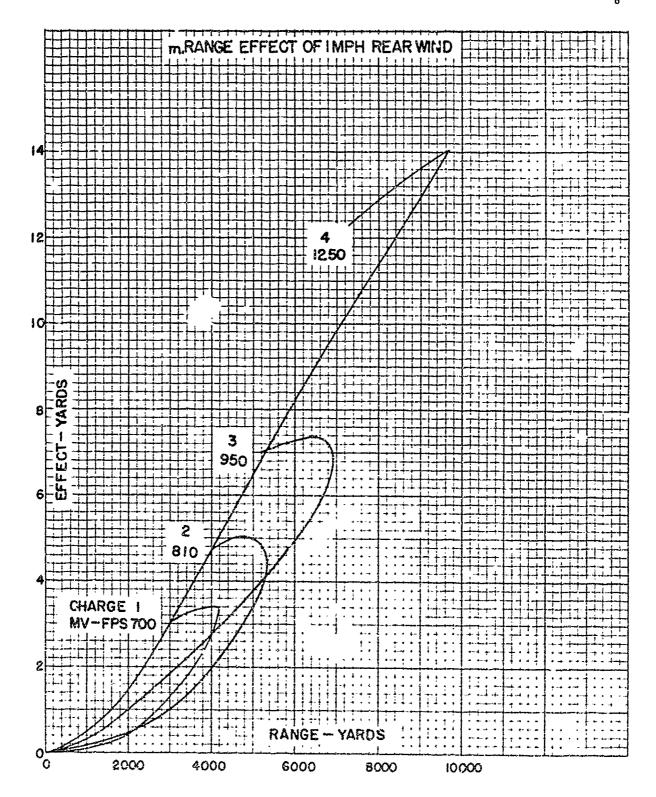


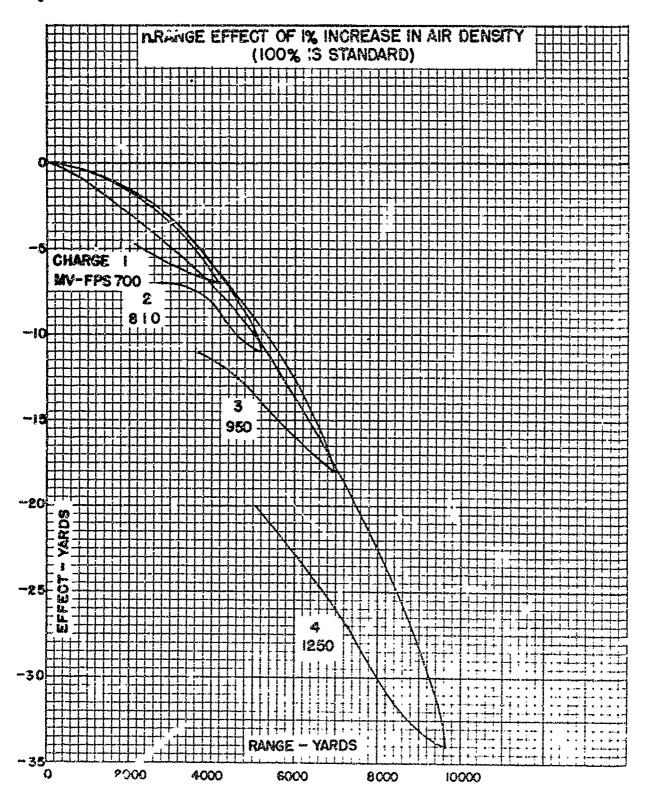


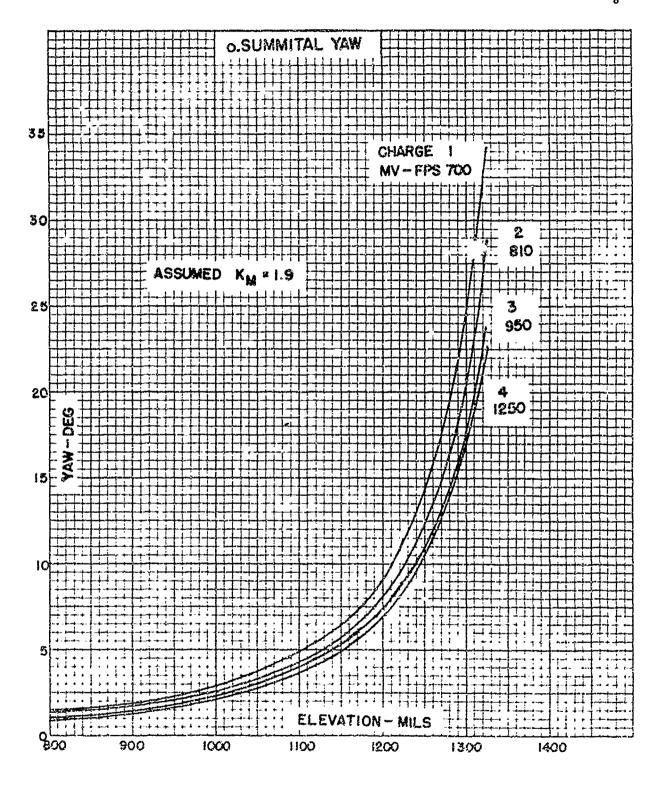








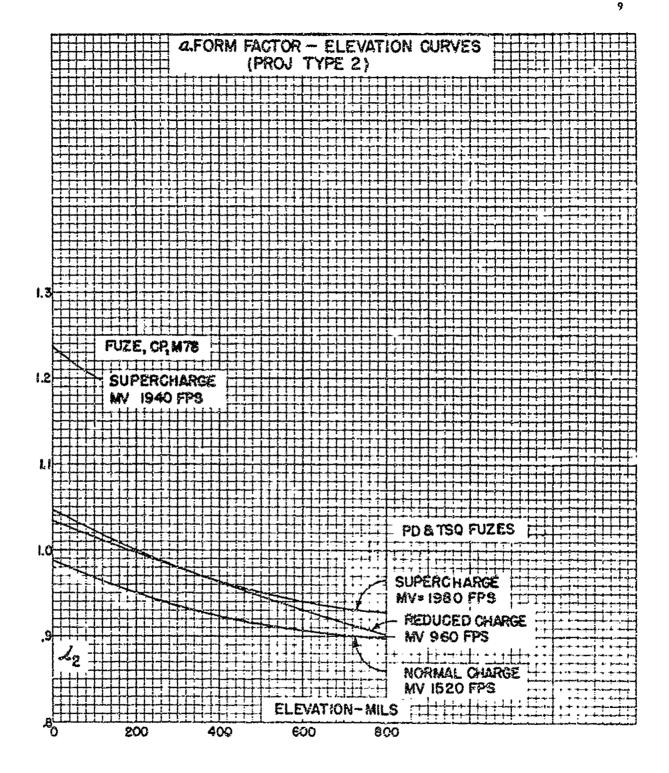


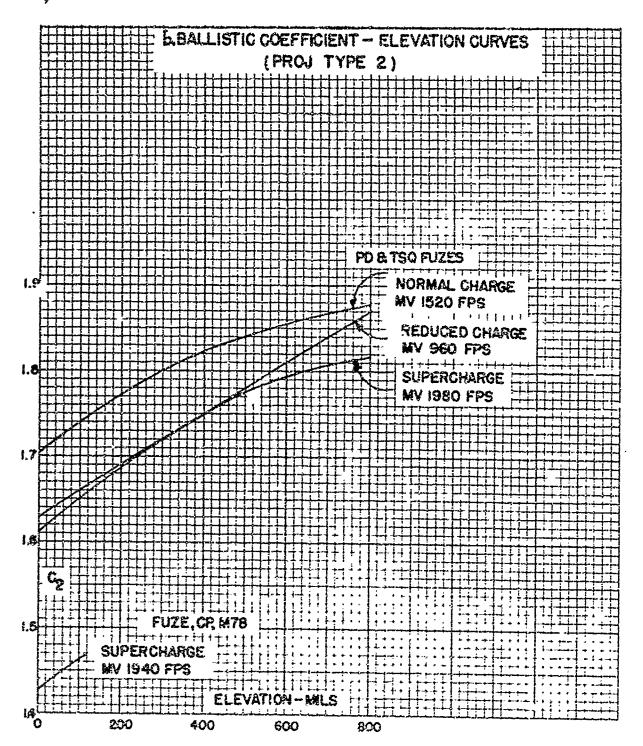


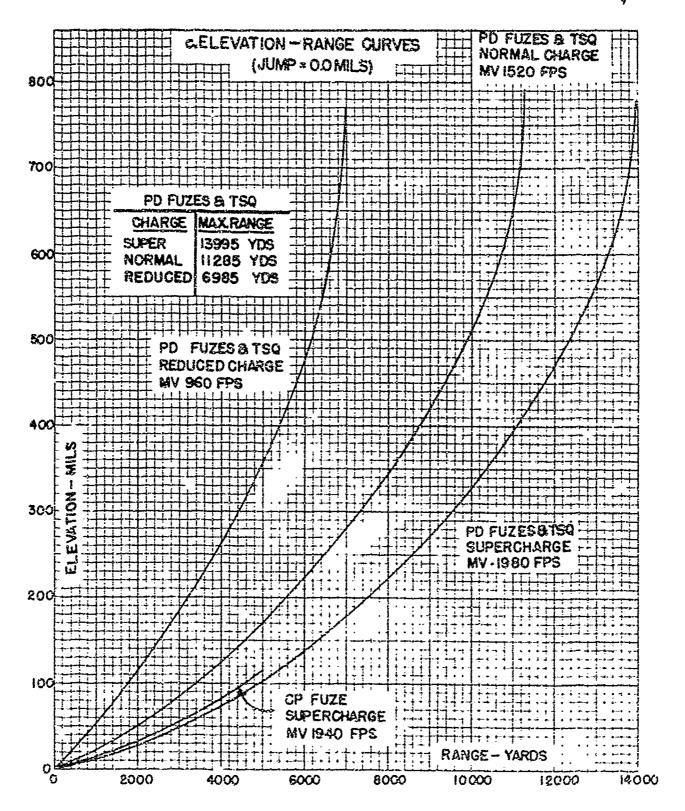
# S. Firing table date: Tank Guns. FT 75-AY-1.

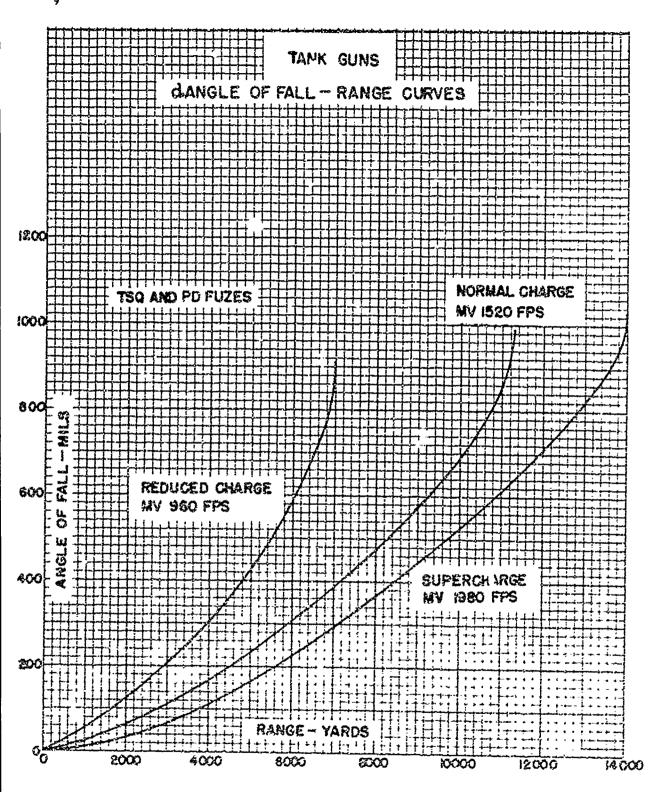
Guns, 75-mm, M3 (mounted in Medium Tank M4 and modification, including Assault Tank M4A3E2) M6 and M17 (mounted in Light Tank M24). Twist of rifling: 1/25.586.

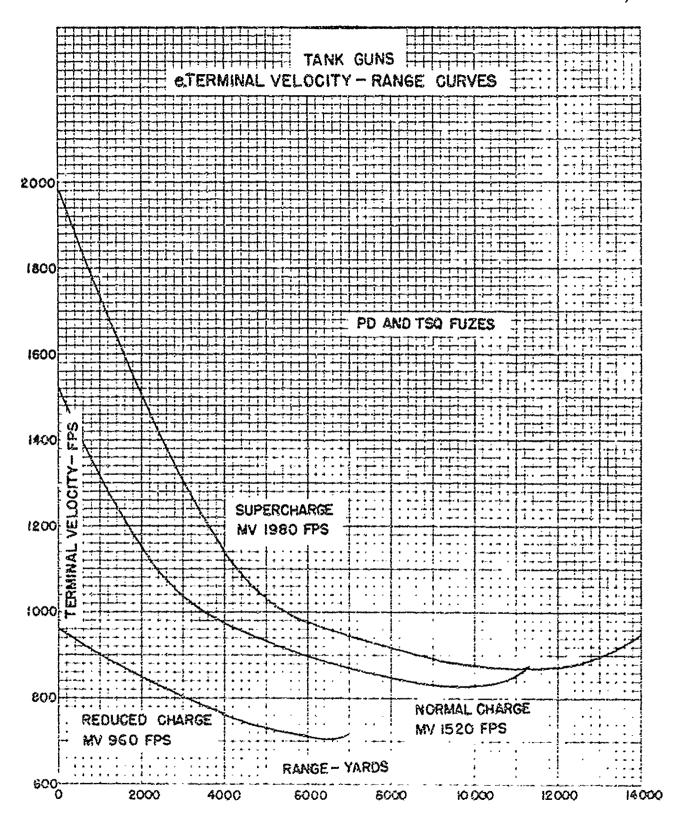
OCM items 16840 and 16741 recommended and approved the use of the HE Shell M48 in the 75-mm Tank Gun M2, which is now obsolete.

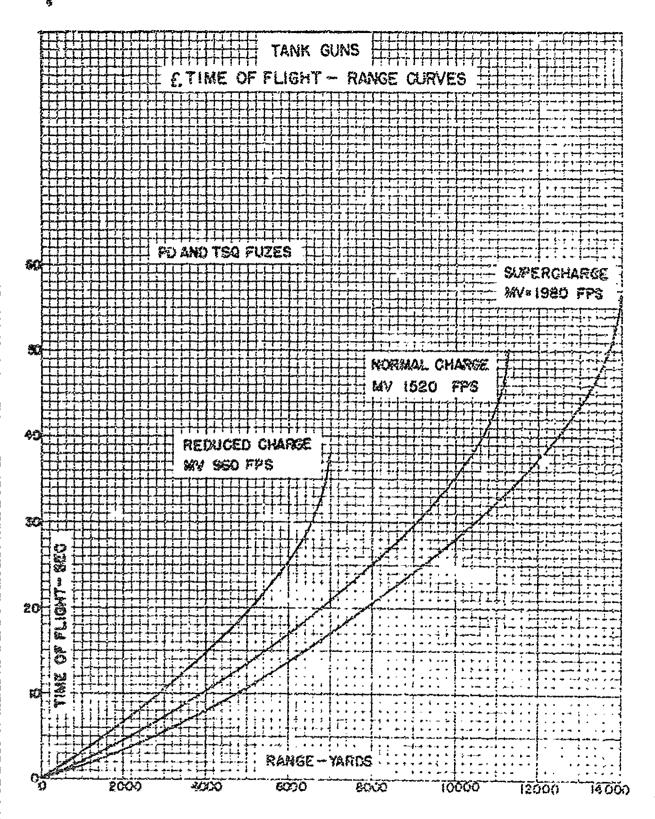


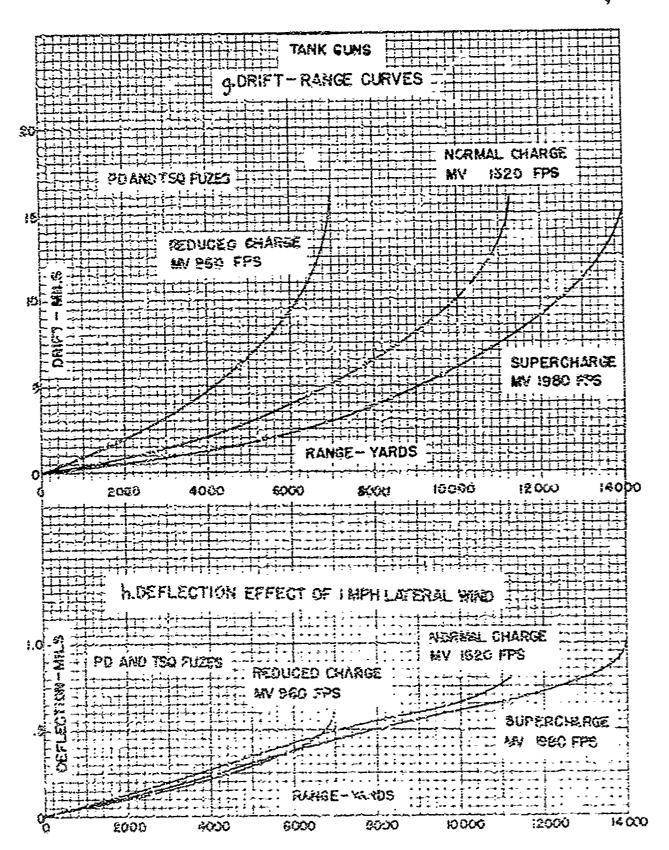


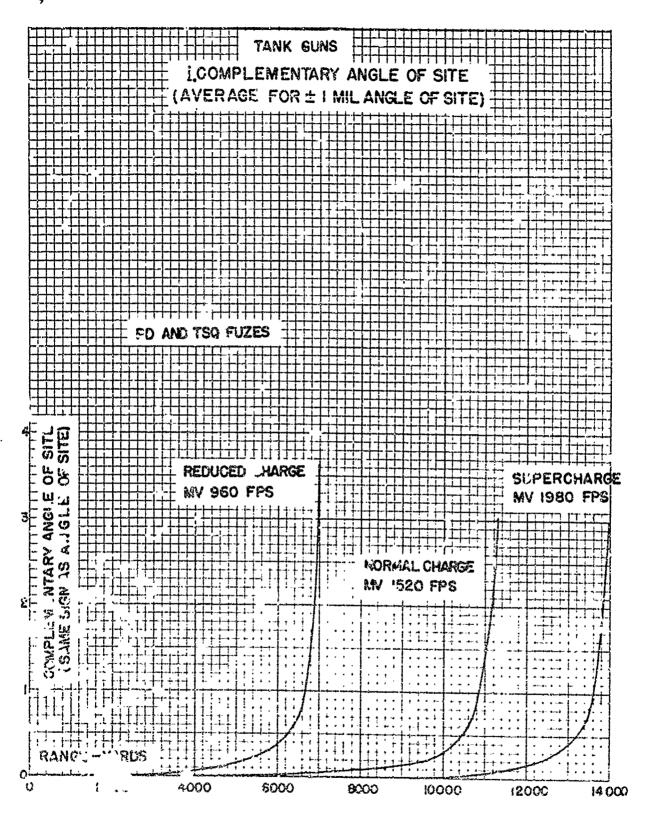


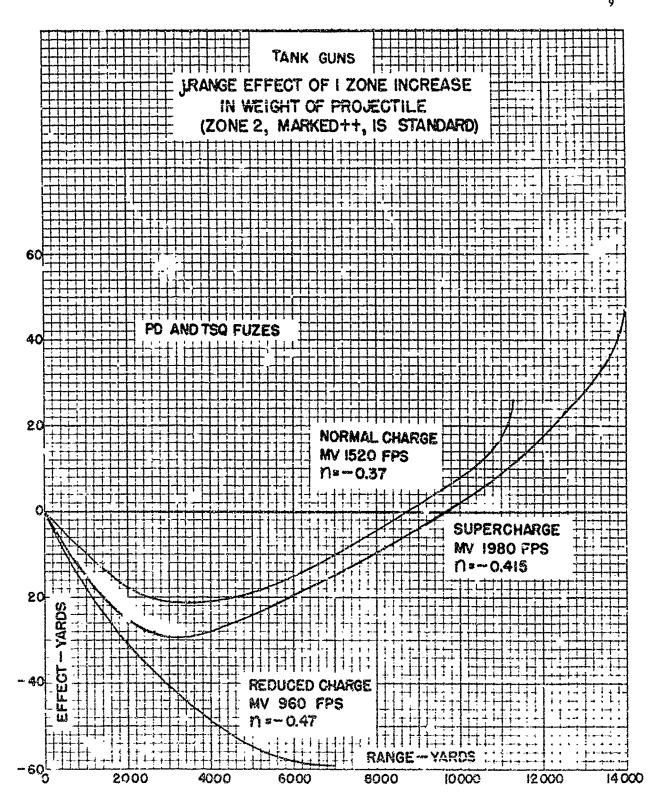


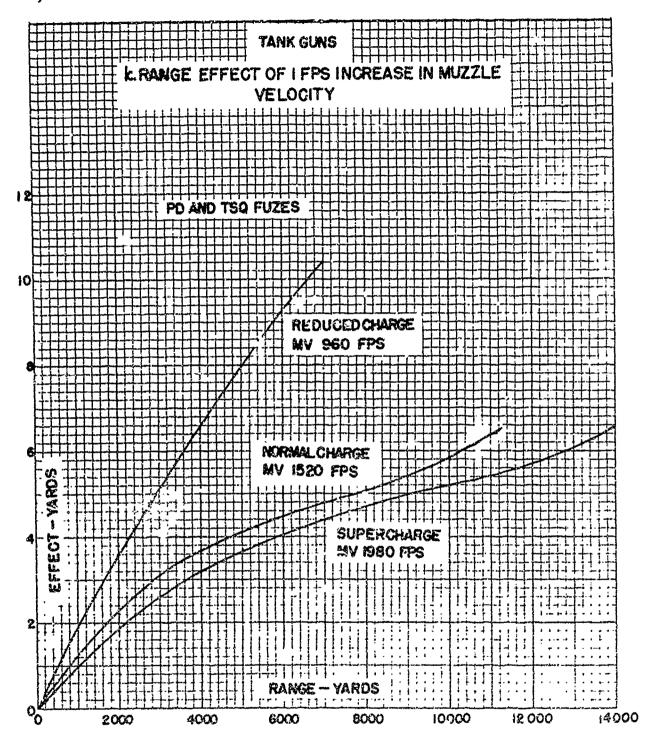


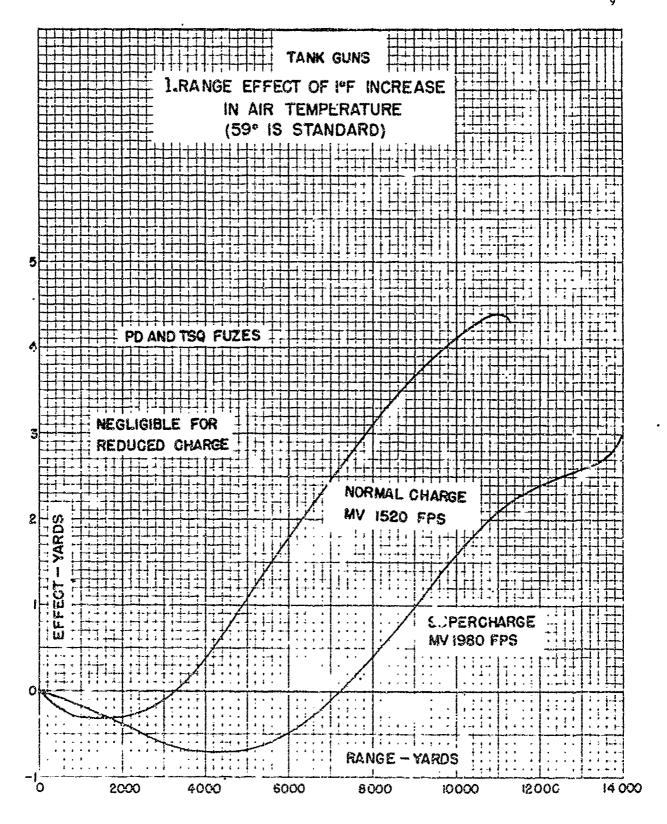




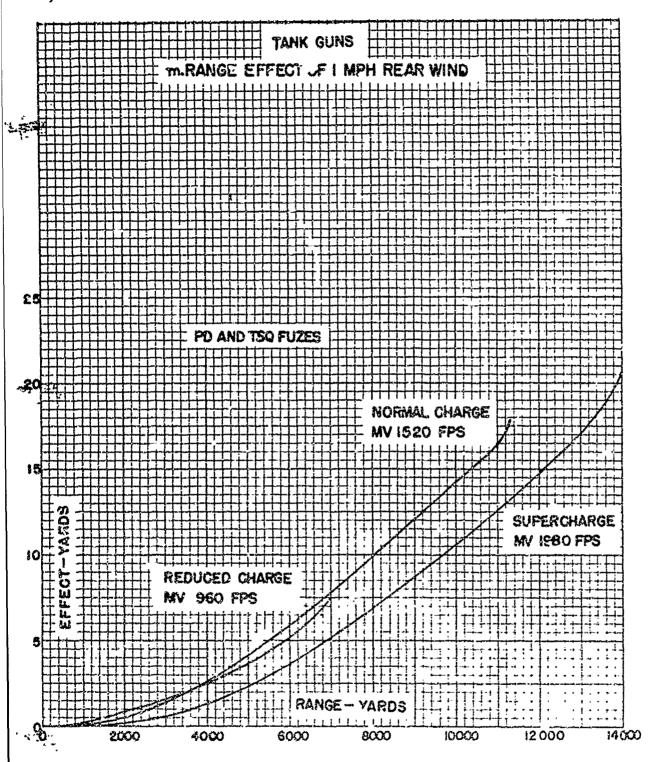


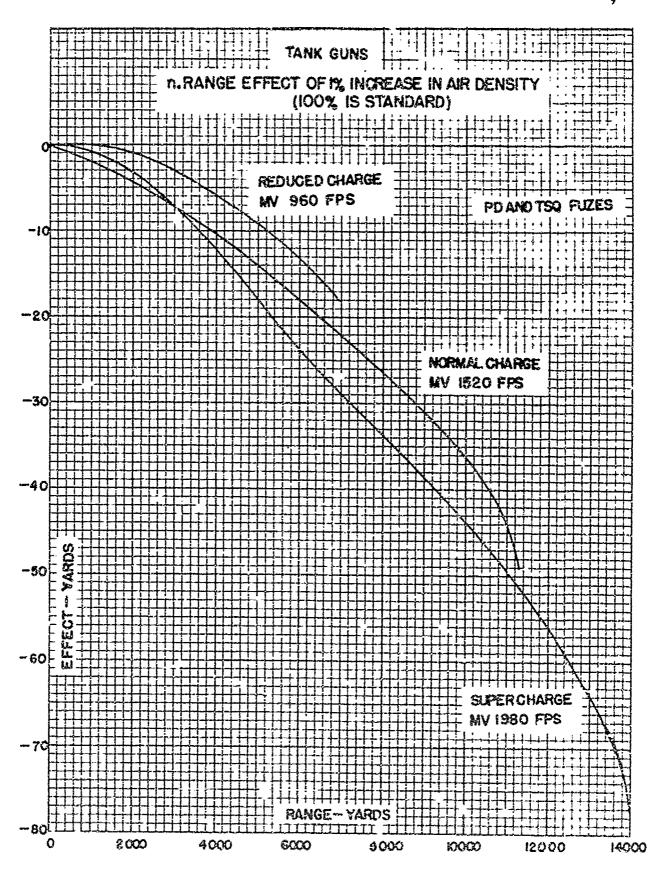






BELH 75-1-48





### 10. Firing table data: Aircraft Guns. FT 75AC-AW-1.

Guns, 75-mm, M5A1 and M10 (mounted in aircraft). MV: 1,950 fps. Twist of rifling: 1/22. Fuze: PD, M57. OCM items 20756 and 20991 recommended and approved the use of the HE Sheil M48 in the 75-mm Aircraft Gun M4, which is now obsolete.

#### 2. Aerodynamic constants.

Form factor, i (relative to drag function for HE Shell M48 with PD Fuze M57)	1.00
Ballistic coefficient, C (relative to drag function for HE Shell M48 with PD Fuze 1457)	1.686
Normal stability factor, s <sub>g</sub>	1.857
Damping constant, c'	0.000, 984, 1 ft <sup>-1</sup>
Damping constant, c"	0.000, 025, 6 ft <sup>-1</sup>
Windage jump coefficient, b	24,931 mils. fps
Yaw-drag coefficient, K <sub>D6</sub>	18.4 rad <sup>-2</sup>

b. Trajectory data. The firing tables apply to a gun flexibly mounted in elevation on an airplane flying horizontally, or mounted at a fixed elevation on a diving airplane, and firing at a target on the ground. They list the following data and certain effects on them for true air speeds of 250 and 350 mph:

#### Time of flight.

Horizontal-angle between the gun and the line of sight.

Vertical angle between the gun and the line of sight.

## SECTION V

#### EFFECT DATA

																													Paragraph
Ricochet data	-	~	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	**	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	~	٠	-	-	-	-	-	11
Effectiveness																													12
Fragmentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	13
Penetration	-	-	-	-	æ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14

11. Ricochet data. The fo'lowing data on ricochet of 75-mm HE Shell M48 with PD Fuzes M48A2 and M51A4 were taken from volume III of "Terminal Ballistic Data".

## a. HOWITZER, 75-MM, MIA1, M2 and M3

TABLE 73
TANK GUNS, 75-mm, M3, M6 and M17

	Range	Angle of Fall	Angle of Recovery		Height of Burst	PE in Height of Burst
	yd	mils	mils	yd	ft	ft
Charge 1						
MV 700 fps	1,000	109	155	26	12	2
•	£	242	265	17	14	3
	3,000	415	315	7	7	2
Charge 2		<del></del>				
MV 810 fps	1,000	82	120	32	12	2
	2,000	178	220	24	16	3
	3,000	295	295	15	14	3
Charge 3				<del></del>	<del>,</del>	
MV 950 fps	1,000	58	90	40	11	2
	2,000	127	175	33	21	4
	3,000	208	245	25	18	4
	4,000	305	295	17	15	4
	5,000	425	o15	8	8	3
Charge 4						
MV 1,250 fps	1,000	38	60	51	+ +	2
-	2,000	86	125	42	16	3
	3,000	142	160	35	20	4
	4,000	206	245	28	71	4
	5,000	279	285	21	18	4
	6,000	363	310	14	14	4

## b. TANK GUNS, 75-MM, MS, M6 and M17

TABLE 74
TANK GUNS, 75-MM, M3, M8 and M17

TAL	TANK GUNS, 75-MM, MS, MO and MI7							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						PE la		
	Range	Angle of	Angle ci	Impact	Height	Height		
		Fall	Recovery	to Burst		of Burst		
	yd	mils	mils	уa	ft	fi		
Reduced Charge								
MV 950 fps	1,000	59	90	40	11.	2		
•	2,000	126	170	33	17	3		
	3,000	206	245	25	18	4		
	4,000	301	295	17	18	4		
Normal Charge	······							
MV 1,500 fps	1,000	26	45	62	8	2		
	2,000	65	100	50	15	3		
	3,000	115	160	41	19	4 5		
	4,000	1.74	220	33	22	5		
	5,000	240	265	28	21	5		
	8,000	313	300	19	17	4		
	7,000	384	315	13	12	4		
Super Charge								
MV 1,950 fps	1,000	13	25	28	2	Q		
	2,000	36	60	23	4	1		
	3,000	<i>7</i> 0	105	19	5	1		
	4,000	116	160	14	7	1		
	5,000	171	215	12	8	2		
	6,000	234	260	છ	7	2		
	7,000	303	295	7	6	2		
	8,000	378	315	5	4	1		

- 12. Exectiveress. The following data on effectiveness of HE Shell M43 with PD Fuze M54 were taken from volume III of "Terminal Ballistic Data".
  - 2. Number of rounds required against enemy artillery FOR 50% EFFECT FOR 10,000 SQ YD IN AREA FIRE

HOWITZER, 75-mm, MiAl, M2 and M3. Charge 4: MV 1250 fps

Range 5d	impact	Type of Fire Time	Time and Impact
2,000	210	230	170
5,000	680	700	500

# b. Number of rounds required against enemy artillery for 90% probability of at least one effective hit in aimed fire

(1) Howitzer, 75-mm, M1A1, M2 and M3.

Cuar	rge 4: MV 1250 108		
Range		Type of Fire	
yd	impact	Time	Tim and Impact
2,000	24	340	43
5,000	460	1400	560

(2) Tank Gun, 75-mm, M3, M6 and M17. Supercharge: MV 1950 ms

Outros on	ma Ros tras than		
Range		Type of Fire	
yd	Impact	Time	Time and Impact
2,000	7	340	15
2,000 5,000	120	790	180

#### 15. Fragmentation,

- a. Sand pit test. The sand pit and panel tests of BE Shell M46 with PD Fuze M39 were reported in Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 126, "Fragmentation of the 75-mm HE Shell T3 as determined by panel and pit fragmentation tests". The weight of the PD Fuze M39 is 2.35 lb and its contour is slightly different from that of the PD Fuze M48A2.
- (1) Four projectiles were placed in boxes and detonated in the sand pit. The fragments were then separated from the sand with a hand screen made of 0.03-inch wire with 4 meshes per inch. Finally, they were grouped according to size by being sifted thru four screens with the following average dimensions:

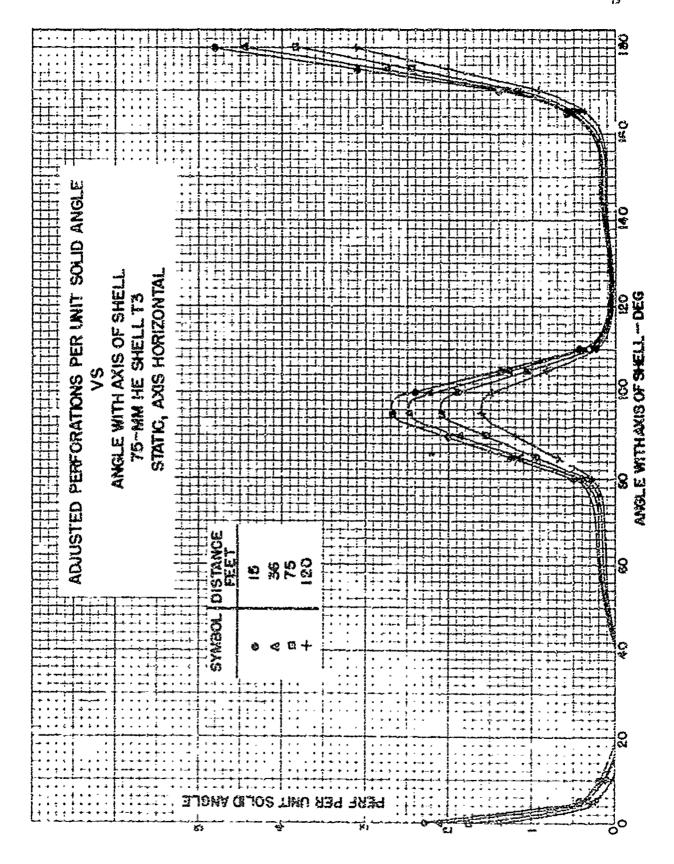
Screen	Meshes	Diam of	Size of Opening			
No.	per	wire,	Side,	Area,		
	inch	inch	<u>.ech</u>	Sq in.		
1	1	.16	.84	.71		
2	2	.14	.36	.13		
3	3	.10	.23	.053		
4	4	.08	.17	.029		

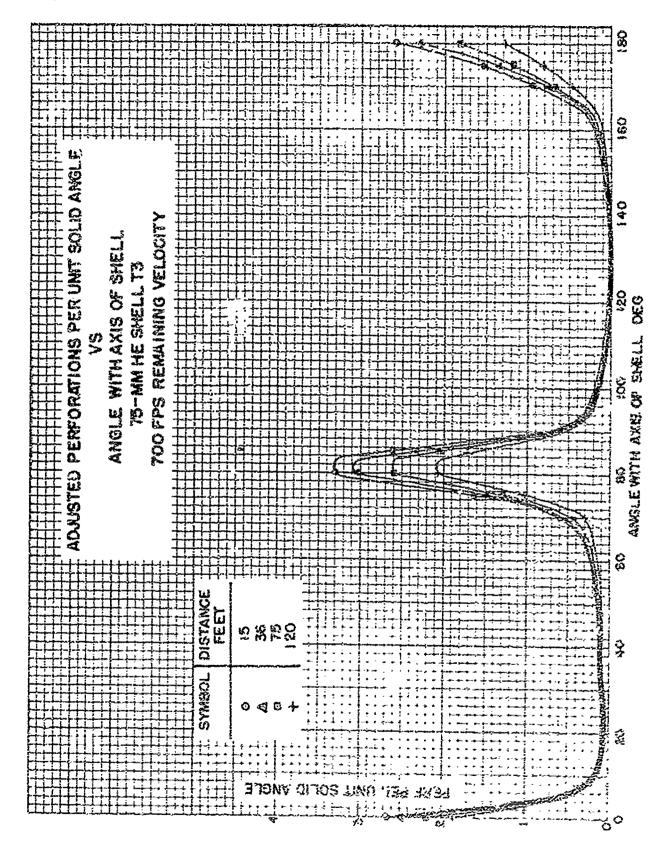
(2) The average weight of the shell and fuze, without the TNT, was 13.29 lb. The following table shows the average number and weight of the fragments in each group:

Fragments caught by following screens: (Avg of 4 rounds)	No. of Frag- meuls	No. of	Weight of Fragments lb	S of empty Shell and Fuze
Screen No. 1	б	0.8	2.043	15.4
Screen No. 2	272	34.9	8.449	63.6
Screen No. 3	255	32.7	1.713	12.9
Screen No. 4	~ 142	18.2	0,384	2.7
Thru Screen Nc. 4	104	13.4	0.139	1.0
	779	1 <u>00.0</u>	1 <del>2.7</del> 08	<del>95.</del> 8

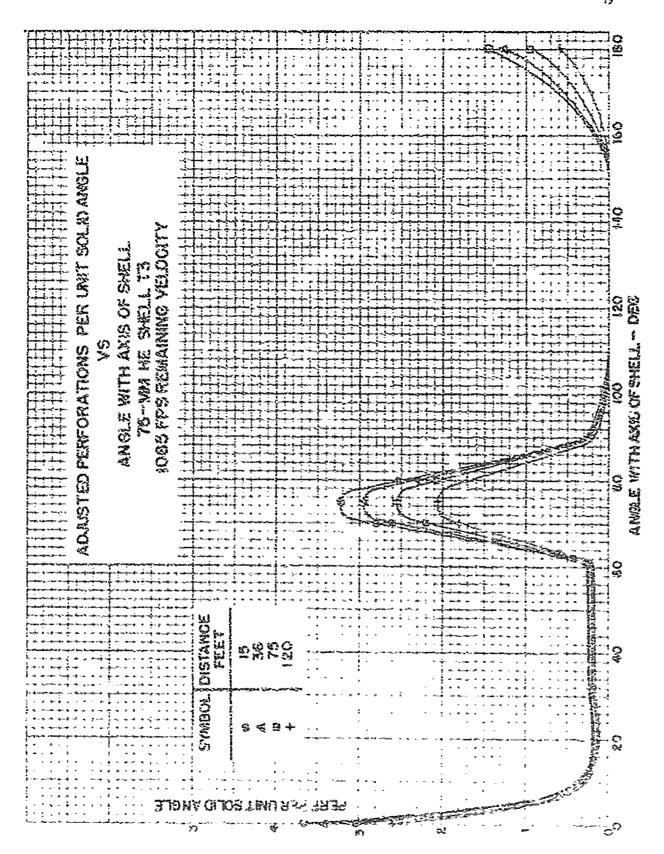
#### b. Panel test.

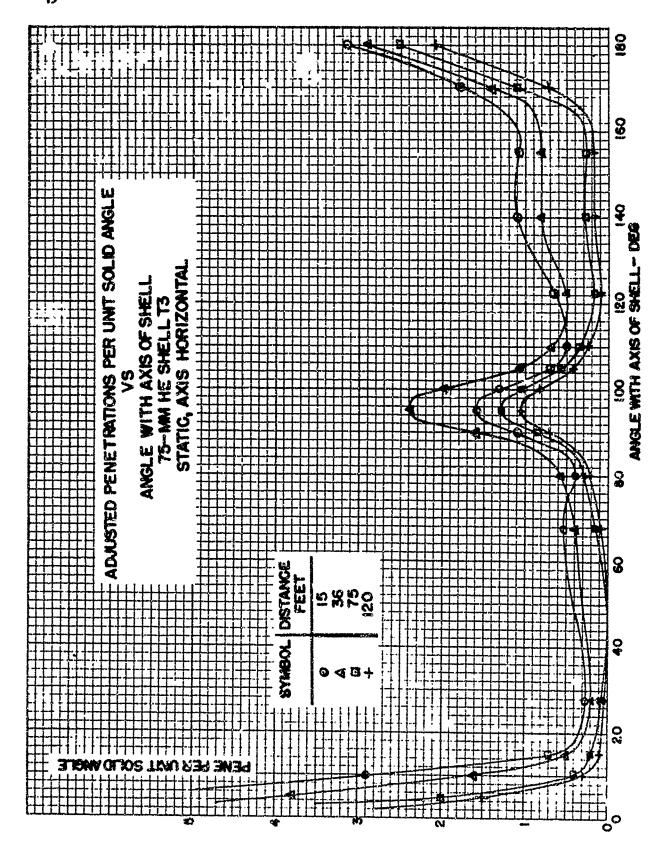
- semicircular, with a radius of 15 feet, and 9 feet high: it was placed on the left side of the line of fire, and the shell was detonated at the center of the arc, about midway between the top and bottom of the panel. For the same rounds, panel B was placed on the right side of the line of fire, with the same center: it was semicircular, with a radius of 36 feet, and 9 feet high. Panel C was semicircular, with a radius of 75 feet, and 12 feet high: it was located like panel A, but on different rounds. Panel D extended for about 45° at a radius of 120 feet, and was 12 feet high: it was placed opposite panel C, in such a position as to include the sidespray at remaining velocities up to 1100 fps. The data given below were obtained from 5 rounds with a remaining velocity of 1085 fps, with each pair of panels.
- (2) BRL Report 126 defines certain terms as follows: A <u>perforating fragment</u> is one that travels completely thru the panel. A <u>penetrating fragment</u> is one that goes at least 1/16 inch into the panel, but does not go all the way thru. A <u>unit solid angle</u> is 1/100 of the solid angle sub-ended by a unit of spherical surface at unit radius. <u>Polar angles</u> are measured with respect to a horizontal coordinate system with its origin at the center of the panels, at an elevation midway between the top and bottom of the panels. It is assumed that the center of gravity of the projectile coincides with the origin of coordinates, that the axis of the shell is horizontal, and that the polar axis lies along the extension of the shell axis in the direction of the noise.
- (3) The results of the panel test are shown by ne following <u>iragmentation density polar angle</u> curves.

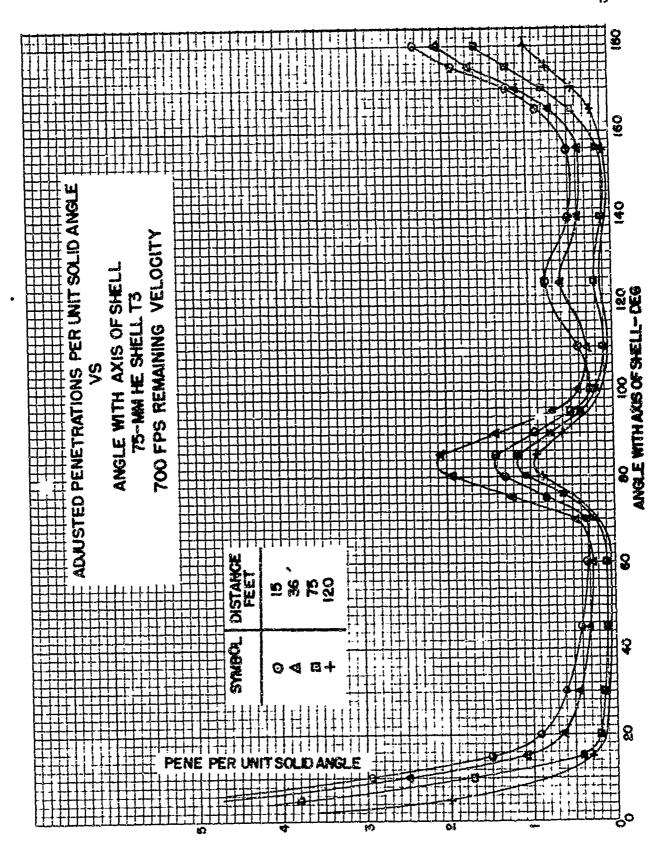


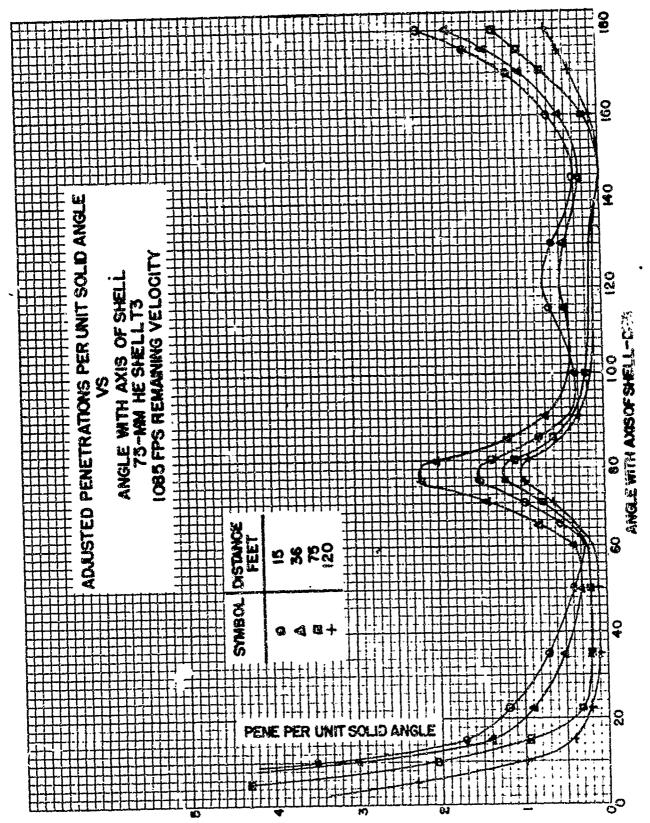


Ş 4





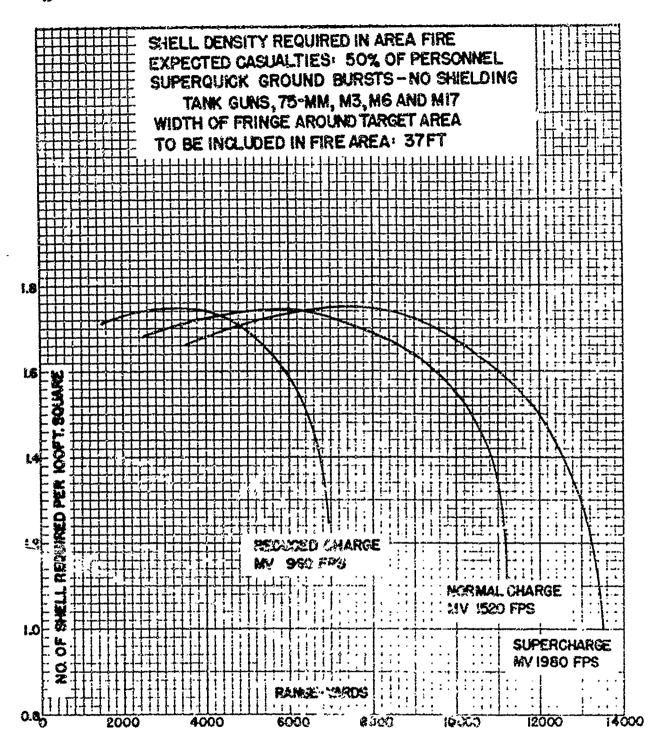


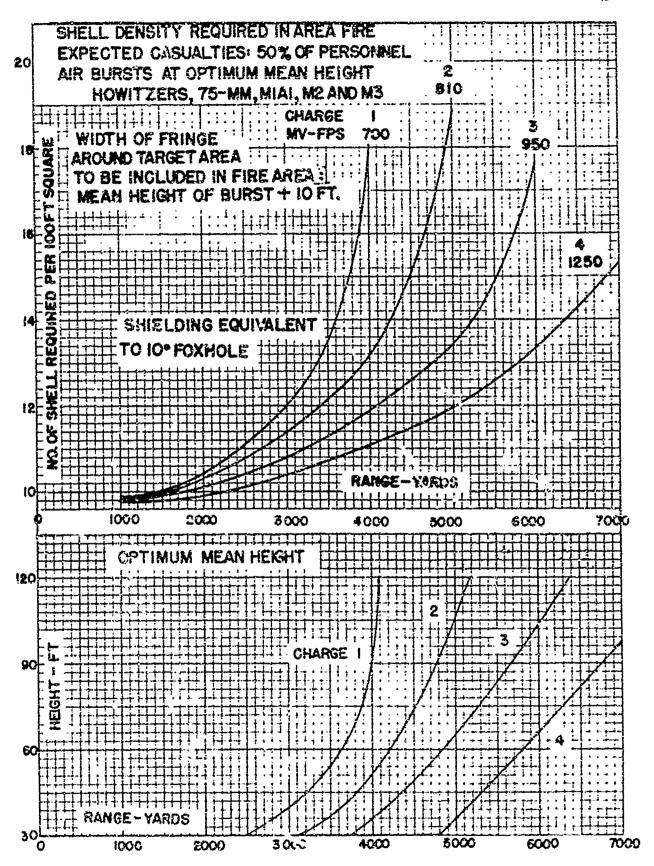


c. Casualties. All the following data on fragmentation of HE Shell M48 with PD and TSQ Fuzes were taken from volume III of Terminal Ballistic Data" and TM 9-1907, "Ballistic Data, Performance of Ammunition". The initial fragment velocity of this shell is 3,120 fps.

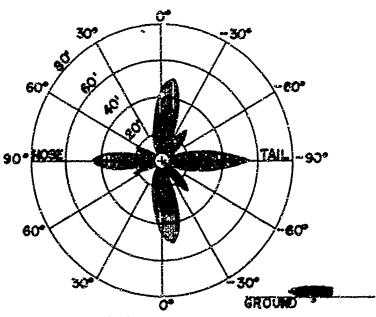
TABLE 38 CASUALTIES

Distance from burst (ft)	Total number of effective fragments	Average number of effective frag- ments per sq ft		e lightest e fragment Velocity (fps)
r	N	В	m	v
23	1070	0.213	0.014	2060
30	920	0,0809	0,018	1820
40	750	0.0375	0.024	1570
60	640	0.0141	0.037	1270
68	510	0.0064	0.051	1080
100	450	0.0036	0.063	972
150	370	0.0013	0.090	813
200	320	0.0008	0.116	716
300	250	0.0002	0.173	587
400	200	0.0001	0.244	494

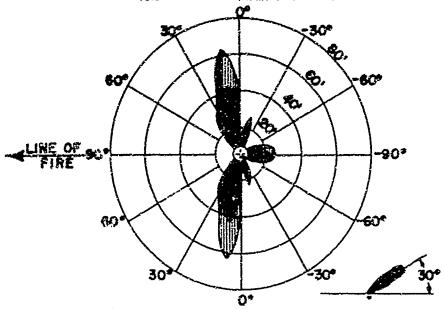




# CASUALTIES TANK GUNS



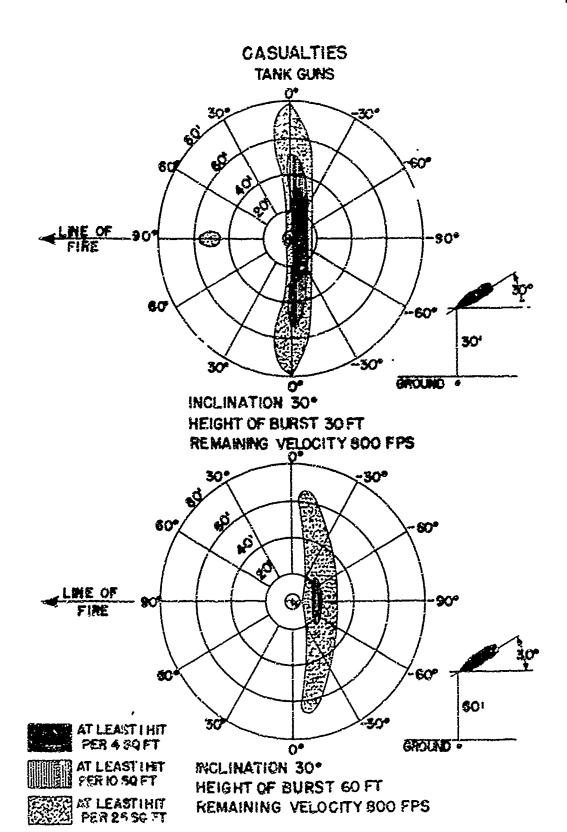
INCLINATION OF HEIGHT OF BURST OFT REMAINING VELOCITY OFPS



AT LEAST I HIT PERIOSOFT

ATLEAST INIT

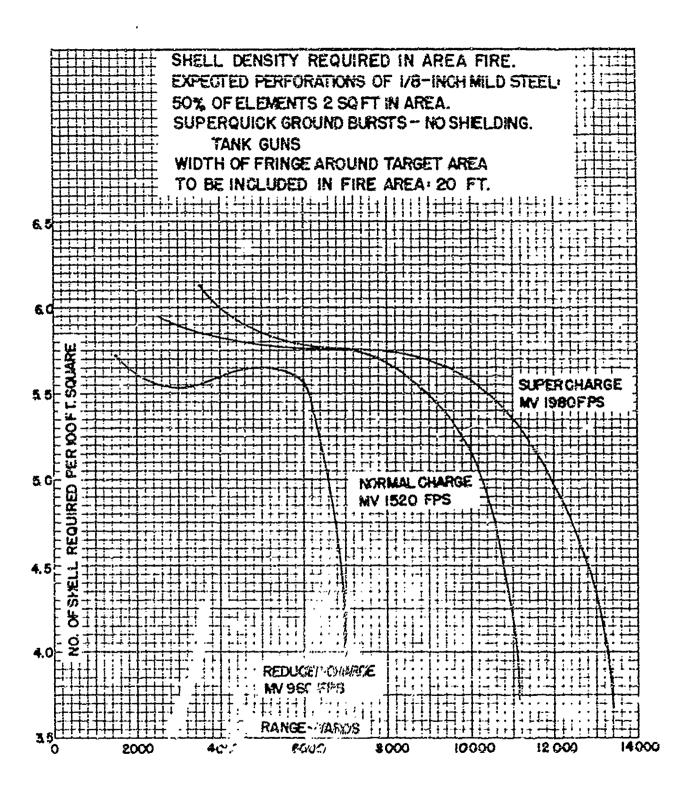
INCLINATION 30°
HEIGHT OF BURST O FT
REMAINING VELOCITY 800 FPS



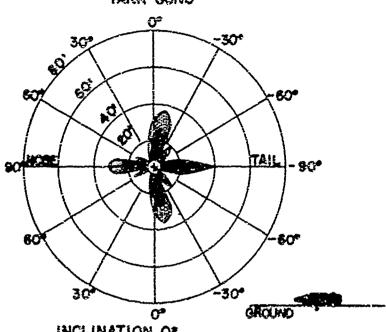
## d. Perforation of 1/8-inch Mild Steel.

TABLE 39 PERFORATION OF 1/8 IN. MILD STEEL

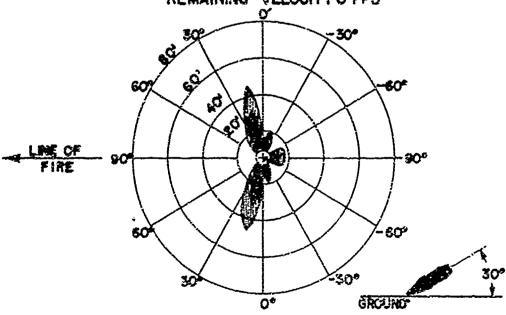
Distance	Total zumber	Average number of	For the lightest effective fragment		
from burst (fi)	of effective fragments	effective irag- ments per sq ft	Weight (oz)	Velocity (fps)	
r	N	В	m	٧	
20	534	0.108	0.049	2390	
30	442	0.0391	0.065	2180	
40	385	0.0192	0.082	2010	
80	200	0.0966	0.127	1790	
80	242	0,0030	0.185	1589	
100	197	0.0016	0.253	1430	
130	132	0.0008	7.375	1270	
160	86	0.0003	0.508	1160	
190	57	0.0061	9.655	1080	
225	39	0.0001	0.820	1020	



# PERFORATIONS OF 1/8-IN. MILD STEEL. TANK GUNS



INCLINATION OF HEIGHT OF PURST OFT REMAINING VELOCITY OFPS



AT I

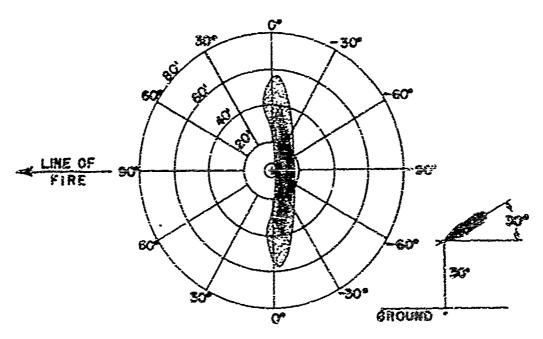
at least thit per 4 sqft

ATLEASTIKET PERD SQFT INCLINATION 30° HEIGHT OF BURST O FT REMAINING VELOCITY 800 FPS

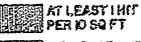
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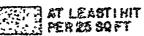
# PERFORATION OF 1/8 IN.MILD STEEL

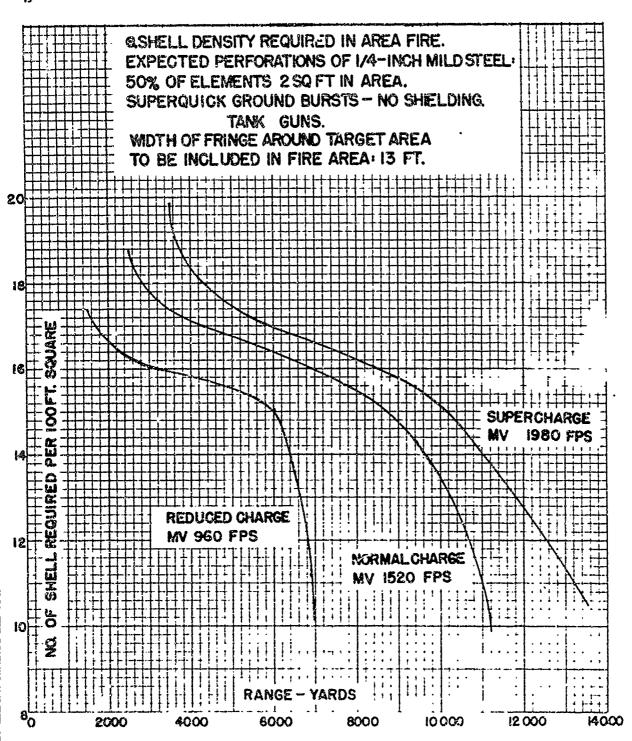
# TANK GUNS

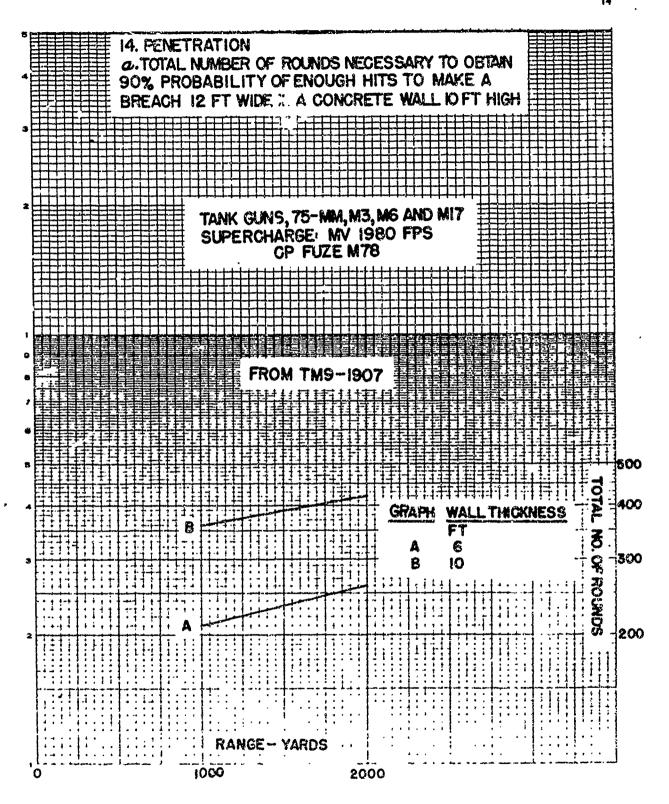


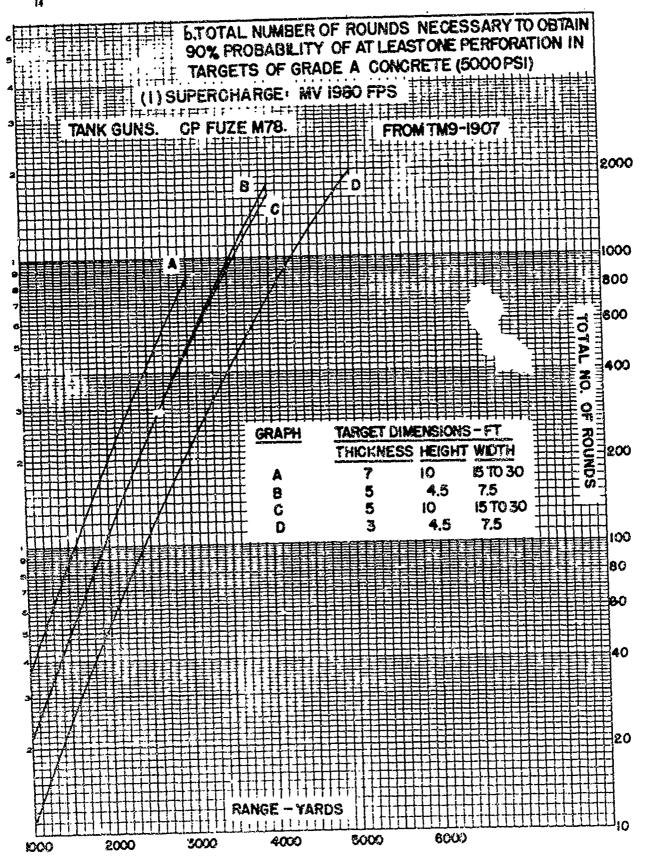
INCLINATION 30°
HEIGHT OF BURST 30 FT
REMAINING VELOCITY 800 FPS

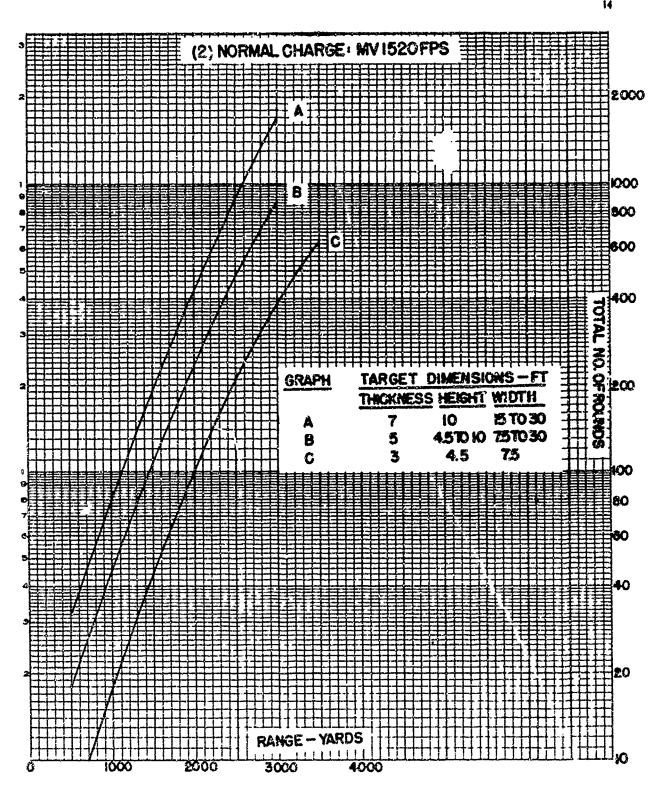


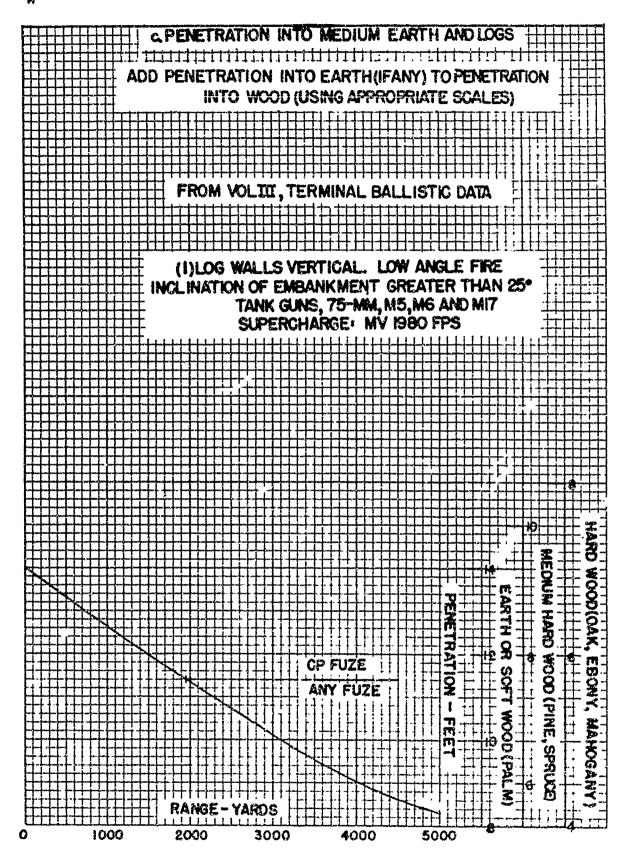


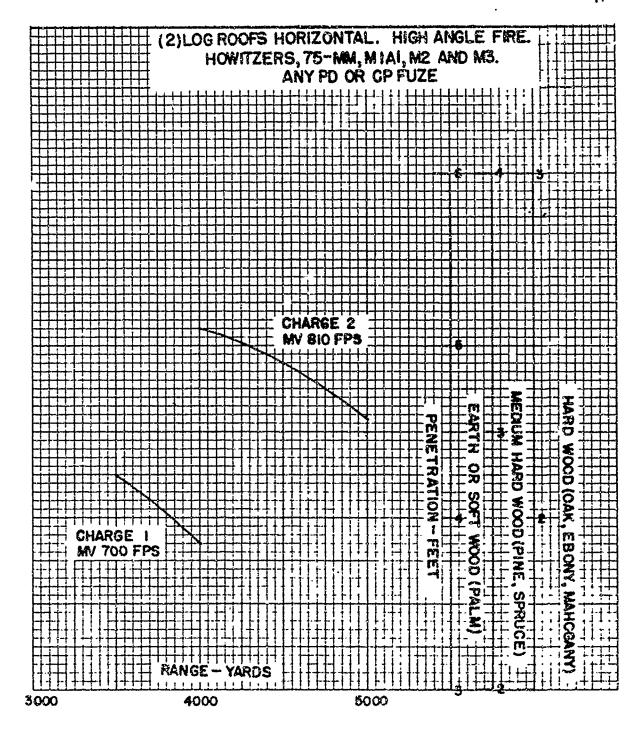












Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 75-1-61 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 9 March 1949

#### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Projectile, APC, 75-nim, M61A1

with

Fuze, BD, M66A1

Section		Paragraph
I	General	1
Π	Description	2 - 4
m	Interior ballistic data	5
rv	Exterior ballistic data	6 - 7
v	Effect data	8

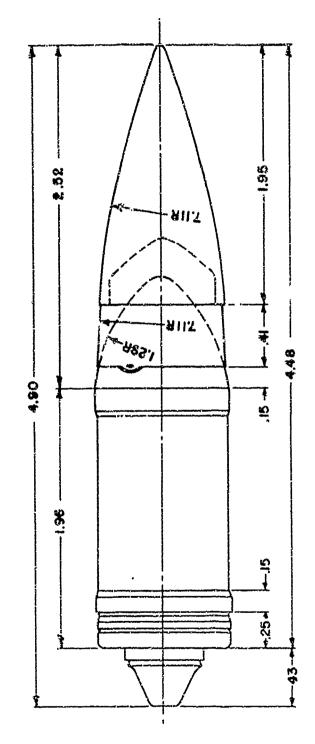
#### SECTION I

#### GENERAL

. ar pooc			-	
1. Pur	pose. The purpose of the	nis number of the handbool	k is to furnish a concise	. I' was infor-
mation regard	ing the shape, dynamics,	ballistics and effects of the	he 75-mm Armor-pier	_ apped Projectile

M61A1 with the Base Detonating Fuze M66A1, which contains a tracer composition. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, firing tables, and technical manuals pertaining  $\omega$  this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS ICAL \*2.953"



PROJECTILE, APC, 75-MM, MGIA!

FUZE, BD, M66AI

### DESCRIPTION

		Establish
Drawings		2
Dimensions		3
Physical characteristics		4
2. Drawings.		
Projectile: Metal parts assembly and details	75-2-291	
Fuze: Assembly	73-2-178	
Details	73-2-179 and 180	
3. Dimensions.		
Fuze: Length (outside)	0.43 cal	
Band: Distance from base	0.25 cal	
Width	0.1( 1	
Body: Cylindrical length	1.98 cal	•
Ogival length (outside)	0.15 cal	
Radius of ogival arc	1.29 cal	
Cap: Length (outside)	0.41 cal	
Radius of ogival arc	7.11 cal	
Windshield: Length	1.95 cal	
Radius of ogival arc	7.11 cal	
Length: Ogive		
Projectile without fuze	2.52 cal 4.48 cal	
Projectile and luze	4.90 cal	
4. Physical characteristics.		
Weight (standard)	14.90 lb	
Base of projectile to center of gravity	1.428 cal*	
Axiai moment of inertia	15.80 lb.in <sup>2</sup>	
Transverse moment of inertia	105.7 lb.in <sup>2</sup>	

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated from the values for the 3-inch APC Projectile M62.

#### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

Theoretical yaw in bore	•	aragraph 5
5. Theoretical yaw in bore.		
Minimum Maximum	11 min 16 min	

### SECTION IV

#### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																													Para	gra	<u>:h</u>
Aerodynamic data	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	~	-	•	-	-	-	~		•	_			в	
Firing table data	-	_	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	~	-		7	

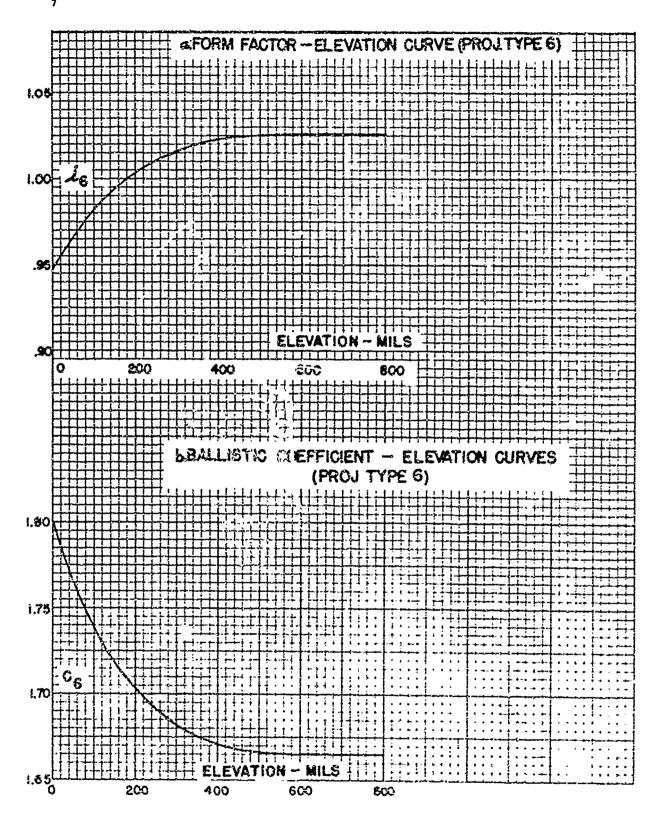
### 6. Aerodynamic data.

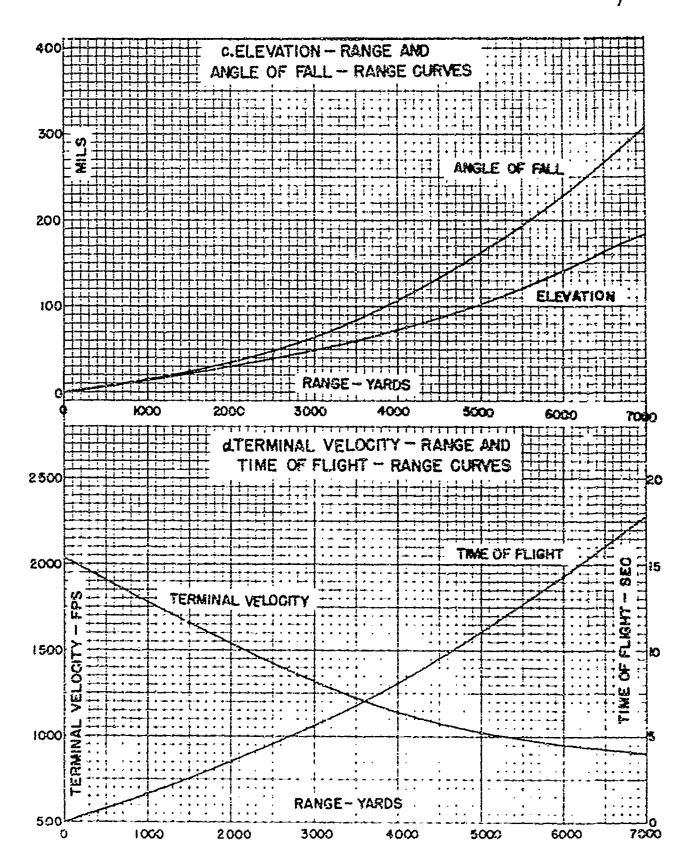
- a. Drag. A form factor  $\alpha$  0.985 relative to the  $G_6$  drag function was determined by resistance firings at velocities of 1643 and 2007 fps. The corresponding ballistic coefficient is 1.735. At a velocity of 2030 fps, the drag coefficient is 0.146.
- b. Stability. The moment coefficient, estimated from known data for the 3-inch APC Projectile 1.346 at a muzzle velocity of 2030 fps. The estimated stability factor is 2.66 for a twist of rifling of 1/25.586 (in Tank Guns M3, M6 and M17) and 3.60 for a twist of rifling of 1/22 (in Aircraft Guns M5A1 and M10).
- c. Yawing moment coefficient. The yawing moment coefficient is 4.2. This value was calculated by an empirical formula determined by the values given in Table XIV of Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 357, "Damping of Calibers .30 and .50 Bullets and 37-mm HE Shell".
- d. Cross wind force coefficient. The cross wind force coefficient is 0.256. This is the value calculated for the 3-inch 15-lb HE Shell M1915, using the drift for a range of 9000 yards in PT 3-M-2 and the velocities taken from the computed trajectory for an elevation of 10° and a muzzle velocity of 2600 fps. The 3-inch Shell M1915 and the 75-mm Projectile M61A2 are approximately the same shape,

- e. Magnus moment coefficient. The Magnus moment coefficient, calculated by an empirical formula that applies to a large number of projectiles, is 0.30.
  - 7. Firing table data. FT 75-AY-1.

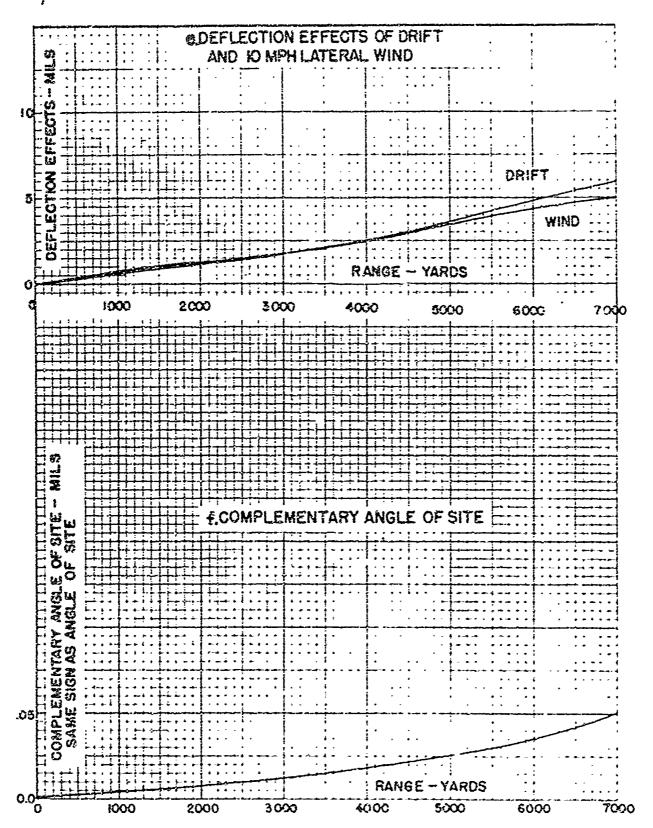
Guns, 75-mm, M3 (mounted in Medium Tank M4 and modifications, including the Assault Tank M4A3E2) M6 and M17 (mounted in Light Tank M24). Twist of rifling: 1/25.586. MV: 2030 fps. OCM items 16119 and 16167 recommended and approved standardization of the AP Projectile M61. OCM items 16640 and 16741 recommended and approved authorization for its use in the 75-mm Tank Gun M2, which is now obsolete. OCM item 17699 changed its designation from Armor-piercing to Armor-piercing Capped Projectile.

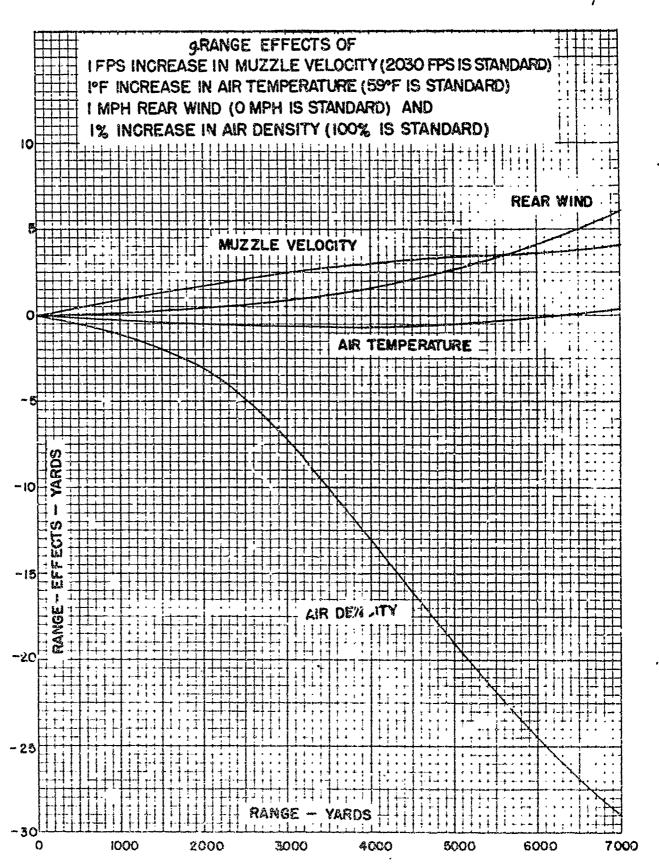
NOTE: OCM items 20756 and 20991 recommended and approved authorization for the use of the APC Projectile M61 in the 75-mm Aircraft Gun M4, which is rifled with a twist of 1/25.586 and is now obsolete, and FT 75AC-AX-2 gives firing table data for this material. The APC Projectile M61A1 is now standard ammunition for the 75-mm Aircraft Guns M5A1 and M10, which are rifled with a twist of 1/22, but no firing tables have been prepared for this combination of guns and ammunition.





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# SECTION V

# EFFECT DATA

																												Paragraph
Penetration	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	_	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	••	-	8

# 8. Penetration.

# a. Ballistic limits.

Туре	Plate Thickness	Obliquity	Ballist Limit		Number in
2370	inches	deg	Type	fps	Average
Face Hardened	3 3 3.5	20 30 20	Navy	1658 1507 1834	41 3 2
	2 2 3.125 3.0625	20 30 20 20	Army	1487 1699 1734 1738	1 8 28
Homo- geneous	2.5 3	<b>20</b> C	Army	1744 1594	1 1
	3 3	0 20	Navy	1797 1925	6 26

b. Vulnerability of German tanks. The following data on vulnerability of German tanks (Panzer-kampfwagen) to APC Projectile M61A1, fired from Tank Guns M3, M6 and M17 at a muzzle velocity of 2030 fps, were taken from TM 9-1907, "Ballistic Data, Performance of Ammunition".

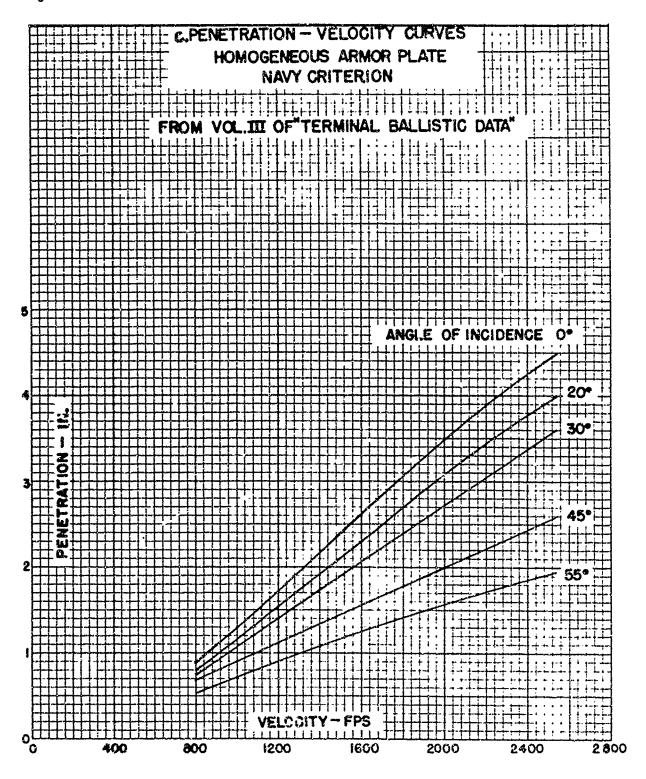
### MAXIMUM VULNERABLE RANGE - YARDS

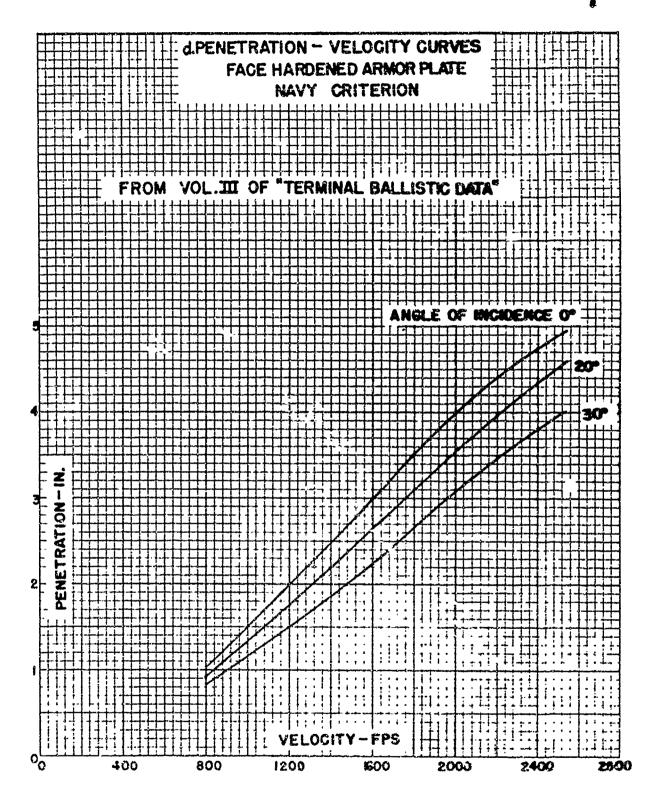
'Tank	π	īv	VI
Attack Angle	0° 25°	0° 25°	0° 25°
Frontal Turret Sides Turret Front Upper Hull Front	3860 4700 2350 1120 1400	3860 4700 2500 1280 1470	1000
Lower Hull Front	720	1200	4
Flank Turret Rear Turret Sides Turret Front Upper Hull Sides Lower Hull Sides	5000 4500 3860 4700 2250 1120 5000+ 4960 5000+ 4960	4700 3760 3860 4700 2500 1290 5000+ 4960 5000+ 4960	1000 1000 1000 2200 1200
Rear Turret Rear Turret Sides Turret Front Upper Hull Rear Lower Hull Rear	5000 4500 3860 4700 2250 1120 2110 1040 2500 1280	4700 3760 3860 4700 2500 1280 5000+ 4980 5000+ 4960	1000 1000 300 300

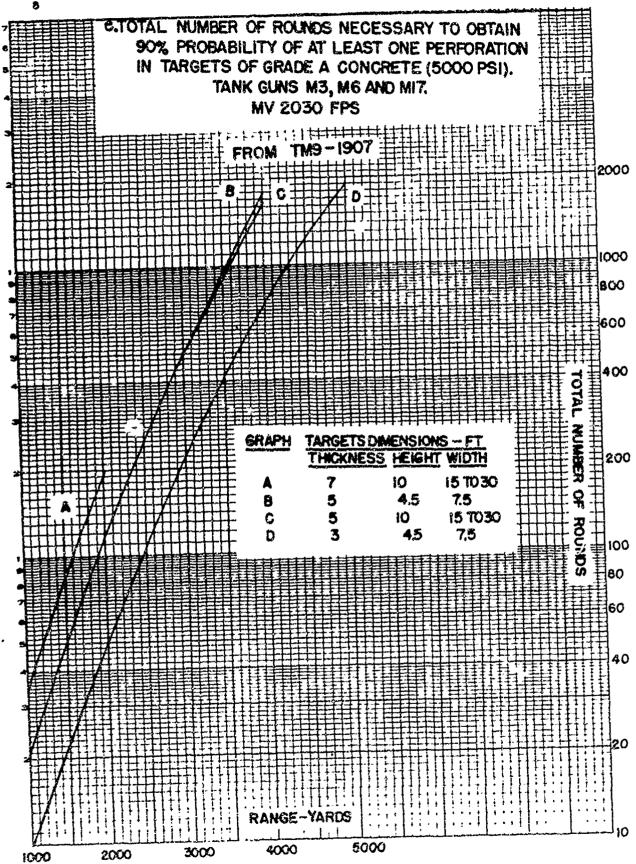
b. Vulnerability of German tanks. The following data on vulnerability of German tanks (Panzer-kampfwagen) to APC Projectile M61A1, fired from Tank Guns M3, M6 and M17 at a muzzle velocity of 2030 fps, were taken from TM 9-1907, "Ballistic Data, Performance of Ammunition".

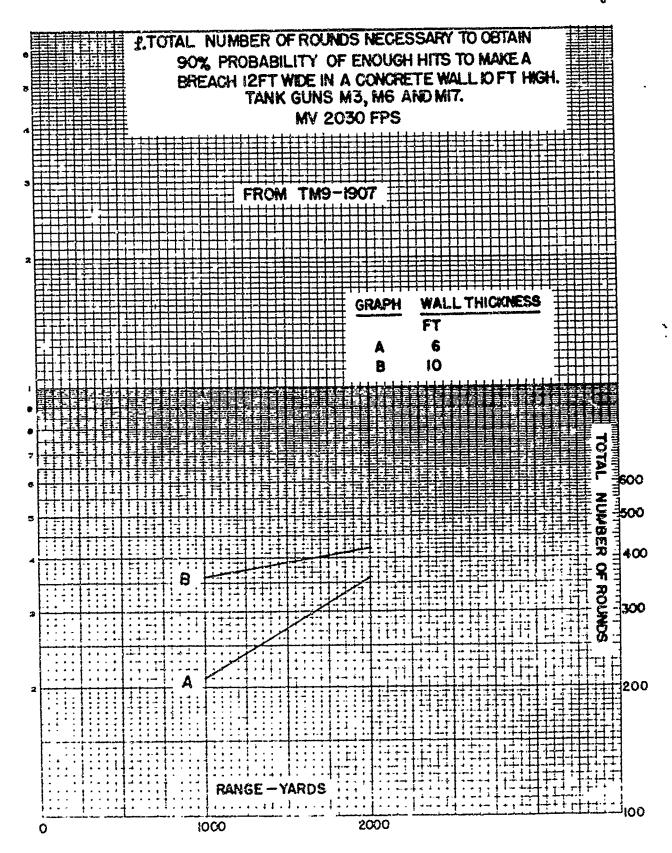
# MAXIMUM VULNERABLE RANGE - YARDS

'Tank		m		ŢV		V	
Attack	Angle	Ŏ <sup>6</sup>	25°	0°	25°	0°	25°
4		3860 2050 1400 720	4700 1120	3860 2500 1470 1200	4700 1280	1000	****
	ides	5000 3860 2250 5000+ 5000+	4500 4700 1120 4960 4960	4700 3860 2500 5000+ 5000+	3760 4700 1290 4960 4960	1000 1000  1000 2200	1200
	Sides	5000 3860 2250 2110 2500	4500 4700 1120 1040 1280	4700 3860 2500 5000+ 5000+	3760 4700 1280 4960 4960	1000 1000  300 300	****









Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 75-1-66

Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 9 March 1949

### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

Shell, HEAT, 75-mm, M66

Fuzes, BD, M62A1 and M91

Section		Paragraph
1	General	1
Π	Description	2 - 4
m	înterior ballistic data	5 - 6
IV	Exterior ballistic data	7 - 8
v	Effect data	9

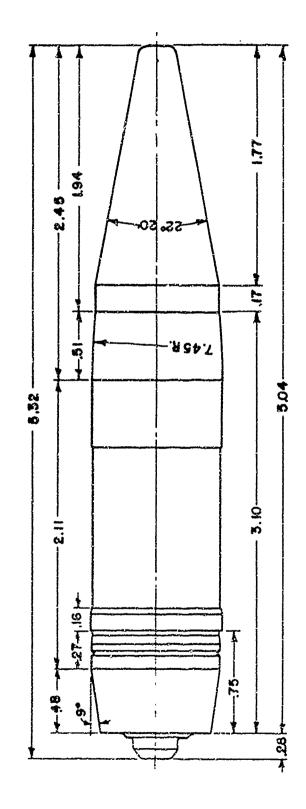
### SECTION I

#### GENERAL

Purpos	e ~	- '	-	-	-	-	-		_	-	-	-	_	-				-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-			1						
	1.	Pu	rpo	se.	. ′	The	e p	urj	pos	se ·	of t	thi	s r	un	nb	er	οť	th	e h	an	db	00	k i	s	to	fu	rn	isl	1 a	co	nci	se (	co)	lect	ion	of i	iníc	)
mation	rec	240	dine	r th	٩	ch:	. ne	. 4	lvn	277	de	e i	ha!	114	2110	2	an	de	iff.	ant.	e (	۱¥ (	the	5 7	75	m	m	H	αh	F.	en)e	vier		Anti	tank	Sh	11م	

M66 with the Base Detonating Fuzes M62A1 and M91. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, and firing tables pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS 1 CAL. \* 2.953"



SHELL, HEAT, 75-MM, M66 FUZE, BD, M91

# DESCRIPTION

Drawings	<u>Paragraph</u> 2  3  4
2. Drawings.	
Shell: Metal parts, assembly and details Ogive assembly, cone and details	75-2-314 75-2-315
Fuze, BD, M62A1: Assembly Details	73-2-168 73-2-169, 170 and 171
Fuze, BD, M91: Assembly Details	73-2-239 73-2-169, 170 and 240
3. Dimensions	
Fuze, BD, M91: Length (outside)	0.28 cal
Boattail: Angle Length	9°00' 0,48 cal
Band: Distance from boattail Distance from base Width	0.27 cai 0.75 cal 0.16 cal
Body: Length of cylindrical part Length of ogival part Radius of arc	2,11 cal 0.51 cal 7.45 cal
Union: Length	0.17 cal
Ogive: Length Angle	1.77 cal 22°20'
Length: Body Ogive and union Shell Ogive, union, and ogival part of body Shell and Fuze M91	3.10 c2l 1.94 cal 5.04 cal 2.45 cal 5.32 cal

Note: Fuze, BD, M62A1 is entirely inside of shell body.

# 4. Physical characteristics.

Fuze	BD M62A1	BD M91
Weight (standard)	13.17 lb	13.37 lb
Base to center of gravity	1.656 cal,	
Axial moment of inertia	16.75 lb.ing	
Transverse moment of inertia	157.3 lb.in <sup>2</sup>	

### SECTION III

### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																													Paragraph
Stresses		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Theoretical yav	<b>V</b> 17	n b	or	е	-	_	-	~	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	6

5. Stresses. The following table and the graphical representation on page 5 show the longitudinal, radial and tangential stress at each of three sections: (A) the rear corner of the band seat, (B) the front of the band seat, and (C) immediately behind the bourrelet.

Howitzer, 75-mm	M1A1, M2, M3
Twist of rifling	1/20
Cross-sectional area of bore	7.004 sq in.
Rated maximum pressure	26,000 psi
Total weight of projectile	13.37 lb
Muzzle velocity	1000 fps
Density of filler (pentolite)	0.0574 lb per cu in.

Resultant Stress*	Section									
100 psi	A	В	C							
Longitudinal	- 162	- 358	-210							
Radial	+ 384	- 3	+ 5							
Tangential	- 643	+ 292	+ 171							

 <sup>+</sup> denotes tension, - denotes compression.

# 6. Theoretical yaw in bore.

Minimum	9 min
Maximum	13 min

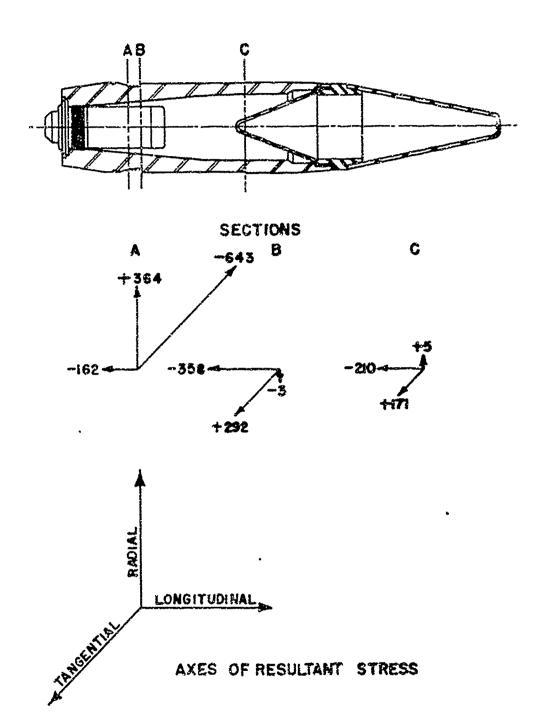


DIAGRAM OF RESULTANT STRESSES

#### SECTION IV

### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

																								Paragraph
Aerodynamic data																								
Firing table data	-	~	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	e	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	8

### 7. Aerodynamic data.

a. Drag. The form factor relative to Projectile Type 2, determined by resistance firings, and the corresponding ballistic coefficient and drag coefficient are given below.

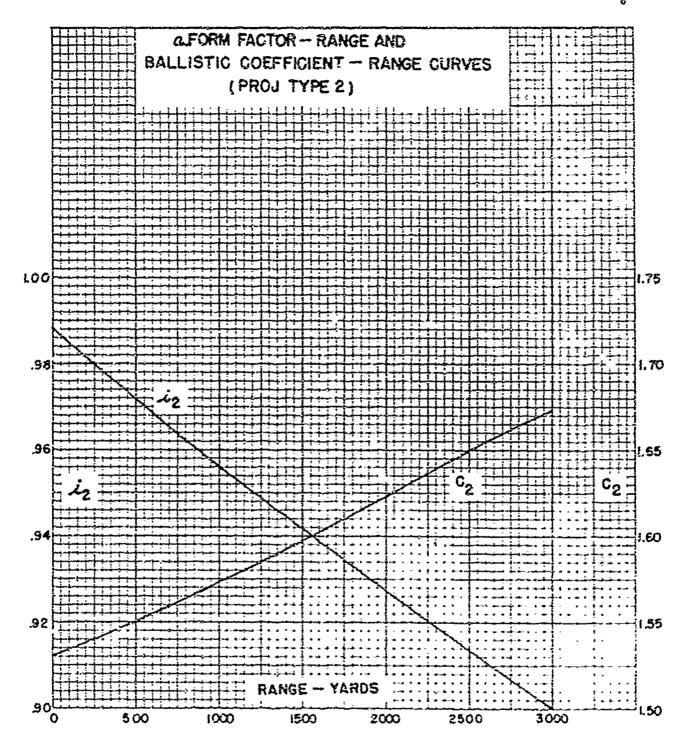
Velocity fps	Form Factor	Ballistic Coefficient	Drag Coefficient		
775	.75	2.01	.050		
1000	.98	1.5-	.070		

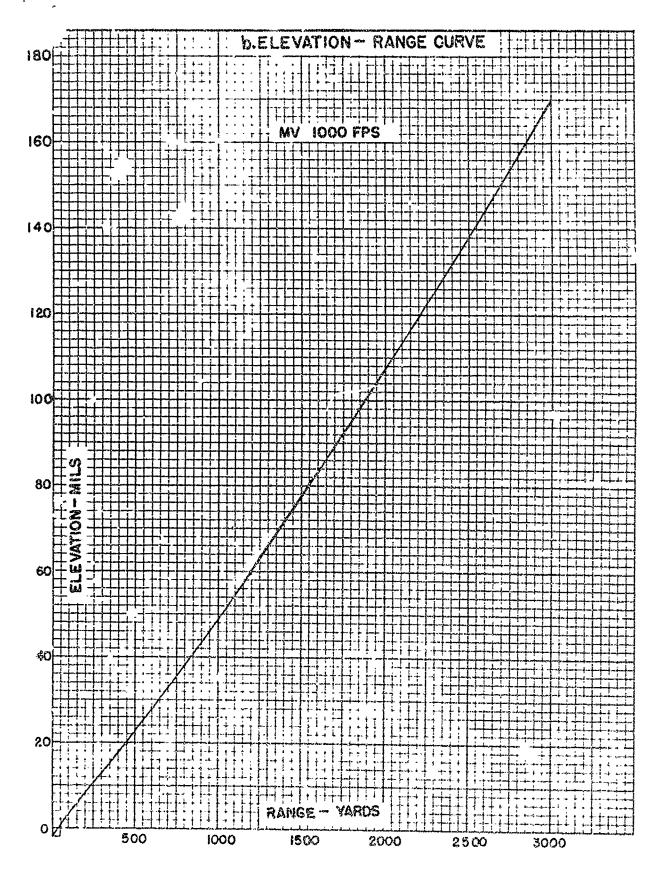
b. Stability. The stability factor was determined from firings in a 75-mm Gun with a twist of rifling of 1/25.586 at a muzzle velocity of 1000 fps. The resulting stability factor is 1.22, and the moment coefficient is 2.26. With a twist of rifling of 1/20 (in the Howitzers M1A1, M2 and M3) at the same velocity, the stability factor would be 2.00.

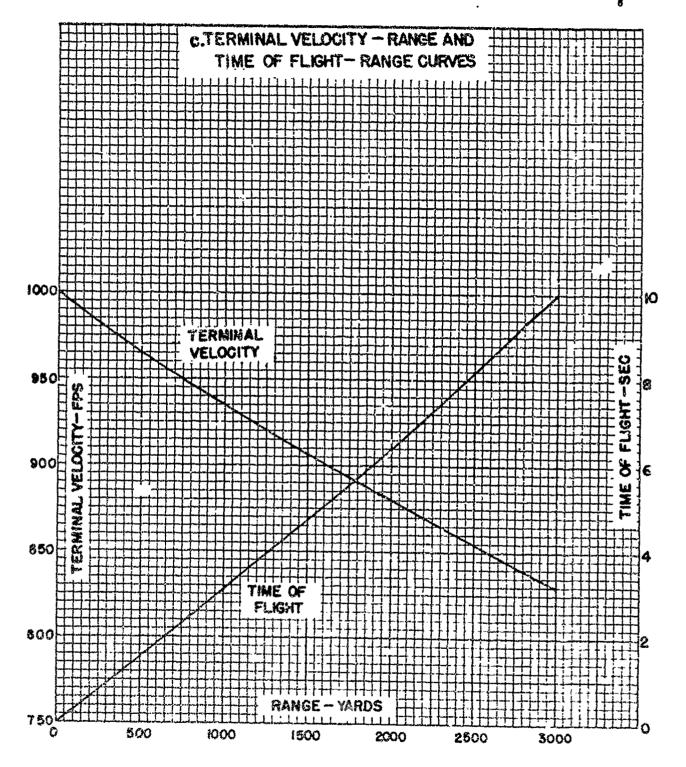
### 8. Firing table data. FT 75-I-4.

Howitzers, 75-mm, MIA1, M2 and M3. Twist of rifling: 1/20. Muzzle velocity: 1000 fps. Projective weight: 13.10 lb. OCM items 17638 and 17752 recommended and approved standardization of the HEAT Chell M66.

The terminal velocity was taken from Ballistic Research Laboratory Memorandum Reject No. 196, "Tables of Impact Velocities for Mobile Artillery Weapons".







is 3 inches.

Paragraph

# SECTION V

### EFFECT DATA

Penetration	
9. Penetration.	The average penetration of homogeneous armor plate by 75-mm HEAT Shell M66

10

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 75-1-309 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 8 March 1949

Paragraph

#### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HE, 75-mm, M309

with

Fuze, PD, M48A2 or M51A4

Section		Paragraph
I	General	- 1
Π	Description	2 - 4
m	Interior ballistic data	- 5
rv	Exterior ballistic data	- 6 - 7
v	Effect data	- 8

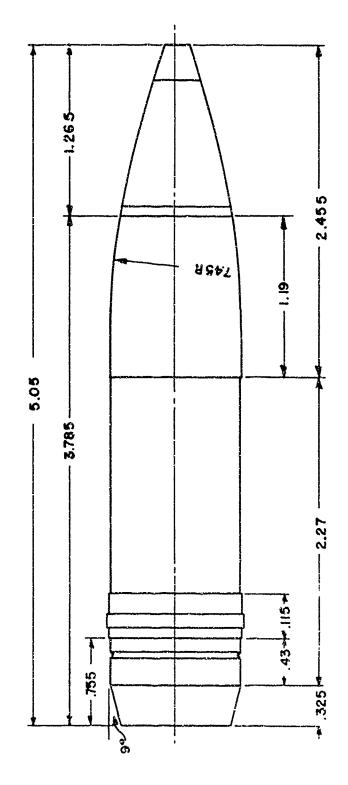
#### SECTION 1

### **GENERAL**

Purpo	se -			-								-			• • •		-			-	1				
	1.	Pur	pose	е. ′	The	pur	pose	of	this	s nu	mbe	ro	f the	e ha	ndbo	ok i	is t	o fu	rnis	h a	concise	colle	ection	of i	info
							_		_									_							_

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 75-mm High Explosive Shell M309 with the Point Detonating Fuze M48A2 or M51A4. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, and firing tables pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL = 2.953"



SHELL, HE, 75-MM, M309 FUZE, PD, M48A2

# DESCRIPTION

	Paragraph
Drawings	2 
2. Drawings.	
Booster M21A4: Assembly Fuze M48A2: Assembly	75-2-365 73-2-154 73-2-140 73-2-143 etc. 73-2-145 73-2-143 etc.
3. Dimensions.	
Boattail: Angle Length	9°00' 0.325 cal
Band: Distance from boattail Distance from base Width	0.43 cal 0.775 cal 0.115 cal
Cylindrical body: Length	2.27 cal
Ogive: Length Radius of arc	1.19 cal 7.45 cal
Fuze: Length (outside)	1.265 cal
Length: Shell Shell and fuze Ogive and fuze	3.785 cal 5.05 cal 2.455 cal
4. Physical characteristics. The HE Shell M309 is a mo	odification of the HE Shell M48.
Mean weight: Zone 1 Zone 2 (standard) Zone 3	14.10 lb 14.40 lb 14.70 lb

### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

	Paragraph
Theoretical yaw in bore	5
5. Theoretical yaw in bore.	
Minimum	5.4 min
Maximum	10.2 min

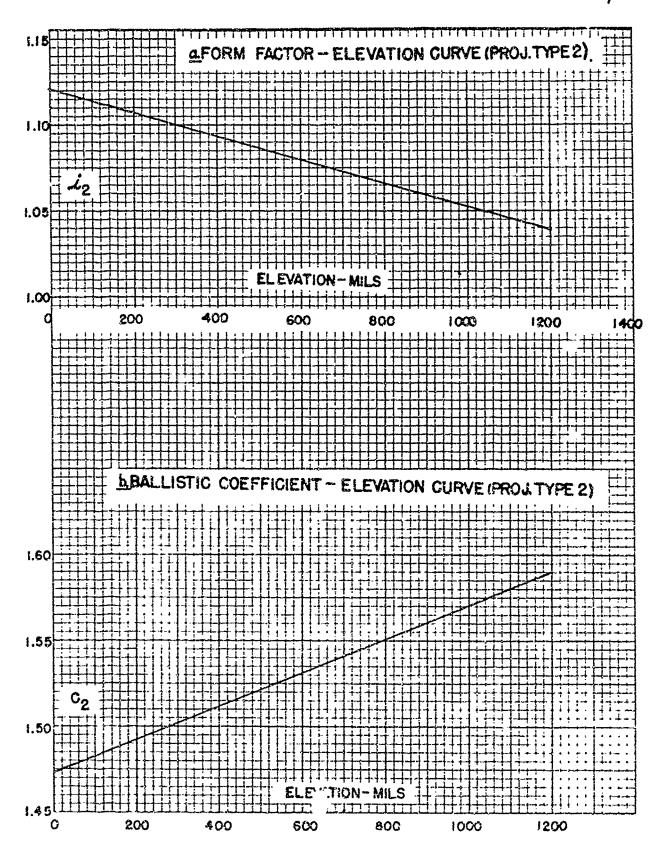
### SECTION IV

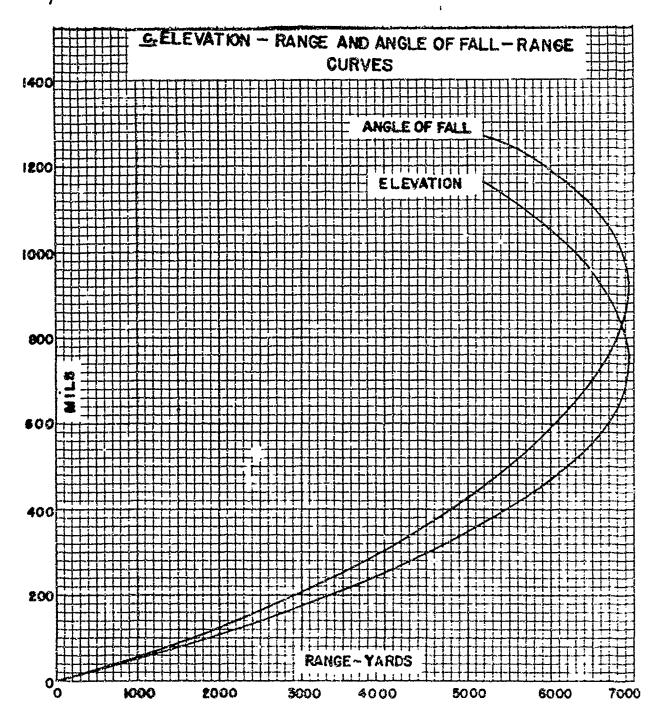
### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

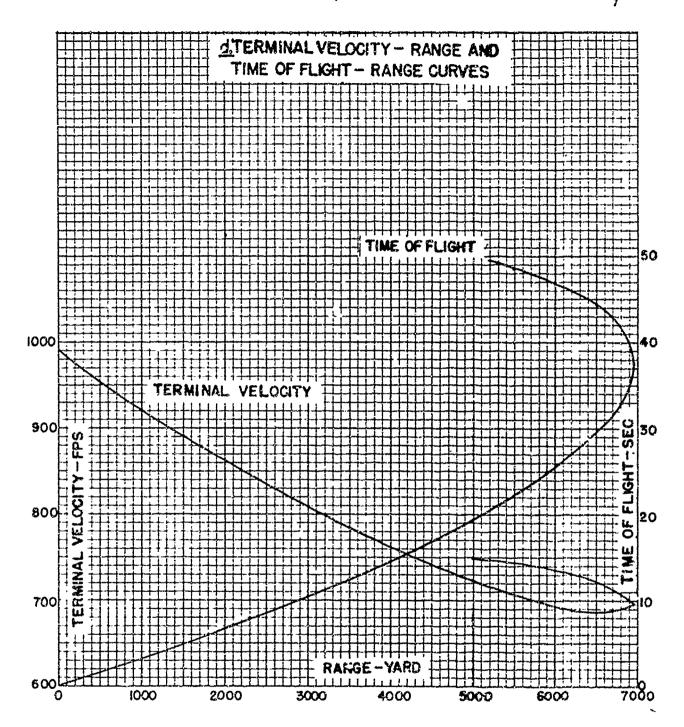
	Paragraph
Aerodynamic vata	
Firing table data	7
6. Ascodynamic data.	
Drag function	$G_2$
Form factor (from time of flight)	1.08
Ballistic coefficient	1.53
Muzzle velocity	1000 fps
Drag coefficient, KD	0.077

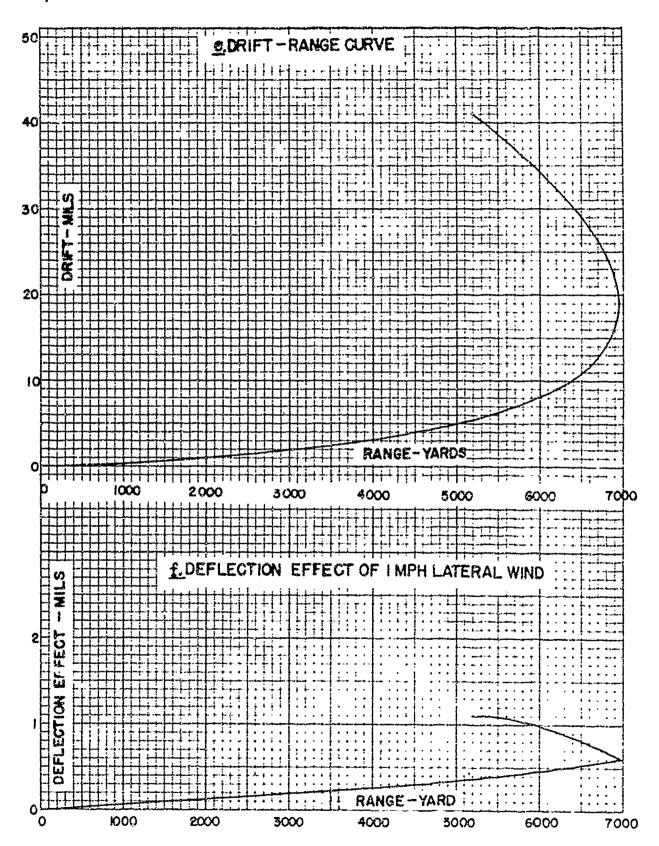
### 7. Firing table data. FT 75-BB-1.

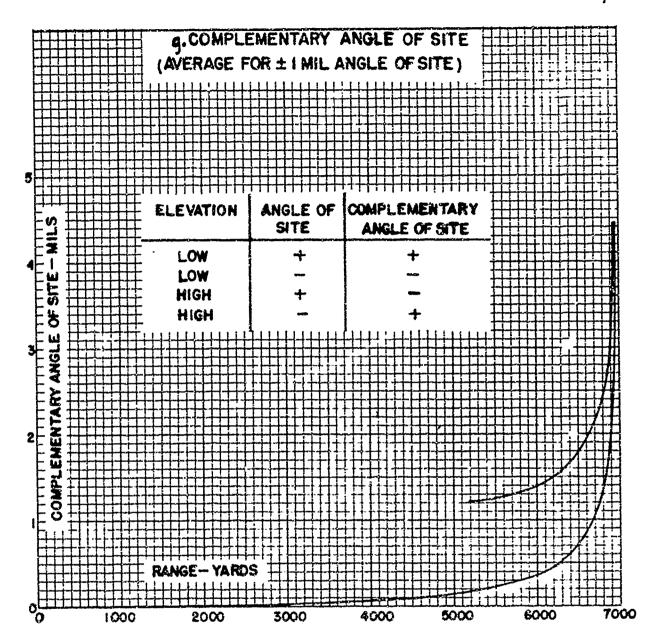
Rifle, 75-mm, M20 (Recoilless). Twist of rifling: 1/22. Projectile weight: 14.40 lb. Muxule velocity: 990 fps. OCM items 27907 and 28547 recommended and approved standardization of the 75-mm Rifle M20 and the HE Shell M209 with the PD Fuze M51A4. The firing tables are also applicable to the HE Shell M309 with the PD Fuze M48 and modifications of it.

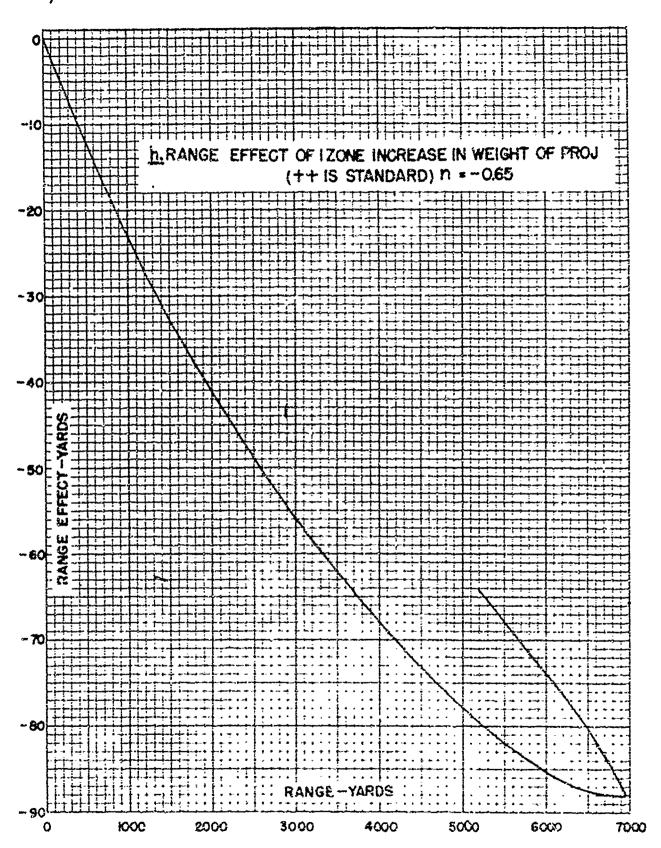


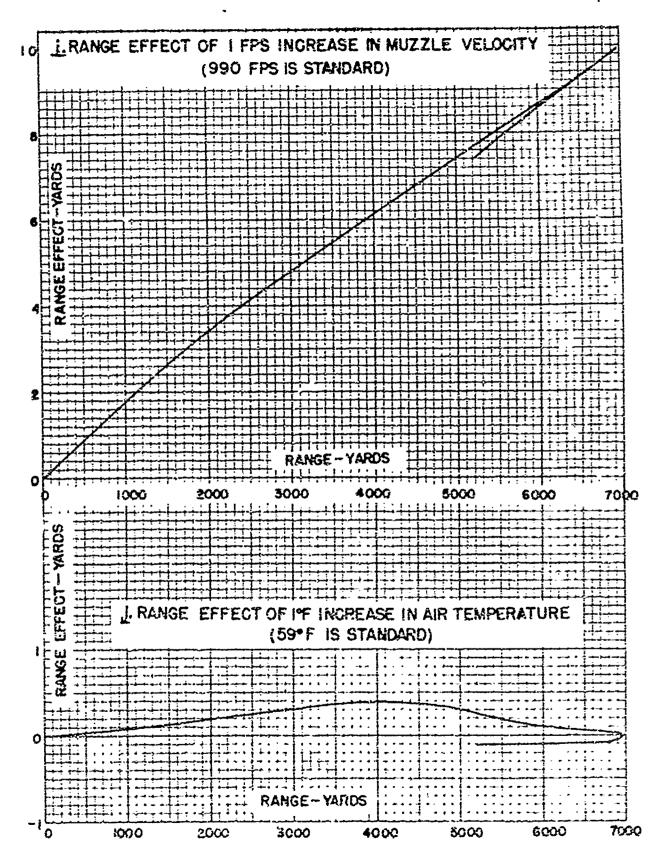


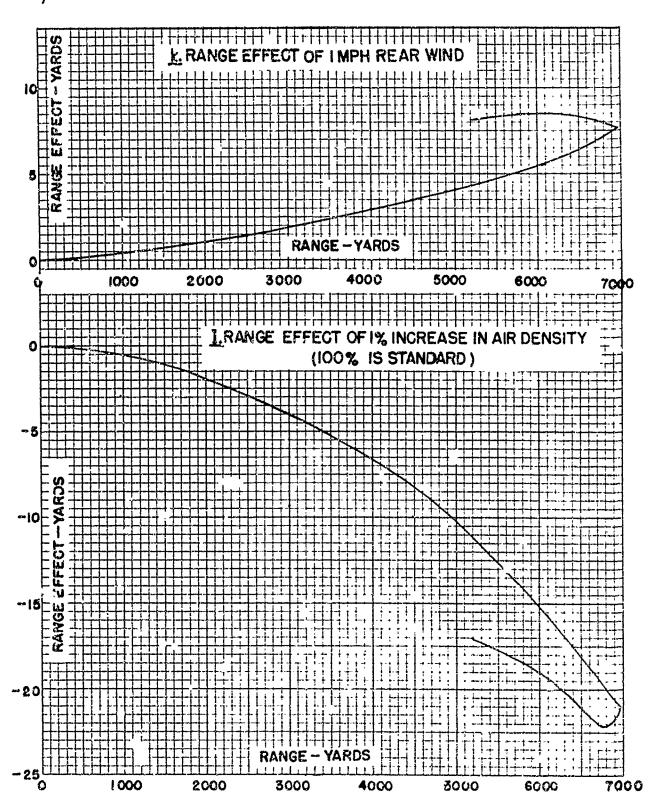












FOR SHELL, HE, 75-MM, M309

BRLE 75-1-48.

BRLH 75-1-309 8

Paragraph

# SECTION V

# EFFECT DATA

Fragmen	itation				8
8.	. Fragmentation,	The fragmentation of the P	Shell M309	should be approx	imately the same as
that of th	ne HE Shell M48, of	which it is a modification.	For data on	fragmentation of	the M48 Shell, see

Ballistic Research Laboratories Handbook of Ballistic and Engineering Data for Ammunition, No. 75-1-310 Ballistic Research Lab. Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. 8 March 1949

### BALLISTIC AND ENGINEERING DATA

for

Shell, HEAT, 75-mm, M310

with

Fuze, BD, M62A1 or M91

Section		Paragraph
τ	General	1
n	Description	2 - 4
m	Interior ballistic data	5
īV	Exterior ballistic data	6 - 7
v	Effect data	8

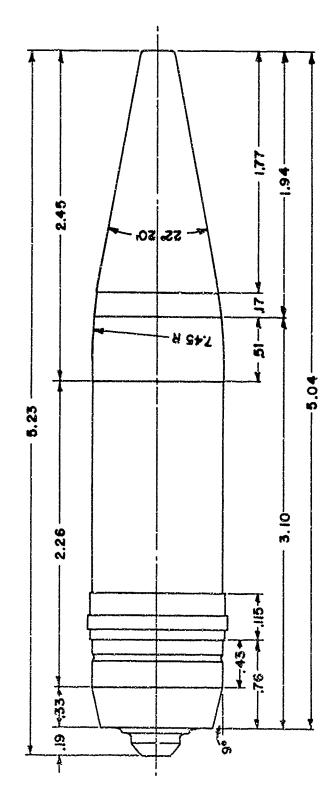
### SECTION I

### GENERAL

																																Paragraph
Purpose -	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	~	-	1

1. Purpose. The purpose of this number of the handbook is to furnish a concise collection of information regarding the shape, dynamics, ballistics and effects of the 75-mm High Explosive Antitank Shell M310 with the Base Detonating Fuze M62A1 or M91. This information is collected from the drawings, reports, and firing tables pertaining to this ammunition.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN CALIBERS I CAL = 2.953"



SHELL, HEAT, 75-MM, M 310 FUZE, BD, M91

# DESCRIPTION

		Paragraph
Drawings		2
Dimensions		3
Physical characteristics		4
2. Drawings.		
Shell: Metal parts assembly and details	75-2-366	
Ogive assembly, cone and details	75-2-315	
Fuze, BD, M82A1: Assembly	73-2-168	
Details	73-2-169 170 and 171	
Fuze, BD, M91: Assembly	73-2-239	
Details	73-2-169, 170 and 240	
3. Dimensions.		
Fuze, BD, M91: Length (outside)	.19 cal	
Boattail: Angle	9°00	
Length	0.33 cal	
Band: Distance from boattail	0.43 cal	
Distance from base	0.7% cal	
Width	0.115 cal	
Body: Length of cylindrical part	2.26 cal	
Length of ogival part	0.51 cal	
Radius of arc	7.45 cal	
***************************************		
Union: Length	0.17 cal	
Ogive: Length	1,77 cal	
Angle	22°20'	
Length: Body	3.10 cal	
Ogive and union	1.94 cal	
Shell	5.04 cal	
Ogive, union, and ogival part of b	-	
Shell and Fuze M91	5.23 cal	

Note: Fuze, BD, M62A1 is entirely inside of shell body.

Paragraph

4. Physical characteristics. The HEAT Shell M310 is a modification of the HEAT Shell M66. Its standard weight is 13.08 lb.

#### SECTION III

### INTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

		Paragraph									
Theoretical yaw in bore											
5. Theoretical yaw in b	ore.										
Minimum	5.4 min										
Maximum	10.3 min										

### SECTION IV

### EXTERIOR BALLISTIC DATA

Firing table data									
6. Aerodynamic data.									
Drag function	$G_{2}$								
Form factor (from time of flight)	1.23								
Ballistic coefficient	1.22								
Muzzle velocity	1000 fps								
Drag coefficient, K	0.087								

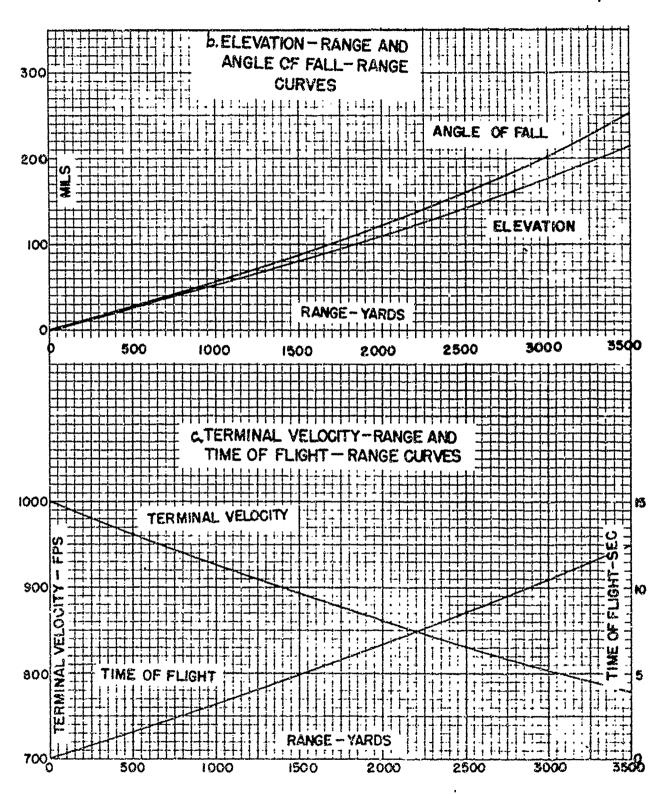
### 7. Firing table data. FT 75-BB-1.

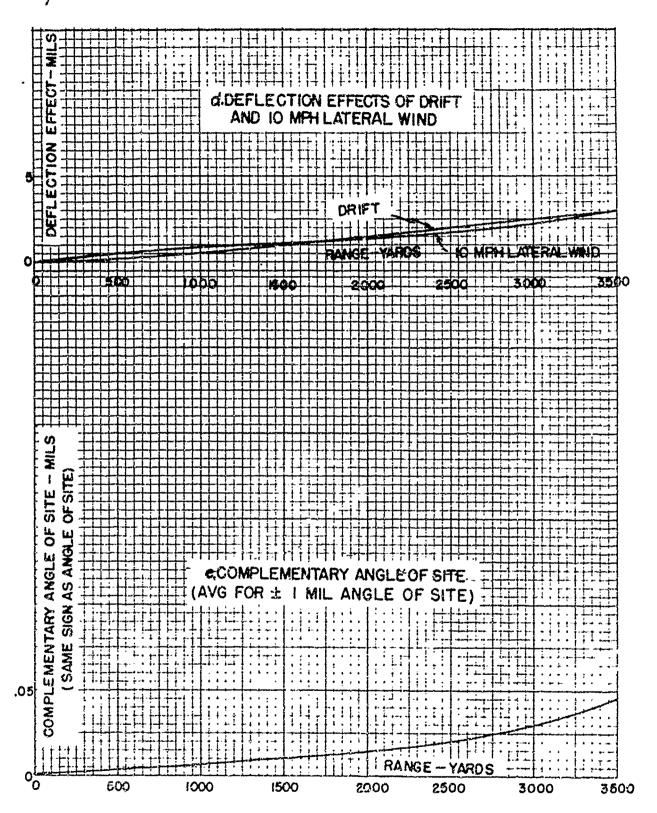
Rifle, 75-mm, M20 (Recoilless). Twist of rifling: 1/22. Projectile weight: 13.1 lb. Muzzle velocity: 1000 fps. OCM items 27907 and 28547 recommended and approved standardization of the 75-mm Rifle M20 and the HEAT Shell M310.

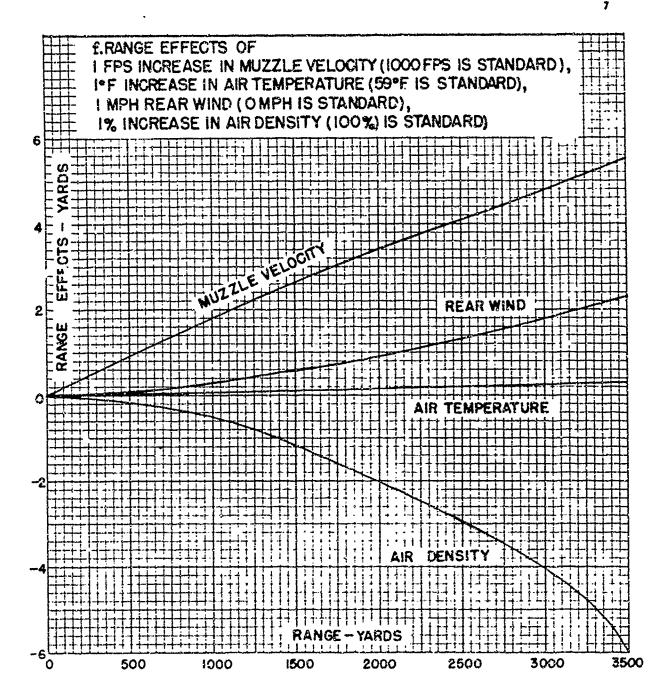
a. Form factor and ballistic coefficient (Proj Type 6). The following values apply at all elevations:

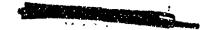
i<sub>6</sub> = 0.84

 $C_6 = 1.781$ 









BRLH 75-1-310 5

is 3 inches.

BALLISTIC AND ENCINEERING DATA

# SECTION V EFFECT DATA

						Paragraph	
Penetration				~ ~ ~ ~ ~	· · · · ·	8	
8. I	Penetration.	The average	penetration	of homogeneous	armor plate	by 75-mm HEAT	Shell M310